

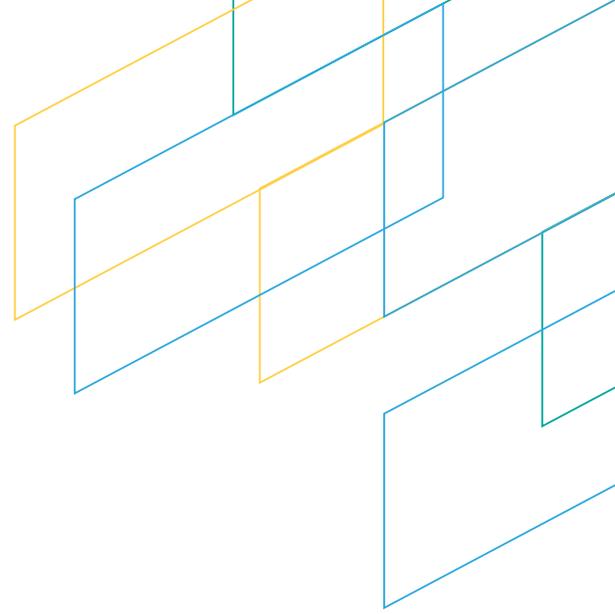


# ENABLING HEALTHIER LIVES

ANNUAL REPORT 2019-20

# Index

• <b>FACTS ABOUT US</b> .....	<b>1</b>
• <b>LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS</b>	
From the Chairman .....	2
From the Managing Director .....	3
• <b>BOARD OF DIRECTORS</b> .....	<b>4</b>
• <b>CORPORATE INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>5</b>
• <b>STATUTORY REPORTS</b>	
Director's Report.....	6
Management Discussion and Analysis .....	35
Business Responsibility Report.....	39
Report on Corporate Governance.....	47
• <b>FINANCIALS</b>	
Standalone Financial Statements.....	63
Independent Auditor's Report.....	64
Balance Sheet.....	70
Profit & Loss Statement.....	71
Cash Flow Statement .....	72
Statement of Changes in Equity .....	74
Notes to Financial Statements .....	75
Consolidated Financial Statements .....	121
Independent Auditor's Report .....	122
Consolidated Balance Sheet .....	126
Consolidated Profit & Loss Statement.....	127
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement .....	128
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.....	130
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements .....	131
• <b>NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING</b> .....	<b>185</b>
• <b>SHAREHOLDER SATISFACTION SURVEY</b> .....	<b>197</b>



## Facts About Us

Dr. Lal PathLabs continues to build upon its robust infrastructure, which spans across India. We have a vast network that comprises of a National Reference Laboratory in New Delhi, a Reference Laboratory in Kolkata and 214 other clinical laboratories.

Further, we continue to build our Patient Service Network with 3095 Patient Service Centers and 6995 Pick-up Points, which are backed by a 3923 strong manpower, that enables greater efficiency as well as prompt service & reach to our customers.

### We possess:

- An exhaustive range of Pathology, Radiology and Cardiology tests
- Over 7 decades of experience in the world of diagnostics
- A strong, well-respected brand, trusted by over 19.4 million customers
- A specialized and super specialized menu of tests, which are mainly from high-end Molecular Diagnostics, Cytogenomics, Transplant Immunology, Transmission Electron Microscopy & more .

Another initiative has been the launch of GENEVOLVE the new Genomics division of Dr. Lal PathLabs with a focused foray into Genetic testing. With the advent of this division, Dr. Lal PathLabs customers can now expect many revolutionary and path-breaking novel tests leveraging the latest technologies resulting in faster TAT & quality reports at the most affordable prices.

GENEVOLVE offers a wide range of key tests related to Oncogenomics, Neurogenomics, Rare disease & Pre-natal/ Post-natal genetic testing using cutting edge technologies such as Next Generation Sequencing (NGS), MLPA, ddPCR, FISH & Sanger Sequencing, etc. All these tests are performed at our National Reference Laboratory located at Rohini, New Delhi.

GENEVOLVE brings the dawn of a new era of Genomic testing!

We are constantly looking to bringing new tests to the market especially in varied fields like Neurology, Oncology post organ transplant monitoring to help clinicians provide an accurate diagnosis to their patients. In the past year, notable initiatives have been taken as follows.

- In Oncology segment we have launched 2nd opinion panel and organ specific expert opinion panel for diagnosis of both solid tumors and hematological malignancies
- Digital Pathology along with Artificial intelligence panels for Breast Cancer were the major launches in Histopathology department
- In Neurogenetics segment, with our collaboration with IGIB we executed Rare needs care campaign for spreading awareness for rare genetic disorders like myotonic dystrophy, cerebral ataxia, mitochondrion disorders and many more
- For the Physicians & Gastroenterologists, TB Gold plus, Pneumoslid IgM, PIVKA-II and Biofire respiratory panels were launched to bring better & clinically relevant tests to doorsteps of doctors & patients
- Last FY also saw a highly successful & well organized International update on Renal & transplant Immunology Conference in New Delhi which was attended by close to 500 delegates & faculty across the world in the month of February
- Overall, we have successfully launched over 100 new tests & panels in the high-end segment during the Financial Year 2019-20



## From the Chairman's Desk

Dear Shareholders,

We have concluded another year with consistent focus on delivering quality diagnostics with the help of our highly trained staff that delivers the best quality in diagnostics in India. India largely remains underserved in terms of reliable testing despite there being an abundance of laboratories all over. During the past year our brand has continued to provide benchmarked services affordably, while also adding to the test menu and network reach.

Financial year 2020 will however get remembered for the impact that the CoVID-19 pandemic delivered to our industry. As a well-established national brand Dr. Lal PathLabs was able to swiftly respond to this situation. At the outset we formed a dedicated task force to address all CoVID-19 related issues operationally and strategically. Steps were taken to ensure availability of reagents and other important supplies so as to maintain uninterrupted service. We also leveraged our digital infrastructure to convey to all patients about zero disruption at our laboratories and collection centres, and further increased our home collection in key cities as well as promoted online booking of tests. While doing this, we made sure that all our costs were kept in check during these difficult times.

We take pride in sharing that we were one of the first private laboratories in India to have got approval to begin testing for CoVID-19. Thus three laboratories in our network including the National Reference Lab at Delhi, the Regional Reference Lab at Kolkata and Central Lab at Indore are rendering this service. We continue to liaise with the concerned State Governments to meet their testing requirements efficiently and as per prescribed norms.

The unorganized sector has struggled in the last few years to keep up pace with organized industry. This has been accentuated by macro developments like GST implementation previously and the pan-India lockdown this year. Given the organised players' ability to build scale, the shift in the sector continues to gain momentum. Patients trust a branded player to provide them with the best quality services, and the loyalty of our patients to the brand drives us to constantly improve our services.

Public healthcare spending in India remains significantly lower than in many other countries. The Government of India has taken several initiatives to address this. They have allocated ₹ 69,000 crore to healthcare in the Union Budget FY2020-21, of which, ₹ 6,400 crore were for the Government's flagship the Ayushman Bharat - Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB - PMJAY). In addition to that, the Finance Minister also announced that the AB-PMJAY scheme would be expanded in the tier-II and III cities by setting up more hospitals under the public-private-partnership (PPP) route. The proceeds from taxes on medical devices would be used for development of hospitals, for which, the Government would provide viability gap funding. All these initiatives will reduce the overall healthcare costs for the people as well as improve the accessibility of healthcare services. Additional access to medical services will ultimately translate into higher sampling in the longer run as physicians increasingly support evidence based treatments.

We continue to emphasise patient volumes over test prices. We have built strong economies of scale which have further helped us expand our offerings and network. Our Kolkata Reference lab is scaling up well with the East, North East and Central zones in focus. While our primary focus currently remains on penetrating deeper into the markets that we already exist in, we continually selectively explore inorganic opportunities in the Western and Southern geographies. Overall, we believe that long-term opportunities exist in the diagnostics space.

I would like to take a moment to express my heartfelt gratitude to all our well-wishers, associates, vendors, customers and employees who have been with us for many years and who have contributed to the success of the Company. Finally, I would also like to thank all stakeholders for their commitment and continued support in helping us achieve our aim of bringing quality healthcare to the underserved masses of India.

Warm Regards

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
Executive Chairman



## A word from Managing Director

Dear Shareholders,

Our performance during fiscal year 2020 was buoyant up till the tail-end when we saw a decline in momentum due to the outbreak of CoVID-19 pandemic. Quarter 4 was marked by substantially lower volumes in our non-CoVID-19 tests. In response to the emergent situation, we implemented a multi-pronged strategy to combat the pandemic and limit the overall impact on our operations.

In Q4 of FY20, after receiving relevant approvals, we started testing for CoVID-19 and were in fact one of the first companies to do so. The tests are being done as per the guidelines laid down by ICMR and the Government, and the data is being shared on an almost real-time basis with the Government authorities.

We have been judiciously working on enhancing our product mix, geographic mix and channel mix which has resulted in reduced dependence from our dominant Delhi-NCR market. Just to share some statistics, revenue contribution from rest of India market increased to 60% with double-digit growth of 15% in FY20. This complements our cluster city approach where we develop important pockets outside our core markets to drive volumes. We have concurrently undertaken small-sized acquisitions in order to extend our offerings in high potential territories and as a strategy this approach will continue.

For FY2019-20, we witnessed positive growth of 11% in revenues and 14% in profit after tax. The performance could have been much better, but for the CoVID-19 disruption towards the end of the year. During the year under review, we served 19.4 million patients and processed 47.7 million samples. Volumes have been enhanced by our bundled test packages under 'SwasthFit' and targeted offerings like 'Sugar and Me'. Such offerings are witnessing growing popularity because they provide greater value for our patients, thereby contributing to higher sampling.

We have a robust hub and spoke model network with pan-India presence. Overall, we have 216 clinical laboratories (including National Reference Lab, Delhi and Regional Reference Lab, Kolkata), 3,095 patient service centres (PSCs) and 6,995 pickup points (PUPs), as on March 31, 2020. Further our test menu comprises of 455 test panels, 2,537 pathology tests and 1,961 tests related to radiology and cardiology among others during the period. By leveraging our strength and brand equity in existing markets and expanding judiciously into newer ones, we have been able to sustain our growth momentum. We expect this momentum to persist, helping us cater to more patients across country.

The CoVID-19 pandemic notwithstanding we are very prudent with costs management and have been spearheading productivity enhancing initiatives during the year. The pandemic has strengthened our resolve as we reassess strategies and optimise our spends. With a clear belief in the potential of the industry we maintain our the long-term vision for growth and will resume multiple initiatives actively towards further expanding operations as the situation allows.

I would like to conclude by thanking all of our stakeholders for being a vital part of our journey. I would also like to thank our Board of Directors for their constant guidance. I also express my deep appreciation to the countless investors, employees, vendors and patients for their continued support and trust in the company.

Warm Regards

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
Managing Director

# Board of Directors



**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
Executive Chairman



**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
Managing Director



**Dr. Vandana Lal**  
Executive Director



**Mr. Sunil Varma**  
Lead Independent Director



**Dr. Saurabh Srivastava**  
Independent Director



**Mrs. Somya Satsangi**  
Independent Director



**Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke**  
Independent Director



**Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh**  
Independent Director



**Mr. Rahul Sharma**  
Non-Executive Director



**Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann**  
Non-Executive Director

# Corporate Information

---

## Company Secretary

---

Mr. Rajat Kalra

## Auditors

---

Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP ,  
Chartered Accountants, 7th Floor,  
Building 10, Tower B. DLF Cyber City  
Complex , DLF City Phase-II,  
Gurugram -122002, Haryana, India

## Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

---

Link Intime India Private Limited  
Noble Heights, 1st Floor  
Plot NH2, C-1 Block LSC,  
Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri,  
New Delhi-110058  
Ph: +91 – 11 – 4941 – 1000  
Fax: +91 – 11 – 4141 – 0591

## Corporate Office

---

12th Floor, Tower B, SAS Tower,  
Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram -122 001  
Ph: + 91 – 124 – 3016 – 500  
Fax: +91 – 124 – 4234 – 468  
[www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com)

## Registered Office

---

Block E, Sector - 18, Rohini,  
New Delhi – 110 085  
Ph: + 91 – 11 – 3024 – 4149  
Fax: +91 – 11 – 2788 – 2134

# Director's Report

Dear Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 26<sup>th</sup> Annual Report on the business and operations of your Company along with the audited statement of accounts for the year ended March 31, 2020.

## FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Financial performance of your Company for the year ended March 31, 2020 is summarized below:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020 (in ₹ million)	Year ended March 31, 2019 (in ₹ million)	Year ended March 31, 2020 (in ₹ million)	Year ended March 31, 2019 (in ₹ million)
	Consolidated	Consolidated	Standalone	Standalone
Total Income	13,854.02	12,493.67	13,312.07	12,113.93
Total Expenses	10,748.99	9,488.19	10,284.56	9,190.26
Profit/(Loss) before Tax (PBT)	3,105.03	3,005.48	3,027.51	2,923.67
Profit/(Loss) after Tax (PAT)	2,275.87	2,004.67	2,231.80	1,954.38

## FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the year under review, the consolidated income of the Company increased to ₹ 13,854.02 million compared to ₹ 12,493.67 million in the previous year, registering growth of 10.9%. Net profit after tax for the group increased to ₹ 2,275.87 million from ₹ 2,004.67 Million representing a growth of 13.5%.

During the year under review, the standalone income of the Company increased to ₹ 13,312.07 million compared to ₹ 12,113.93 million in the previous year, registering growth of 9.9%. The standalone profit after tax for the year increased by 14.2% to ₹ 2,231.80 million compared to ₹ 1,954.38 million in the previous year.

## CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

The consolidated financial statements of your Company for the Financial Year 2019-20, are prepared in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), Indian Accounting Standards and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of audited financial statements of the Company and its Subsidiaries, as approved by their respective Board of Directors.

## DIVIDEND

During the Financial Year, your Company declared and paid dividends as under:

Date of Declaration	Dividend Type	Dividend Per Share of face value of ₹ 10/- each
November 8, 2019	1 <sup>st</sup> Interim Dividend	₹ 6
February 25, 2020	2 <sup>nd</sup> Interim Dividend	₹ 6

During the year, the Dividend Distribution Policy of the Company was amended and the same is attached herewith as Annexure 1 and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

The said policy is also available at the website of the Company at:

<https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf>

## TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the year under review, no amount has been transferred to the General Reserve of the Company.

## AMALGAMATION

The Board of Directors of your Company in their meeting held on February 3, 2020, approved a Scheme of Amalgamation ("the Scheme") between the Company and APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, having its Registered Office in Ahmedabad, subject to requisite approvals under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company is in the process of filing a petition Application before the National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi for approval of the Scheme of Amalgamation.

The appointed date for the Scheme, if approved, shall be April 01, 2020 and the Scheme shall be effective from the date on which certified copies of the order of National Company Law Tribunal, Principal bench, New Delhi and National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad, sanctioning the Scheme, is filed with the respective Registrar of Companies.

## CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL

During the Financial Year 2019-20, the paid-up equity share capital of the Company has been increased from ₹ 83,34,16,100/- to ₹ 83,34,48,770/- pursuant to allotment of 3,267 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each under the Employee Stock Option Plan 2010 of the Company.

## EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN / SCHEME

During the year under review, there has been no material change in the ESOP-2010/ RSU-2016 Scheme(s) of the Company and these Schemes continue to be in compliance with relevant/applicable ESOP Regulations/clauses.

Further the details required to be provided under the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 are disclosed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at [https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Information-as-per-SEBI\(SBEB\)-Regulations-FY-20.pdf](https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Information-as-per-SEBI(SBEB)-Regulations-FY-20.pdf)

## SUBSIDIARIES

A report on the performance and financial position of each of the subsidiaries for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 in prescribed form AOC -1 as per the Companies Act, 2013 is set out in Annexure 2 and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

The annual accounts of the subsidiaries shall also be made available to the Members of the Company/Subsidiary Companies seeking such information at any point of time. The annual accounts of the subsidiaries are available on the website of the Company at [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com).

The Company has formulated a policy for determining material subsidiaries. The said policy is also available on the website of the Company at:

<https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Policy-for-determining-Material-Subsidiaries.pdf>

During the year under review, Company's Wholly Owned Subsidiary viz M/s PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited acquired 70% equity stake in M/s Centrapath Labs Private Limited and M/s APRL PathLabs Private Limited consequent upon which both these Companies became subsidiaries of the Company.

Dr. Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited was incorporated on August 6, 2019, as a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company in Kenya.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms an integral part of this Annual Report and gives details of the overall industry structure, developments, performance and state of affairs of the Company's business and other material developments during the Financial Year.

## BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

The Business Responsibility Report ('BRR') forms an integral part of this Annual Report. The BRR provides a detailed overview of initiatives taken by your Company from environmental, social and governance perspectives.

## MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION

No material changes and commitments, other than disclosed as part of this report, affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between March 31, 2020 and the date of the report.

## PUBLIC DEPOSITS

During the Financial Year 2019-20, your Company has not accepted any deposit within the meaning of Sections 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In compliance with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a separate report on Corporate Governance along with a certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary on its compliance, forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

## PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided in the prescribed format and annexed herewith as Annexure 3 to this Report.

The statement containing particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is provided in a separate annexure forming part of this report. Further, the Annual Report and the accounts are being sent to the members excluding the aforesaid annexure. In terms of Section 136 of the Act, any shareholder interested in obtaining a copy thereof may write to the Company Secretary of the Company at [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com).

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

The composition of Audit Committee has been detailed in the Corporate Governance Report, forming part of this Annual Report.

All recommendations made by the Audit Committee have been accepted by the Board of Directors.

## DIRECTORS

### I. Retirement by rotation and subsequent re-appointment:

Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda (DIN: 02099404), Managing Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting ("AGM") pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and being eligible offers himself for reappointment. Appropriate resolution for his re-appointment is being placed for the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the ensuing AGM.

A brief profile of Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda and other related information has been detailed in the Notice convening the 26<sup>th</sup> AGM of your Company.

### II. Appointment/Re-designation(s)/Re-appointment

1. As a first step in compliance with the SEBI Directive of splitting the positions of Managing Director and Chairman of a Company, the Board of Directors:
  - i. Re-designated (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal (DIN: 00576638), Chairman and Managing Director as Executive Chairman of the Company for a period of 2 Years commencing from April 1, 2020.
  - ii. Re-designated and appointed Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda (DIN: 02099404), CEO and Whole Time Director as Managing Director for a period of 5 Years commencing from April 1, 2020.
2. Dr. Vandana Lal (DIN: 00472955) was re-appointed as Whole Time Director for a period of 5 Years commencing from April 1, 2020.

The Board considers their re-designation(s)/re-appointment in the interest of the Company and hence recommends the same to the shareholders for approval.

Brief resume/details of Directors proposed to be re-designated/re-appointed are furnished in the Notice of the AGM.

### III. Declaration of Independence from Independent Directors

Your Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Schedules and Rules issued thereunder as well as SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In the opinion of the Board, Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in Companies Act, 2013 read with the Schedules and Rules issued thereunder as well as SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and are independent from Management.

#### KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 2(51), 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the following were the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company as on March 31, 2020

1. (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal - Chairman and Managing Director\*
2. Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda - CEO and Whole Time Director\*\*
3. Dr. Vandana Lal - Whole Time Director
4. Mr. Ved Prakash Goel - Chief Financial Officer; and
5. Mr. Rajat Kalra - Company Secretary and Legal Head

The Board of Directors in their meeting on February 3, 2020 re-designated Mr. Bharath U as the Chief Executive Officer (KMP) in place of Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda with effect from April 1, 2020.

*\*(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal was re-designated as Executive Chairman w.e.f. April 1, 2020.*

*\*\*Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated and appointed as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.*

#### ANNUAL EVALUATION OF BOARD'S PERFORMANCE

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out annual evaluation of (i) its own performance; (ii) Individual Directors Performance; (iii) Chairman of the Board; and (iv) Performance of all Committees of Board for the Financial Year 2019-20.

A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration the inputs received from Nomination and Remuneration Committee, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance. A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance

of individual Directors, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgment, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Non - Independent Directors and Chairman of the Board was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

Further, the evaluation process confirms that the Board and its Committees continue to operate effectively and the performance of the Directors is satisfactory.

#### REMUNERATION POLICY

In compliance with the provision of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Company, framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and their remuneration.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is set out as Annexure 4 and forms an integral part of this Annual Report and can also be accessed at the website of the Company at the following web link:

[https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/Nomination\\_and\\_Remuneration\\_Policy\\_may.pdf](https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/Nomination_and_Remuneration_Policy_may.pdf)

#### NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES

The Board met 5 (Five) times during the Financial Year 2019-20. The details of the meetings of the Board are given in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable accounting standards and Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as at March 31, 2020 and of the profit and loss of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020;
- c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis;

- e) proper internal financial controls laid down by the Directors were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

## AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

### I. Statutory Auditors

The shareholders in the 23<sup>rd</sup> AGM, approved the appointment of M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W - 100018), as the Statutory Auditors, for a period of five (5) years i.e. from the conclusion of the 23<sup>rd</sup> AGM till the conclusion of 28<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company subject to ratification of appointment by the shareholders at every Annual General Meeting.

However, pursuant to the notification dated May 07, 2018, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the requirement for ratification of Statutory Auditors at every Annual General Meeting has been done away with.

Accordingly, M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants shall continue as the Statutory Auditors of the Company till the conclusion of 28<sup>th</sup> AGM in terms of the shareholders resolution dated July 20, 2017 passed at the 23<sup>rd</sup> AGM.

The Statutory Auditors M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants, have confirmed that they have not been disqualified to act as Statutory Auditors of the Company and that their continuation is within the maximum Company ceiling limit as prescribed under Section 141 of Companies Act, 2013 / relevant statute.

The Statutory Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud as specified under the second proviso of Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force).

The Auditors' Report for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020, does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

Further the Auditors' Report being self-explanatory does not call for any further comments from the Board of Directors.

### II. Maintenance of Cost Records and Cost Auditors

In terms of the Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company is required to maintain cost accounting records and get them audited every year. Accordingly such accounts and records were made and maintained.

The Board of Directors on the basis of recommendations from Audit Committee has appointed M/s A.G. Agarwal & Associates, Cost Accountants, as Cost Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21 at a fee of ₹ 60,000/- (Rupees Sixty Thousand only) plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses subject to the ratification of the said fees by the shareholders at the ensuing AGM.

### III. Secretarial Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your Company had appointed M/s PDS & Co., Company Secretaries ("Secretarial Auditors") to conduct the Secretarial Audit of your Company for the Financial Year 2019-20.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 is annexed herewith as Annexure 5 and forms an integral part of this Annual Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

### EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The extract of the Annual Return of the Company as on March 31, 2020 in Form MGT- 9 in accordance with Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is available on the website of the Company at <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Extract-of-Annual-Return-MGT-9-FY-2019-20.pdf> and is set out herewith as Annexure 6 and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is also available on Company's website at <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Policy-on-Related-Party-Transactions.pdf>

The Policy intends to ensure that proper reporting, approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and Related Parties. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. Prior omnibus approval is obtained for Related Party Transactions for transactions which are of repetitive nature and / or entered in the Ordinary Course of Business and are at Arm's Length.

All related party transaction entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of the Business and on Arm's Length basis. No Material Related Party Transactions, i.e. transactions exceeding ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements, were entered during the year by your Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

### LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Details of Loans, Guarantees given and Investments made by the Company during Financial Year 2019-20 within the meaning of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulation, are set out in Note 49 to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company.

### RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Company recognizes that risk is an integral part of business and is committed to managing the risks in a proactive and efficient manner. Your Company periodically assesses risk elements in the internal and external environment, along with the cost of treating

such risk elements and incorporates risk treatment plans in its strategy, business and operational plans. As on the date of this report, the Company does not foresee any critical risk, which threatens its existence.

Your Company, through its risk management policy, strives to contain impact and likelihood of the risks within the risk appetite as agreed from time to time with the Board of Directors. The Company has a Risk Management Committee to identify elements of risk in different areas of operations; the details of the Risk Management Committee are included in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### VIGIL MECHANISM

Your Company has a Vigil Mechanism in place as required under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. More details in this regard have been outlined in the Corporate Governance Report annexed to this report and are also available under Investor Section on the Company's website [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com).

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

For your Company, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) means the integration of social, environmental and economic concerns in its business operations. CSR involves operating Company's business in a manner that meets or exceeds the ethical, legal, commercial and public expectations that society has of businesses. In alignment with vision of the Company, through its CSR initiative, your Company will enhance value creation in the society through its services, conduct and initiatives, so as to promote sustained growth for the society.

The Board of Directors of your Company has further formulated and adopted a policy on Corporate Social Responsibility which can be accessed at: <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/CSR-Policy.pdf>

The CSR Policy of your Company outlines the Company's philosophy for undertaking socially useful programs through the creation of a CSR Trust for welfare and sustainable development of the community at large as part of its duties as a responsible corporate citizen. During the year under review, there has been no change in the policy.

The composition of CSR committee and disclosure as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is annexed as Annexure 7 and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

#### DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in compliance with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) as specified under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company conducts sessions for employees to build awareness amongst employees about the Policy and the provisions of Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace Act.

During the period under review, 14 (Fourteen) complaints were received by the ICC, 13 (Thirteen) were disposed off and investigation was underway for remaining 1 (One) complaint as on March 31, 2020.

#### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo as stipulated under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is set out hereunder:

##### I. Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption

- i. Maintaining power factor (PF) up to .99 (unity). Maintaining up to- 0.9994 at majority of the locations
- ii. Descaling done of DG Sets radiator to improve the smoke quality so that it doesn't deplete the ozone layer. It increases the efficiency of DG set & help in saving fuel
- iii. LED lights installed for energy saving at 35 locations throughout the year
- iv. 868 Water saving reducer installed at 194 locations across the country in our lab and office locations
- v. ETP – Effluent Treatment Plant installed at 60 labs across the Nation to treat the liquid waste of labs, to keep environment clean
- vi. Load reduction done for 5 locations to save the energy
- vii. Installed R32 refrigerant operated air conditioning systems which helps in conserving Ozone layer
- viii. 100% IT data centre virtualization to reduce cost and carbon footprint
- ix. Current installed capacity of Solar power plant is 50KW
- x. Bulk loader installed to remove duplication of effort for racking and un-racking 35000 tubes daily for sorting and movement
- xi. Total Lab Automation done for sample processing of all serum samples - Biochemistry, Immunoassays and Infectious serology. 70% of entire lab volume integrated on one floor for processing. This will lead to reduction of human errors in specimen handling, improvements in overall process control, and faster turn-around-times (TAT) from specimen collection to test result reporting. Integrated analysers on track will reduce aliquoting of samples by 50%
- xii. RO waste water recycling has helped in saving approx. 10KL of water per day

##### II. Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

S. No.	Particulars	Amount (In ₹ Million)
1	Foreign Exchange Earnings	177.25
2	Foreign Exchange Outgo	86.02

#### **INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS**

Your Company has in place an adequate internal financial control framework with reference to financial and operating controls thereby ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

During Financial Year 2019-20, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation was observed.

The Directors have in the Directors Responsibility Statement confirmed the same to this effect.

#### **SIGNIFICANT/MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS**

There are no significant/material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status of your Company and its operations in future.

#### **COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS**

The Company has duly complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and Shareholders (SS-2).

#### **APPRECIATION**

Your Directors wish to convey their gratitude and place on record their appreciation for all the employees at all levels for their hard work, solidarity, cooperation and dedication during the year. Your Directors sincerely convey their appreciation to customers, shareholders, vendors, bankers, business associates, regulatory and government authorities for their continued support.

**For and on behalf of Board of Directors**

Place: New Delhi  
Date: May 18, 2020

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
**Executive Chairman**  
**DIN: 00576638**

## Policy on Dividend Distribution

### 1. Introduction

Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Regulations") notified on July 08, 2016 provides for top five hundred listed entities based on market capitalization (calculated as on March 31 of every financial year) to formulate a dividend distribution policy.

Considering that the Company is amongst the top 500 listed entities based on Market Capitalization as on 31st March 2016, the Board of Directors of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("Company") have adopted this policy on Dividend Distribution.

### 2. Objectives & Scope

This Policy lays down the broad framework which will act as a guiding principle for the purpose of declaring or recommending dividend during or for any financial year, by the Company.

Through this policy, the Company shall endeavour to bring a transparent and consistent approach to its dividend pay-out plans.

The Policy, however, is not an alternative to the decision making process of the Board for recommending Dividend and the Board may take into consideration other factors as well in addition to the ones enumerated in this policy.

### 3. Definitions

**3.1. "Act"** shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 including the Rules made thereunder, as amended from time to time.

**3.2. "Applicable Laws"** shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; as amended from time to time and such other act, rules or regulations which provides for the distribution of dividend.

**3.3. "Company"** shall mean Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited.

**3.4. "Board" or "Board of Directors"** shall mean Board of Directors of the Company.

**3.5. "Dividend"** shall mean Dividend as defined under Companies Act, 2013.

**3.6. "Policy or this Policy"** shall mean the Policy on Dividend Distribution.

**3.7. "SEBI Regulations"** shall mean the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 together with the circulars issued thereunder, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force.

### 4. Parameters for declaration of Dividend

In line with the philosophy stated above, the Board of Directors shall consider the following parameters for declaration of dividend:

#### 4.1 Financial Parameters

- Consolidated Net operating profit after tax;
- Working Capital requirements;

- Capital expenditure requirements;
- Likelihood of crystallization of contingent liabilities, if any;
- Resources required to fund acquisition of brands/business(es);
- Cash flow required to meet contingencies;
- Outstanding borrowings;

#### 4.2 Internal Factors

- Potential opportunities available for growth/expansion
- Past Dividend Trends;
- Expectation of major shareholders;
- Prudential requirements for cash conservation

#### 4.3 External Factors

- Prevailing legal requirements, regulatory conditions or restrictions laid down under applicable laws including tax laws;
- Dividend Pay-out ratios of Companies in similar industries
- Economic Environment

Post consideration of the above factors, the Board shall take an informed decision about the dividend pay-out ratio and shall strive to maintain the same in the range of 10% - 70% of the Profit after Tax (PAT) on Standalone Financials for the concerned Financial Year.

#### 5. Circumstances under which the shareholders may or may not expect dividend:

The Shareholders of the Company may expect dividend only if the Company is having surplus funds after providing for all expenses, depreciation, other non-cash charges etc. and complying all other statutory requirements of the Applicable Law.

The Board shall consider the factors mentioned under Clause 4 above and before determination of any dividend payout, analyze the prospective opportunities and threats, viability of the option of dividend payout or retention etc. The Board shall not recommend dividend if they are of the opinion that it is financially not prudent to do so.

#### 6. Utilization of retained earnings

The Board may retain its earnings in order to make better use of the available funds and increase the value of the stakeholders in the long run. The decision of utilization of the retained earnings of the Company shall be based on the following factors:

- Market expansion plan;
- Product/Service expansion plan;
- Modernization plan;
- Diversification of business;
- Long term strategic plans;
- Replacement of capital assets;

- Where the cost of debt is expensive;
- Such other criteria as the Board may deem fit from time to time.

**7. Provision with regard to various classes of shares**

The holders of the equity shares of the Company, as on the record date, are entitled to receive dividends. Since the Company has issued only one class of equity shares with equal voting rights, all the members of the Company shall be entitled to receive the same amount of dividend per share. The policy shall be suitably revisited at the time of issuance of any new class of shares depending upon the nature and guidelines prevailing thereon.

**8. Amendment(s)**

- The Board of Directors may review or amend this policy, in whole or in part, from time to time, as it may deem fit.

- In case of any amendment(s) issued by the relevant authorities, not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this Policy, then such amendment(s) shall be treated as part of this Policy and this Policy shall stand amended accordingly from the effective date as laid down under such amendment(s).

- In case of any clarification(s), circular(s) etc. issued by the relevant authorities, not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this Policy, then this Policy shall be read along with such clarification(s), circular(s) so issued, from the effective date as laid down under such clarification(s), circular(s) etc.

**9. Disclosures**

The Company shall disclose this policy in its Annual Report & website.

## FORM AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

## Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries / associate-companies / joint-ventures

S. No.	Name of Subsidiary	Date on which subsidiary was acquired	Country of Incorporation	Reporting Currency	Closing exchange rate against Indian Rupee as on Mar 31, 2020	% of Holding	Capital	Other Equity	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments (in subsidiaries)	Turnover	(All amounts in ₹ Million)			
													Profit/(Loss) before taxation	Provision for taxation	Profit/ (loss) after taxation	Proposed dividend
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	
1	Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	14/08/2008	India	₹	1	80%	0.16	186.00	223.43	37.27	-	329.84	121.78	30.74	91.04	-
2	Paliwal Medicare Private Limited	14/08/2008	India	₹	1	80%	0.10	60.68	64.30	3.52	-	47.18	9.76	2.56	7.20	-
3	APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	27/02/2014	India	₹	1	100%	0.10	13.73	36.91	16.15	-	39.82	2.20	0.18	2.02	-
4	Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited	10/12/2018	India	₹	1	100%	10.00	(1.78)	14.57	6.55	-	5.39	(2.01)	(0.51)	(1.50)	-
5	PathLabs Unifiners Private Limited	12/12/2018	India	₹	1	100%	600.00	(9.38)	679.76	89.14	521.51	15.47	(9.78)	(1.15)	(8.63)	-
6	Centrapath Labs Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	07/08/2019	India	₹	1	70%	6.27	456.72	475.56	12.57	-	80.87	6.18	1.60	4.58	-
7	APRL PathLabs Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	13/11/2019	India	₹	1	70%	0.63	48.72	56.78	7.43	-	19.79	(2.90)	(0.73)	(2.17)	-
8	Dr. Lal PathLabs International B. V.	20/03/2014	Netherlands	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Dr. Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited	23/08/2016	Nepal	**	0.60970	100%	25.05	(2.16)	35.43	12.54	-	55.90	6.25	(0.25)	6.50	-
10	Dr. Lal Path Labs Bangladesh Pvt Ltd.	16/10/2017	Bangladesh	***	0.83859	71.83%	31.90	0.38	59.37	27.09	-	44.81	(12.86)	1.01	(13.87)	-
11	Dr. Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited	06/08/2019	Kenya	****	0.70535	100%	6.93	(0.47)	6.73	0.27	-	-	(0.50)	-	(0.50)	-

\* Functional Currency is EUR

\*\* Functional Currency is NPR

\*\*\* Functional Currency is BDT

\*\*\*\* Functional Currency is KSH

<sup>1</sup> Step - Down Subsidiary (Subsidiary of PathLabs Unifiners Limited, Company's Wholly Owned Subsidiary)

## Notes:

- Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V., incorporated on March 20, 2014, is yet to commence its operations. No Investments have been made by the Company.
- The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on February 3, 2020 approved the "Scheme of Amalgamation" of APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited (APL), a wholly owned subsidiary, with the Company w.e.f. 1 April, 2020 (the appointed date). As per the said scheme the undertaking of this Company shall stand transferred to and vested in the Company on a going concern basis without any further act, deed of matter. The scheme of amalgamation is subject to approval by the National Company Law Tribunal and other statutory approvals.
- The reporting period for all the subsidiaries is March 31, 2020.

## Annexure - 3

### Disclosures pertaining to remuneration under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 for the year ended March 31, 2020.

- A. The ratio of the remuneration paid to each director during the year to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial Year:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Category	Ratio of Remuneration to the median remuneration of the employees
1.	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	Executive Director	72:1
2.	Dr. Vandana Lal	Executive Director	58:1
3.	Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann <sup>1</sup>	Non-Executive Director	3:1
4.	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda <sup>2</sup>	Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer <sup>3</sup>	114:1
5.	Mr. Rahul Sharma	Non-Executive Director	5:1
6.	Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	Independent Non-Executive Director	6:1
7.	Mr. Sunil Varma	Independent Non-Executive Director	8:1
8.	Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	Independent Non-Executive Director	6:1
9.	Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	Independent Non-Executive Director	4:1
10.	Ms. Somya Satsangi	Independent Non-Executive Director	5:1

<sup>1</sup>Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

<sup>2</sup>Does not include a non-cash (stock related) perk of ₹ 10,88,25,589/- on exercise of Stock options.

<sup>3</sup>Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

- B. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary, in the Financial Year:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Category	% Increase in Remuneration in the Financial Year
1.	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	Executive Director	5
2.	Dr. Vandana Lal	Executive Director	5
3.	Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann <sup>1</sup>	Non-Executive Director	NIL
4.	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda <sup>2</sup>	Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer	5
5.	Mr. Rahul Sharma	Non-Executive Director	NIL
6.	Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	Independent Non-Executive Director	NIL
7.	Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>3</sup>	Independent Non-Executive Director	*Please refer note below
8.	Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	Independent Non-Executive Director	NIL
9.	Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	Independent Non-Executive Director	NIL
10.	Ms. Somya Satsangi	Independent Non-Executive Director	NIL
12.	Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	Chief Financial Officer	7
13.	Mr. Rajat Kalra	Company Secretary	9.11

<sup>1</sup>Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

<sup>2</sup>Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>3</sup>Mr. Sunil Varma was designated as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019. As a result of the same, the Board of Directors increased Mr. Varma's Sitting Fee for Board and Committee Meetings from existing ₹ 50,000 to ₹ 1,00,000 per meeting. There is however no change in the Annual Commission limits fixed for all Non-Executive Directors.

- C. Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the Financial Year:

The average percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the Financial Year is **15.62**.

- D. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company:

The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as of March 31, 2020 is **3,923**

- E. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last Financial Year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

Average percentile increase in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel is <b>8.63%</b>	Average percentile increase in managerial personnel is <b>5.43%</b>	Not Applicable as Managerial Remuneration increase % is lower
--	---	---

- F. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company:

It is hereby confirmed that the remuneration is as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal  
Executive Chairman  
DIN: 00576638

Place: New Delhi  
Date: May 18, 2020

# Nomination And Remuneration Policy

## 1. Introduction

In terms of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, this policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), Senior Management and other employees of the Company has been formulated by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company. This policy shall act as a guideline for determining, inter-alia, qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director, matters relating to the remuneration, appointment, removal and evaluation of performance of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and other employees.

## 2. Policy Objective

- a. To lay down criteria for identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Key Managerial and Senior Management positions and to recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- b. To lay down criteria to carry out evaluation of every Director's /KMP/Senior Management Personnel and other employees performance.
- c. To formulate criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes and Independence of a Director;
- d. To recommend to the Board a policy, relating to remuneration of directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. While recommending such policy the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall ensure:
  - i. The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully.
  - ii. Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
  - iii. Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- e. To formulate a Board Diversity Policy.
- f. To recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to Senior Management

## 3. Definitions

- a. **"Board of Directors"** means the "Board of Directors" of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited, as constituted from time to time.
- b. **"Company"** means Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited.
- c. **"Independent Director"** means a Director of the Company, not being a Managing or Whole-Time Director or a Nominee Director and who is neither a Promoter nor belongs to the Promoter Group of the Company and who satisfies the criteria of independence as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 (including the rules

prescribed thereunder) and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

- d. **"Key Managerial Personnel"** or KMP means key managerial personnel as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 & in relation to the Company means:-
  - I. Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director or the Manager;
  - II. Company Secretary;
  - III. Whole Time Director;
  - IV. Chief Financial Officer; and
  - V. Such other officer as may be prescribed
- e. **"Nomination & Remuneration Committee"** means "Nomination & Remuneration Committee" constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 (including the rules prescribed thereunder) and the Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements with the Stock Exchanges.
- f. **"Other employees"** means, all the employees other than Directors, KMPs and the Senior Management Personnel.
- g. **"Policy"** means the Nomination & Remuneration Policy.

**"Senior Management Personnel"** means, the personnel of the Company who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors, comprising of all members of management one level below the Chief Executive Officer/ Managing Director/Whole Time Director (including chief executive officer, in case he is not part of the board) and shall specifically include Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer).

*In the Company's context, it covers the KMP's and any appointees at the "CxO" Level.*

## 4. Constitution

- a. The Board shall determine the membership of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.
- b. The Committee shall comprise of at least three non-executive directors, of which not less than one-half shall be independent directors.
- c. Chairman of the committee shall be an Independent Director.
- d. The Company Secretary shall act as Secretary to the committee.

## 5. Policy

This policy is divided into three parts:

### 5.1 Appointment & Removal

- a. **Criteria for identifying persons who are qualified to be appointed as a Director / KMP / Senior Management Personnel / Other Employees of the Company:**
  - i. The Committee shall consider the ethical standards of integrity and probity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director,

KMP or at Senior Management level and accordingly recommend to the Board his / her appointment.

- ii. The Committee should ensure that the person so appointed as Director/ Independent Director/ KMP/ Senior Management Personnel shall not be disqualified under the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder, Listing Agreement or any other applicable enactment for the time being in force.
- iii. The Director/ Independent Director/ KMP/ Senior Management Personnel shall be appointed as per the procedure laid down under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder, Listing Agreement or any other applicable enactment for the time being in force.
- iv. The other employees shall be appointed and removed as per the policy and procedure of the Company.

**b. Term / Tenure:**

The Term / Tenure of the Directors shall be governed as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder and Listing agreement as amended from time to time.

The Term/Tenure of the KMP's/Senior Management Personnel and other employees shall be as per the Companies prevailing policy.

**c. Removal:**

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations or any other reasonable ground, the Committee may recommend to the Board for removal of a Director, KMP or a Senior Management Personnel.

The removal of other employees shall be as per the Company's prevailing policy.

**d. Retirement:**

The director, KMP, senior management personnel & other employees shall retire as per the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the rules made thereunder and the prevailing policy of the Company, as may be applicable.

The BOD, however, will have the discretion to retain, subject to regulatory approval, if applicable, the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position/ remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

**5.2 Remuneration**

The level and composition of remuneration to be paid to the Managing Director, Whole-Time Director(s), Non-Executive Director(s), KMP's, Senior Management Personnel and other employees shall be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors, KMP's, Senior Management and other employees of the quality required to run the Company successfully. The relationship of remuneration to performance

should be clear and meet appropriate performance benchmarks. The remuneration should also involve a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

**1. Whole Time Director(s)/ Managing Director**

The Whole Time Director(s)/ Managing Director shall be eligible for remuneration as may be approved by the Shareholders of the Company on the recommendation of the Committee and the Board of Directors. The break-up of the pay scale, performance bonus and quantum of perquisites shall be decided and approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee and shall be within the overall remuneration approved by the shareholders and Central Government, wherever required.

While recommending the remuneration payable to Whole Time Director(s)/ Managing Director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall, inter alia, have regard to the following matters:

- Financial and operating performance of the Company
- Relationship between remuneration and performance
- Industry/ sector trends for the remuneration paid to executive directorate

Annual Increments to the Whole Time Director(s)/ Managing Director shall be within the slabs approved by the Shareholders. Increments shall be recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to the Board of Directors at times it desires to do so but preferably on an annual basis.

**2. Non-Executive / Independent Directors**

i) Remuneration / Commission:

The remuneration / commission shall be fixed as per the slabs and conditions mentioned in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Act.

ii) Sitting Fee:

The Non- Executive / Independent Directors may receive remuneration by way of fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof. Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed ₹ One Lakh per meeting of the Board or Committee or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.

iii) Commission:

Commission may be paid within the monetary limit approved by shareholders, subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the profits of the Company computed as per the applicable provisions of the Act.

iv) Stock Options:

An Independent Director shall not be entitled to any stock option of the Company.

### 3. Senior Management Personnel / KMPs

The Remuneration to be paid to Senior Management Personnel / KMP's shall be based on the experience, qualification, expertise of the related personnel as well as the prevailing market conditions and shall be decided by the Board on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and consonance with the limits, if any prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder or any other applicable enactment for the time being in force.

### 4. Other Employees

The power to decide structure of remuneration for other employees has been delegated to the CEO & Whole Time Director of the Company who shall decide the same in consultation with the Chief Human Resource Officer of the Company.

## 5.3 Evaluation

### 1. Criteria for evaluation of Directors:

As members of the Board, the performance of the individual Directors as well as the performance of the entire Board and its Committees is required to be formally evaluated annually.

Section 178(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 also mandates the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to carry out evaluation of every Director's performance.

In developing the methodology to be used for evaluation, on the basis of best standards and methods meeting international parameters, the Board / Committee may take the advice of an Independent Professional Consultant.

### 2. Criteria for evaluating performance of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel:

The performance evaluation of KMP's and Senior Management Personnel shall be done by their respective reporting heads based on the KRA's given to them at the beginning of the year.

### 3. Criteria for evaluating performance of Other Employees:

The performance evaluation of other employees shall be done as per Company's Policy.

### 6. Disclosures

This Policy shall be disclosed on the website of the Company.

### 7. Amendment(s)

The Board of Directors may review or amend this policy, in whole or in part, from time to time, after taking into account the recommendations from the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

## Annexure - 5

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

*[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies  
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]*

To,  
The Members  
Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited  
Block E, Sector-18, Rohini,  
New Delhi-110085

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited** (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 ("Audit Period") complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minutes' books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable during audit period:-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;

- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (**Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period**);
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client to the extent of securities issued;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (**Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period**)
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (**Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period**)
- (vi) The other laws, as informed and certified by the management of the Company which are specifically applicable to the Company based on their sector/industry are:
  1. The Clinical Establishments (Registration and Regulation) Act, 2010 and rules made thereunder;
  2. The Preconception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994 and rules made thereunder;
  3. The Atomic Energy Act 1962 and rules made there under;
  4. Bio Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1988, as amended up to date.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors for the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors has approved the scheme of Amalgamation between Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("Transferee Company") and APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited ("Transferor Company"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee

Company with effect from April 01, 2020 ("Appointed Date") under Sections 230-232 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013.

**For PDS & CO.  
Company Secretaries**

**Prashant Kumar Balodia  
(Partner)**

**Membership No. 6047**

**Certificate of Practice No. 6153**

**UDIN: F006047B000249477**

Date: May 18, 2020

Place: Delhi

---

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

## Annexure A

To  
The Members  
Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited  
Block E, Sector-18, Rohini,  
New Delhi-110085

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on random test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
7. Due to difficult situation of lockdown (Covid-19), we are unable to verify certain documents/ information physically. However, we have verified the same through online mode and on the basis of the information provided by the Company.

**For PDS & CO.  
Company Secretaries**

**Prashant Kumar Balodia  
(Partner)**

**Membership No. 6047**

**Certificate of Practice No. 6153**

Date: May 18, 2020

Place: Delhi

## Annexure - 6

### Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2020

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

#### I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

CIN	L74899DL1995PTC065388
Registration Date	14 <sup>th</sup> February, 1995
Name of the Company	Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited
Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Public Company Limited by Shares
Address of the Registered office and contact details	Block E, Sector - 18, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085 Tel.: +91-11-3025-8600; Fax: +91-11-2788-2134; Website - <a href="http://www.lalpathlabs.com">www.lalpathlabs.com</a> Email: <a href="mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com">cs@lalpathlabs.com</a>
Whether listed Company	Yes
Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	Link Intime (India) Private Limited Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi - 110058, Website - <a href="http://www.linkintime.co.in">www.linkintime.co.in</a> Email: <a href="mailto:delhi@linkintime.co.in">delhi@linkintime.co.in</a> Phone: 011-49411000 Fax: 011-41410591

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All business activities contributing 10% or more of total turnover of the Company shall be stated:-

S. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the Company
1.	Provider of Diagnostic and related healthcare tests and services	869	100%

#### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

S. No.	Name & address of the Company	CIN / GLN	Holding / Subsidiary / Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1.	Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited 117/H-1/02, Pandu Nagar, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh – 208025	U26914UP1997PTC022257	Subsidiary	80%	2(87)
2.	Paliwal Medicare Private Limited 117/H-1/02, Pandu Nagar, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh – 208025	U85110U2006PTC031606	Subsidiary	80%	2(87)
3.	APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited A-103-104, Aasthan Complex, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380015	U73100GJ2011PTC065333	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
4.	Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi-110085	U85100DL2018PTC342828	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
5.	PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited Block E, Sector 18, Rohini, New Delhi-110085	U85320DL2018PTC342981	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
6.	Centrapath Labs Private Limited Shop No. 29, Vikas Tower, Indira Complex, Indore, Madhya Pradesh-452001	U74220MP2019PTC049171	Step down Subsidiary	70%	2(87)
7.	APRL PathLabs Private Limited G-32, Race Course Tower, Near Natubhai circle, Race course, Vadodara, Gujarat-390007	U85195GJ2019PTC110176	Step down Subsidiary	70%	2(87)
8.	Dr. Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited K.M.C. No. 4, Chandol, Kathmandu, Nepal	-	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)

S. No.	Name & address of the Company	CIN / GLN	Holding / Subsidiary / Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
9.	Dr. Lal Path Labs Bangladesh Private Limited Haque Tower, 5th Floor, 44/9 West Panthapath, Dhakha-1205, Bangladesh	-	Subsidiary	71.83%	2(87)
10.	Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V. Strawinskylaan 937, 1077 XX Amsterdam The Netherlands	-	Subsidiary	-	2(87)
11.	Dr. Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited Sameer Business Park, Mombasa Road, P. O. Box 10032 - 00100 - G.P.O Nairobi, Kenya	-	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)

**IV. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity share capital breakup as percentage of total equity)**

**i. Category Wise Share Holding**

S. No.	Category of Shareholders	No. of shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
		Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	
<b>(A)</b>	<b>PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP</b>									
<b>(1)</b>	<b>INDIAN</b>									
(a)	Individual/HUF	4,74,31,898	-	4,74,31,898	56.91	4,73,18,230	-	4,73,18,230	56.77	(0.14)
(b)	Central Government/ State Government(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c)	Bodies Corporate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Financial Institutions/ Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)	Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Sub-Total A(1)</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>56.91</b>	<b>4,73,18,230</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,73,18,230</b>	<b>56.77</b>	<b>(0.14)</b>
<b>(2)</b>	<b>FOREIGN</b>									
(a)	Individuals (NRIs/ Foreign Individuals)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b)	Bodies Corporate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c)	Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Qualified Foreign Investor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)	Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Sub-Total A(2)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>Total A=A(1)+A(2)</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>56.91</b>	<b>4,73,18,230</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,73,18,230</b>	<b>56.77</b>	<b>(0.14)</b>
<b>(B)</b>	<b>PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING</b>									
<b>(1)</b>	<b>INSTITUTIONS</b>									
(a)	Mutual Funds /UTI	55,21,029	-	55,21,029	6.62	63,63,186	-	63,63,186	7.63	1.01
(b)	Financial Institutions / Banks	7,042	-	7,042	0.01	11,033	-	11,033	0.01	0.00
(c)	Central Government / State Government(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)	Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	3,84,957	-	3,84,957	0.46	0.46
(f)	Foreign Institutional Investors	2,61,834	-	2,61,834	0.31	29,402	-	29,402	0.04	(0.27)

S. No.	Category of Shareholders	No. of shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
		Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	
(g)	Foreign Venture Capital Investors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(h)	Others									
	Foreign Portfolio Investor	1,45,27,534	-	1,45,27,534	17.43	1,66,48,768	-	1,66,48,768	19.98	2.55
	Alternative Investment Funds	14,92,728	-	14,92,728	1.79	15,26,350	-	15,26,350	1.83	0.04
	<b>Sub-Total B(1)</b>	<b>2,18,10,167</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,18,10,167</b>	<b>26.17</b>	<b>2,49,63,696</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,49,63,696</b>	<b>30.00</b>	<b>3.83</b>
<b>(2)</b>	<b>NON-INSTITUTIONS</b>									
(a)	Bodies Corporate	10,83,363	-	10,83,363	1.30	6,87,746	-	6,87,746	0.83	(0.47)
(b)	Individuals									
	(i) Individuals holding nominal share capital upto ₹ 1 lakh	23,66,706	1	23,66,707	2.84	33,09,653	1	33,09,654	3.97	1.13
	(ii) Individuals holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 1 lakh	16,26,757	-	16,26,757	1.95	16,92,546	-	16,92,546	2.03	0.08
(c)	Others									
	NBFCs registered with RBI	51,815	-	51,815	0.06	-	-	-	-	(0.06)
	Trust Employee	47,763	-	47,763	0.06	46,915	-	46,915	0.06	0.00
	Foreign Company	76,39,459	-	76,39,459	9.17	39,48,728	-	39,48,728	4.74	(4.43)
	Dr. Lal Employee Welfare Trust	10,00,822	-	10,00,822	1.20	8,69,757	-	8,69,757	1.04	(0.16)
	Trust	1096	-	1096	-	5,371	-	5,371	0.01	0.01
	Hindu Undivided Family	66,686	-	66,686	0.08	94,756	-	94,756	0.11	0.03
	Non Resident Indians (Non Repat)	66,589	-	66,589	0.08	97,733	-	97,733	0.12	0.04
	Non Resident Indians (Repat)	1,29,326	-	1,29,326	0.16	1,74,492	-	1,74,492	0.21	0.05
	Foreign Portfolio Investors (Individual)	1,060	-	1,060	-	1,060	-	1,060	-	0.00
	Clearing Member	18,102	-	18,102	0.02	1,34,193	-	1,34,193	0.16	0.14
(d)	Qualified Foreign Investor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Sub-Total B(2)</b>	<b>1,40,99,544</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,40,99,545</b>	<b>16.92</b>	<b>1,10,62,950</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,10,62,951</b>	<b>13.27</b>	<b>(3.65)</b>
	<b>Total B=B(1)+B(2)</b>	<b>3,59,09,711</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3,59,09,712</b>	<b>43.09</b>	<b>3,60,26,646</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3,60,26,647</b>	<b>43.23</b>	<b>(0.14)</b>
	<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>8,33,41,609</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8,33,41,610</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>8,33,44,876</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8,33,44,877</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>(C)</b>	<b>SHARES CUSTODIANS, AGAINST WHICH DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS HAVE BEEN ISSUED, HELD BY</b>									
(1)	<b>PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2)	<b>PUBLIC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C)</b>	<b>8,33,41,609</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8,33,41,610</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>8,33,44,876</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8,33,44,877</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>

ii. Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group:

S. No.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year			% change in share holding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	
1	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	2,61,39,556	31.36	-	2,69,80,443	32.37	-	1.01
2	Dr. Vandana Lal	1,59,31,893	19.12	-	1,66,84,422	20.02	-	0.90
3	Eskay House (HUF)	16,81,774	2.02	-	-	-	-	(2.02)
4	Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	19,89,061	2.39	-	19,63,751	2.36	-	(0.03)
5	Mr. Anjaneya Lal	16,89,614	2.03	-	16,89,614	2.03	-	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>56.91</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,73,18,230</b>	<b>56.77</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(0.14)</b>

iii. Change in Promoter and Promoter Group Shareholding

S. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1.	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	01-04-2019	2,61,39,556	31.36	2,61,39,556	31.36
	*Increase in shareholding during the year	22-11-2019	8,40,887	1.01	2,69,80,443	32.37
	At the end of the year	31-03-2020	-	-	2,69,80,443	32.37
2.	Dr. Vandana Lal	01-04-2019	1,59,31,893	19.12	1,59,31,893	19.12
	*Increase in shareholding during the year	22-11-2019	8,40,887	1.01	1,67,72,780	20.13
	**Decrease in shareholding during the year	13-12-2019	(88,358)	(0.11)	1,66,84,422	20.02
	At the end of the year	31-03-2020	-	-	1,66,84,422	20.02
3.	Eskay House (HUF)	01-04-2019	16,81,774	2.02	16,81,774	2.02
	***Decrease in shareholding during the year	15-11-2019	(16,81,774)	(2.02)	-	-
	At the end of the year	31-03-2020	-	-	-	-
4.	Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	01-04-2019	19,89,061	2.39	19,89,061	2.39
	**Decrease in shareholding during the year	20-03-2020	(2,010)	0.00	19,87,051	2.38
	**Decrease in shareholding during the year	31-03-2020	(23,300)	(0.03)	19,63,751	2.36
	At the end of Year	31-03-2020	-	-	19,63,751	2.36
5.	Mr. Anjaneya Lal	01-04-2019	16,89,614	2.03	16,89,614	2.03
	At the end of the year	31-03-2020	-	-	16,89,614	2.03

\*Transfer of Equity Shares from M/s Eskay House (HUF) (Promoter Group)

\*\*Sale of the Equity Shares

\*\*\*Transfer of Equity Shares to (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal & Dr. Vandana Lal (Promoters)

## iv. Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

Sr. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Westbridge Crossover Fund, LLC	01-04-2019	76,39,459	9.17	76,39,459	9.17
	Transfer Sell	19-04-2019	(47,642)	(0.06)	75,91,817	9.11
	Transfer Sell	10-05-2019	(60,000)	(0.07)	75,31,817	9.04
	Transfer Sell	24-05-2019	(5,76,388)	(0.69)	69,55,429	8.35
	Transfer Sell	31-05-2019	(64,595)	(0.08)	68,90,834	8.27
	Transfer Sell	07-06-2019	(4,49,206)	(0.54)	64,41,628	7.73
	Transfer Sell	14-06-2019	(2,67,007)	(0.32)	61,74,621	7.41
	Transfer Sell	21-06-2019	(3,93,037)	(0.47)	57,81,584	6.94
	Transfer Sell	29-06-2019	(63,098)	(0.08)	57,18,486	6.86
	Transfer Sell	05-07-2019	(3,38,377)	(0.41)	53,80,109	6.46
	Transfer Sell	12-07-2019	(58,434)	(0.07)	53,21,675	6.39
	Transfer Sell	26-07-2019	(37,862)	(0.05)	52,83,813	6.34
	Transfer Sell	09-08-2019	(1,47,123)	(0.18)	51,36,690	6.16
	Transfer Sell	16-08-2019	(3,16,020)	(0.38)	48,20,670	5.78
	Transfer Sell	23-08-2019	(1,98,755)	(0.24)	4,621,915	5.55
	Transfer Sell	27-09-2019	(98,999)	(0.12)	45,22,916	5.43
	Transfer Sell	11-10-2019	(10,931)	(0.01)	45,11,985	5.41
	Transfer Sell	25-10-2019	(51,429)	(0.06)	44,60,556	5.35
	Transfer Sell	01-11-2019	(1,31,049)	(0.16)	43,29,507	5.19
	Transfer Sell	08-11-2019	(10,351)	(0.01)	43,19,156	5.18
	Transfer Sell	15-11-2019	(2,36,634)	(0.28)	40,82,522	4.90
	Transfer Sell	22-11-2019	(12,453)	(0.01)	40,70,069	4.88
	Transfer Sell	13-12-2019	(30,927)	(0.04)	40,39,142	4.85
	Transfer Sell	17-01-2020	(44,751)	(0.05)	39,94,391	4.79
	Transfer Sell	31-01-2020	(24,901)	(0.03)	39,69,490	4.76
	Transfer Sell	13-03-2020	(20,762)	(0.02)	39,48,728	4.74
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	39,48,728	4.74
2	UTI – Equity Fund	01-04-2019	23,63,885	2.84	23,63,885	2.84
	Transfer Sell	05-04-2019	(9,000)	(0.01)	23,54,885	2.83
	Transfer Sell	19-04-2019	(60,647)	(0.07)	22,94,238	2.75
	Transfer Sell	26-04-2019	(11,678)	(0.01)	22,82,560	2.74
	Transfer Sell	29-06-2019	(7,000)	(0.01)	22,75,560	2.73
	Transfer Buy	09-08-2019	1,39,119	0.17	24,14,679	2.90
	Transfer Sell	20-09-2019	(4,665)	(0.01)	24,10,014	2.89
	Transfer Sell	27-09-2019	(10,000)	(0.01)	24,00,014	2.88
	Transfer Sell	04-10-2019	(42,681)	(0.05)	23,57,333	2.83
	Transfer Sell	11-10-2019	(11,908)	(0.01)	23,45,425	2.81
	Transfer Sell	18-10-2019	(1,05,000)	(0.13)	22,40,425	2.69
	Transfer Sell	08-11-2019	(62,769)	(0.08)	21,77,656	2.61
	Transfer Sell	15-11-2019	(20,000)	(0.02)	21,57,656	2.59
	Transfer Sell	29-11-2019	(3,500)	(0.00)	21,54,156	2.58

Sr. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
	Transfer Sell	13-12-2019	(74,207)	(0.09)	20,79,949	2.50
	Transfer Sell	20-12-2019	(37,074)	(0.04)	20,42,875	2.45
	Transfer Sell	27-12-2019	(1,864)	(0.00)	20,41,011	2.45
	Transfer Buy	10-01-2020	66,425	0.08	21,07,436	2.53
	Transfer Buy	17-01-2020	47,143	0.06	21,54,579	2.59
	Transfer Buy	24-01-2020	9,801	0.01	21,64,380	2.60
	Transfer Sell	31-01-2020	(22,500)	(0.03)	21,41,880	2.57
	Transfer Sell	07-02-2020	(6,000)	(0.01)	21,35,880	2.56
	Transfer Buy	14-02-2020	40,981	(0.05)	21,76,861	2.61
	Transfer Buy	28-02-2020	18,843	0.02	21,95,704	2.63
	Transfer Sell	06-03-2020	(10,000)	(0.01)	21,85,704	2.62
	Transfer Buy	20-03-2020	10,000	0.01	21,95,704	2.63
	Transfer Sell	27-03-2020	(53,269)	(0.06)	21,42,435	2.57
	Transfer Sell	31-03-2020	(26,000)	(0.03)	21,16,435	2.54
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	21,16,435	2.54
3	Mirae Asset Emerging Bluechip Fund	01-04-2019	13,71,187	1.65	13,71,187	1.65
	Transfer Buy	12-04-2019	10,000	0.01	13,81,187	1.66
	Transfer Buy	10-05-2019	1,016	0.00	13,82,203	1.66
	Transfer Buy	17-05-2019	82,331	0.10	14,64,534	1.76
	Transfer Buy	24-05-2019	2,341	0.00	14,66,875	1.76
	Transfer Buy	31-05-2019	1,33,765	0.16	16,00,640	1.92
	Transfer Buy	07-06-2019	4,160	0.00	16,04,800	1.93
	Transfer Buy	14-06-2019	2,78,039	0.33	18,82,839	2.26
	Transfer Buy	21-06-2019	1,83,743	0.22	20,66,582	2.48
	Transfer Buy	05-07-2019	5,000	0.01	20,71,582	2.49
	Transfer Buy	19-07-2019	52,185	0.06	21,23,767	2.55
	Transfer Sell	23-08-2019	(26,036)	(0.03)	20,97,731	2.52
	Transfer Buy	30-08-2019	12,870	0.01	21,10,601	2.53
	Transfer Sell	06-09-2019	(1,20,807)	(0.14)	19,89,794	2.39
	Transfer Sell	13-09-2019	(27,235)	(0.03)	19,62,559	2.35
	Transfer Sell	20-09-2019	(5,445)	(0.01)	19,57,114	2.35
	Transfer Buy	04-10-2019	27,164	0.03	19,84,278	2.38
	Transfer Sell	25-10-2019	(3,378)	(0.00)	19,80,900	2.38
	Transfer Buy	15-11-2019	50,000	0.06	20,30,900	2.44
	Transfer Buy	20-12-2019	1,05,871	0.13	21,36,771	2.56
	Transfer Buy	27-12-2019	21,076	0.03	21,57,847	2.59
	Transfer Buy	31-12-2019	5,000	0.01	21,62,847	2.60
	Transfer Sell	31-01-2020	(28,372)	(0.03)	21,34,475	2.56
	Transfer Sell	07-02-2020	(2,69,731)	(0.32)	18,64,744	2.24
	Transfer Buy	14-02-2020	581	0.00	18,65,325	2.24
	Transfer Sell	21-02-2020	(50,000)	(0.06)	18,15,325	2.18
	Transfer Sell	06-03-2020	(83,370)	(0.10)	17,31,955	2.08

Sr. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
	Transfer Buy	13-03-2020	4,000	0.00	17,35,955	2.08
	Transfer Sell	20-03-2020	(1,65,521)	(0.20)	15,70,434	1.88
	Transfer Sell	27-03-2020	(87,605)	(0.10)	14,82,829	1.78
	Transfer Sell	31-03-2020	(16,510)	(0.02)	14,66,319	1.76
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	14,66,319	1.76
4	Dr. Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust	01-04-2019	10,00,822	1.20	10,00,822	1.20
	Transfer Sell	17-05-2019	(1,973)	(0.00)	9,98,849	1.20
	Transfer Sell	14-06-2019	(4,485)	(0.01)	9,94,364	1.19
	Transfer Sell	29-06-2019	(110)	(0.00)	9,94,254	1.19
	Transfer Sell	12-07-2019	(50)	(0.00)	9,94,204	1.19
	Transfer Sell	19-07-2019	(12,460)	(0.01)	9,81,744	1.18
	Transfer Sell	02-08-2019	(21,032)	(0.03)	9,60,712	1.15
	Transfer Sell	16-08-2019	(1,978)	(0.00)	9,58,734	1.15
	Transfer Sell	23-08-2019	(6,033)	(0.01)	9,52,701	1.14
	Transfer Sell	30-08-2019	(60)	(0.00)	9,52,641	1.14
	Transfer Sell	13-09-2019	(526)	(0.00)	9,52,115	1.14
	Transfer Sell	20-09-2019	(1,110)	(0.00)	9,51,005	1.14
	Transfer Sell	27-09-2019	(4,387)	(0.01)	9,46,618	1.14
	Transfer Sell	04-10-2019	(13,000)	(0.02)	9,33,618	1.12
	Transfer Sell	18-10-2019	(1,700)	(0.00)	9,31,918	1.12
	Transfer Sell	25-10-2019	(1,000)	(0.00)	9,30,918	1.12
	Transfer Sell	08-11-2019	(16,663)	(0.02)	9,14,255	1.10
	Transfer Sell	15-11-2019	(1,380)	(0.00)	9,12,875	1.10
	Transfer Sell	22-11-2019	(888)	(0.00)	9,11,987	1.09
	Transfer Sell	29-11-2019	(148)	(0.00)	9,11,839	1.09
	Transfer Sell	06-12-2019	(1,840)	(0.00)	9,09,999	1.09
	Transfer Sell	20-12-2019	(2,075)	(0.00)	9,07,924	1.09
	Transfer Sell	03-01-2020	(2,240)	(0.00)	9,05,684	1.09
	Transfer Sell	10-01-2020	(250)	(0.00)	9,05,434	1.09
	Transfer Sell	17-01-2020	(360)	(0.00)	9,05,074	1.09
	Transfer Sell	24-01-2020	(254)	(0.00)	9,04,820	1.09
	Transfer Sell	21-02-2020	(1,760)	(0.00)	9,03,060	1.08
	Transfer Sell	28-02-2020	(3,975)	(0.00)	8,99,085	1.08
	Transfer Sell	06-03-2020	(438)	(0.00)	8,98,647	1.08
	Transfer Sell	13-03-2020	(2,3801)	(0.03)	8,74,846	1.05
	Transfer Sell	20-03-2020	(3,031)	(0.00)	8,71,815	1.05
	Transfer Sell	31-03-2020	(2,058)	(0.00)	8,69,757	1.04
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	8,69,757	1.04
5	Canara Robeco Mutual Fund A/C Canara Robeco Emerging Equities	01-04-2019	-	-	-	0.00
	Transfer Buy	18-10-2019	1,10,000	0.13	1,10,000	0.13
	Transfer Buy	20-12-2019	2,22,383	0.27	3,32,383	0.40

Sr. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
	Transfer Buy	07-02-2020	1,07,339	0.13	4,39,722	0.53
	Transfer Buy	14-02-2020	2,10,868	0.25	6,50,590	0.78
	Transfer Buy	28-02-2020	3,941	0.00	6,54,531	0.79
	Transfer Buy	06-03-2020	40,000	0.05	6,94,531	0.83
	Transfer Buy	13-03-2020	57,025	0.07	7,51,556	0.90
	Transfer Buy	20-03-2020	74,000	0.09	8,25,556	0.99
	Transfer Buy	31-03-2020	4,000	0.00	8,29,556	1.00
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	8,29,556	1.00
6	First State Investments ICVC- Stewart Investors Indian Subcontinent Sustainability Fund	01-04-2019	6,77,370	0.81	6,77,370	0.81
	Transfer Buy	14-06-2019	91,285	0.11	7,68,655	0.92
	Transfer Buy	05-07-2019	1,02,253	0.12	8,70,908	1.04
	Transfer Sell	13-12-2019	(17,356)	(0.02)	8,53,552	1.02
	Transfer Sell	20-12-2019	(1,14,207)	(0.14)	7,39,345	0.89
	Transfer Sell	13-03-2020	(51,010)	(0.06)	6,88,335	0.83
	Transfer Sell	31-03-2020	(133)	(0.00)	6,88,202	0.83
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	6,88,202	0.83
7	India Whizdom Fund	01-04-2019	7,13,613	0.86	7,13,613	0.86
	Transfer Sell	14-06-2019	(9,123)	(0.01)	7,04,490	0.85
	Transfer Sell	21-06-2019	(388)	(0.00)	7,04,102	0.84
	Transfer Sell	29-06-2019	(4,461)	(0.01)	6,99,641	0.84
	Transfer Sell	18-10-2019	(19,164)	(0.02)	6,80,477	0.82
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	6,80,477	0.82
8	Wasatch Emerging India Fund	01-04-2019	7,50,330	0.90	7,50,330	0.90
	Transfer Sell	10-05-2019	(16,812)	(0.02)	7,33,518	0.88
	Transfer Sell	14-06-2019	(16,353)	(0.02)	7,17,165	0.86
	Transfer Buy	29-11-2019	17,270	0.02	7,34,435	0.88
	Transfer Buy	13-12-2019	35,878	0.04	7,70,313	0.92
	Transfer Sell	07-02-2020	(42,717)	(0.05)	7,27,596	0.87
	Transfer Sell	14-02-2020	(33,583)	(0.04)	6,94,013	0.83
	Transfer Sell	20-03-2020	(16,399)	(0.02)	6,77,614	0.81
	Transfer Sell	27-03-2020	(8,102)	(0.01)	6,69,512	0.80
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	6,69,512	0.80
9	AL Mehwar Commercial Investment LLC- (Wanda)	01-04-2019	5,72,663	0.69	5,72,663	0.69
	Transfer Buy	23-08-2019	46,000	0.06	6,18,663	0.74
	Transfer Buy	30-08-2019	5,000	0.01	6,23,663	0.75
	Transfer Buy	13-09-2019	82,847	0.10	7,06,510	0.85
	Transfer Sell	20-12-2019	(13,000)	(0.02)	6,93,510	0.83
	Transfer Sell	13-03-2020	(2,870)	(0.00)	6,90,640	0.83
	Transfer Sell	20-03-2020	(25,900)	(0.03)	6,64,740	0.80
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	6,64,740	0.80

Sr. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
10	Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund	01-04-2019	3,97,925	0.48	3,97,925	0.48
	Transfer Buy	12-04-2019	13,106	0.02	4,11,031	0.49
	Transfer Buy	19-04-2019	92	0.00	4,11,123	0.49
	Transfer Sell	26-04-2019	(10,695)	(0.01)	4,00,428	0.48
	Transfer Buy	03-05-2019	1,597	0.00	4,02,025	0.48
	Transfer Buy	10-05-2019	83,285	0.10	4,85,310	0.58
	Transfer Buy	14-06-2019	9,063	0.01	4,94,373	0.59
	Transfer Buy	21-06-2019	7,476	0.01	5,01,849	0.60
	Transfer Buy	05-07-2019	5,161	0.01	5,07,010	0.61
	Transfer Buy	12-07-2019	5,903	0.01	5,12,913	0.62
	Transfer Buy	13-09-2019	9,383	0.01	5,22,296	0.63
	Transfer Buy	06-12-2019	22,886	0.03	5,45,182	0.65
	Transfer Buy	07-02-2020	17,631	0.02	5,62,813	0.68
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	5,62,813	0.68

v. *Shareholding of Director's & KMP's*

S. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	01-04-2019	2,61,39,556	31.36	2,61,39,556	31.36
	*Increase in shareholding during the year	22-11-2019	8,40,887	1.01	2,69,80,443	32.37
	At the end of the year	31-03-2020	-	-	2,69,80,443	32.37
2	Dr. Vandana Lal	01-04-2019	1,59,31,893	19.12	1,59,31,893	19.12
	*Increase in shareholding during the year	22-11-2019	8,40,887	1.01	1,67,72,780	20.13
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	13-12-2019	(88,358)	(0.11)	1,66,84,422	20.02
	At the end of the year	31-03-2020	-	-	1,66,84,422	20.02
3	Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann <sup>1</sup>	01-04-2019	19,89,061	2.39	19,89,061	2.39
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	20-03-2020	(2,010)	0	19,87,051	2.38
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	31-03-2020	(23,300)	(0.03)	19,63,751	2.36
	At the end of Year	31-03-2020	-	-	19,63,751	2.36
4	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	01-04-2019	14,42,210	1.73	14,42,210	1.73
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	24-05-2019	(17,251)	(0.02)	14,24,959	1.71
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	29-06-2019	(17,272)	(0.02)	14,07,687	1.69
	Increase in shareholding during the year	19-07-2019	12,460	0.01	14,20,147	1.70
	Increase in shareholding during the year	02-08-2019	20,669	0.02	14,40,816	1.73
	Increase in shareholding during the year	04-10-2019	12,500	0.01	14,53,316	1.74
	Increase in shareholding during the year	08-11-2019	16,613	0.02	14,69,929	1.76
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	06-03-2020	(25,598)	(0.03)	14,44,331	1.73
	Increase in shareholding during the year	13-03-2020	20,669	0.02	14,65,000	1.76
	At the end of the Year	31-03-2020	-	-	14,65,000	1.76
5	Mr. Rahul Sharma	01-04-2019	20,197	0.02	20,197	0.02
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	04-09-2019	(10,000)	(0.01)	10,197	0.01

S. No.	Shareholders Name	Date	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
			No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	23.09.2019	(5,000)	(0.01)	5,197	0.01
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	27.09.2019	(3,171)	0	2,026	0
	Decrease in shareholding during the year	19.11.2019	(2,026)	0	0	0
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	0	0
6	Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	01.04.2019	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	-	-
7	Mr. Harnet Singh Chandhoke	01.04.2019	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	-	-
8	Mr. Sunil Varma	01.04.2019	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	-	-
9	Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	01.04.2019	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	-	-
10	Ms. Somya Satsangi	01.04.2019	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	-	-
11	Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	01.04.2019	15,776	0.02	15,776	0.02
	Increase in shareholding during the year	03.02.2020	3,267	0	19,043	0.02
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	19,043	0.02
12	Mr. Rajat Kalra	01.04.2019	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	31.03.2020	-	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup>Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

\*Transfer of Equity Shares from M/s Eskay House (HUF) (Promoter Group)

Increase - Receipt of Equity Shares on exercise of Stock Options

Decrease - Sale of the Equity Shares

## V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment:

(Amount in ₹)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
<b>Indebtness at the beginning of the Financial Year</b>				
i. Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii. Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii. Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
<b>Total (i + ii + iii)</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Change in Indebtedness during the Financial Year</b>				
• Addition	-	-	-	-
• Reduction	-	-	-	-
<b>Net Change</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Indebtedness at the end of the Financial Year</b>				
i. Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii. Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii. Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
<b>Total (i + ii + iii)</b>	-	-	-	-

## VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

### A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-Time Directors and/or Manager:

S. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/Manager			Total
		*(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal (Chairman & MD)	Dr. Vandana Lal (WTD)	**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda (CEO & WTD)	
1.	Gross salary				
(a)	Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	2,41,68,048	1,93,45,556	3,26,95,068	7,62,08,672
(b)	Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	9,940	***39,600	49,540
(c)	Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
2.	Stock Option (No of options granted during the year)	-	-	83,341	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-
4.	Commission	-	-	-	-
-	As a % of profit	-	-	-	-
-	others, specify...	-	-	-	-
5.	Others, please specify (Performance Linked Incentive)	-	-	54,54,750	54,54,750
	Total	2,41,68,048	1,93,55,496	3,81,89,418	8,17,12,962
	Ceiling as per the Act	32,18,87,406 (being 10% of Net Profits of the Company calculated as per Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013)			

\*(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal was re-designated as Executive Chairman w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

\*\*Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated and appointed as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

\*\*\*Does not include a non-cash (stock related) perk of ₹ 10,88,25,589/- on exercise of Stock options.

### B. Remuneration to other Directors:

#### 1. Independent Directors

Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors					Total
	Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	*Mr. Sunil Varma	Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	Ms. Somya Satsangi	
Fee for attending Board & Committee Meetings	7,50,000	4,50,000	13,00,000	7,50,000	4,00,000	36,50,000
Commission	12,50,000	10,00,000	12,50,000	12,50,000	12,50,000	60,00,000
Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (1)	20,00,000	14,50,000	25,50,000	20,00,000	16,50,000	96,50,000

\*Mr. Sunil Varma was designated as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

#### 2. Non - Executive Directors

Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors		Total
	*Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	Mr. Rahul Sharma	
Fee for attending Board & Committee Meetings	1,00,000	6,50,000	7,50,000
Commission	8,74,317	10,00,000	18,74,317
Others, please specify	-	-	-
Total (2)	9,74,317	16,50,000	26,24,317
Total Managerial Remuneration(1+2)	1,22,74,317		
Ceiling as per the Act	3,21,88,741 (being 1% of Net Profits of the Company calculated as per Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013)		

\*Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

**C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD**

(Amount in ₹)

S. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel		Total
		Mr. Ved Prakash Goel Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Rajat Kalra Company Secretary	
1.	Gross salary			
(a)	Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	68,11,989	39,06,937	1,07,18,926
(b)	Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	*4,85,938	60,000	5,45,938
(c)	Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
2.	Stock Option (No. of options granted during the year)	10,000	5,000	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
4.	Commission	-	-	-
-	As a % of profit	-	-	-
-	others, specify...	-	-	-
5.	Others, please specify (Performance Linked Incentive)	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>72,97,927</b>	<b>39,66,937</b>	<b>1,12,64,864</b>

\*Does not include a non-cash (stock related) perk of ₹ 43,85,784/- on exercise of Stock options.

**VII. PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES**

Type	Section of the Companies Act/ SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment / Compounding fee imposed	Authority (RD/NCLT/ Court/ Stock Exchange)	Appeal made if any (give details)
<b>A. Company</b>					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
<b>B. Directors</b>					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
<b>C. Other Officers in Default</b>					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Place: New Delhi  
Date: May 18, 2020

(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal  
Executive Chairman  
DIN: 00576638

## Annexure - 7

### Report on CSR Activities

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Act & Rules made thereunder]

S. No.	Particulars	Remarks			
1.	Brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs.	Lal PathLabs Foundation is CSR arm of Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd. At Lal PathLabs Foundation, we envision to build a Healthy Nation and Improve lives of the community through high quality and preventive healthcare initiatives. Under our CSR initiatives, we largely worked in two areas – 1. Skill development for paramedics and 2. Public Health (Non Communicable Disease and Geriatric care). Two major project were implemented directly by Lal Pathlabs Foundation while rest of the projects were implemented by Not for Profit Implementing Agency partners in close collaboration with Government Health System.  The complete CSR information of the Company, including CSR policy, vision, mission and projects undertaken, is available on the website of the Company - <a href="https://www.lalpathlabs.com/csr.aspx">https://www.lalpathlabs.com/csr.aspx</a>			
2.	The Composition of the CSR Committee	S. No.	Name	Designation	Position in Committee
		1.	(Hony.) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal <sup>1</sup>	Executive Chairman	Chairman
		2.	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda <sup>2</sup>	Managing Director	Member
		3.	Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	Independent Director	Member
		4.	Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>3</sup>	Lead Independent Director	Member
3.	Average net profit of the Company for last three Financial Years (In ₹ Million)	2,614.01			
4.	Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two percent of the amount as in item 3 above, in ₹ million)	52.28			
5.	Details of CSR spent during the Financial Year 2019-20	a.	Total amount to be spent for the Financial Year 2019-20 (in ₹ Million): 52.28		
		b.	Amount unspent if any (in ₹ Million): Nil		
		c.	Manner in which the amount spent during the Financial Year: As per Annexure Provided		
6.	In case the Company has failed to spend the two percent of the average net profit of the last three Financial Years or any part thereof, the Company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Director Report	Not Applicable			
7.	A responsibility statement by the CSR Committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy is in compliance with the CSR objectives and Policy of the Company	The implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy, is in compliance with the CSR objectives and policy of the Company.			

<sup>1</sup> (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal was re-designated as Executive Chairman w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>2</sup> Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated and appointed as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>3</sup> Mr. Sunil Varma was inducted as Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, pursuant to his appointment as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

For and on Behalf of the Board

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
Executive Chairman  
DIN: 00576638

Date: May 18, 2020  
Place: New Delhi

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 02099404

Date: May 18, 2020  
Place: Gurugram

## ANNEXURE - DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE

### Report on CSR Activities of FY 2019-20

S. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) Local area or other (2) State and District where projects or programs were undertaken	Amount Outlay (budget project or programs wise)	Amount Spent on projects or programs		Cumulative expenditure upto the reporting period	Amount spent Direct or through the Implementing Agency
					Direct Expenditure	Overheads		
1	Support to Foundation for CSR projects*	Promoting Preventive Healthcare, Employment Enhancing Skill Development, Geriatric Care, Children health Awareness Program	Delhi, Rajasthan, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Assam, Himachal Pradesh, West Bengal and Bihar	52.28	52.28	--	52.28	Implementing Agency: Lal PathLabs Foundation
	<b>Total</b>			52.28	52.28	--	52.28	

### \*Projects completed by Foundation is as follows:

S. No.	CSR Project	Sector	State	Amount
1	Skill development project for unemployed youths in the area of Healthcare	Employment Enhancing Skill Development	Uttar Pradesh & Rajasthan	7.29
2	Project on awareness and prevention of Common Cancers in Women	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	Bihar	4.76
3	Project on Prevention & Control of Hypertension & Diabetes	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	Himachal Pradesh	6.97
4	Promoting Health Education in School Children	Promoting Education	Delhi	0.44
5	Project For Improving Health, Education Of Spastic Children's	Promoting Health & Education	Delhi	0.17
6	Project For Welfare, Treatment and Rehabilitation of Elderly People	Promoting Healthcare and Sanitation	Delhi	4.63
7	Skill development programme for unemployed youths in the area of Healthcare	Employment Enhancing Skill Development	Uttar Pradesh	3.86
8	Project on awareness Generation and prevention on Non Communicable Diseases	Promoting Preventive Healthcare	Assam & Uttar Pradesh	9.96
9	Skill development programme for unemployed youths in the area of Healthcare	Employment Enhancing Skill Development	Haryana & West Bengal	13.85
10	Project for promoting overall health of children	Promoting Healthcare	Delhi	0.35
	<b>Total</b>			<b>52.28</b>

# Management Discussion and Analysis

## Industry structure and developments

The Indian healthcare market is poised to expand to US\$ 372 billion by 2022 on the back of greater health awareness among people, prevalence of lifestyle diseases, better access to insurance, increasing incomes and greater investment by both public and private players. The COVID-19 pandemic outbreak has further sensitized Governments and citizens across the world to the importance of healthcare infrastructure and the role the diagnostic industry will play in earlier detection, prevention and management of diseases.

The Government's expenditure on healthcare has grown to 1.6% of the nation's GDP as per the FY20 budget up from 1.5% in the previous budget. One of the flagship initiatives of the Government, the Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana has seen 46.5 lakh hospital treatments being provided as of September, 2019, amounting to claims worth ₹ 7,490 crores.

The Indian diagnostic market (including radiology) is estimated to be at approximately ₹ 80,000 crore and private players are estimated to constitute around ₹ 45,000 crore of this market. The diagnostic industry in India is fragmented, and while unorganized players make up for the majority of the pie, the organized sector is continuously increasing its share of the market. Especially after the COVID-19 breakout and the resulting lockdown, the shift in the industry from unorganized to organized players is expected to happen at a higher rate. The unorganized sector constitutes around 48% of the market, while the organized national branded and regional chains constitute around 15%. The remaining is occupied by hospital-based diagnostic centers. The unorganized and smaller labs offer a chance to the bigger players to expand their reach and presence through mergers and acquisitions. A diagnostic player like Dr. Lal PathLabs stands to benefit tremendously from such a situation and expand their presence pan-India. With increasing geographical penetration, the next few years offer the Indian diagnostic lab chains the potential to grow faster within overall healthcare sector.

While diagnostic tests cannot treat patients or cure illnesses, it is an integral part of the healthcare value chain. Diagnostic tests improve patient care and help to limit healthcare spending by finding potential problems sooner.

Following key trends are expected to drive sector growth in the ensuing years:

- **Changing population demographic:** As per a report from the World Bank, India's population stood at 135.26 crores in 2018. Further, the population of senior citizens i.e. 65 years and more is growing at 4%-4.5% p.a. providing ample opportunity for the healthcare industry, especially the diagnostic industry.
- **Increase in per capita income:** It is projected that approximately 3% -3.5% of private healthcare revenue growth would come from the rural population, whose income level is expected to rise to US\$ 1,500-\$2,000 annually.
- **Increasing health coverage:** As population and life expectancy grows, the demand for health insurance will rise, thereby leading to an increasing requirement for diagnostic services.
- **Greater awareness regarding preventive testing:** Increasing awareness and the measures taken by the Government to promote preventive testing via tax cuts will become a tailwind for volume growth.

The target market for the diagnostic industry is expected to rise at a robust 10% CAGR by FY23.

## Opportunities and Threats

There is a great requirement for diagnostic services in the underserved regions of the country, mainly tier-II and tier-III cities. Hence, the potential for business growth in such regions is extremely encouraging. The fragmented structure of the industry provides the organized diagnostic players an opportunity to consolidate the smaller players. It is an effective way to expand geographical reach and penetration for the larger businesses.

Further regional brands are also emerging as national players, thereby leading to increased competition. E-commerce based offerings have also started to slowly creep into the industry and have initiated the onset of digitization of services, as they have in almost every other industry. With this increasing competition, margins are likely to remain stable and growth would be led by volumes and not pricing.

## Outlook

The future outlook for the diagnostics industry in India is favorable with the rapid technological advancements in the healthcare industry and doctors increasingly relying on evidence-based treatment. Instances and situations like the COVID-19 outbreak also further boost the importance of diagnostics as an integral part of healthcare and the awareness among people regarding preventive testing for lifestyle and chronic diseases. Therefore, sustainable growth in the industry is likely.

With emphasis on providing quality services and compliance, the organized players will benefit from such developments. Hence, the switch in the industry from small, standalone players to larger more organized setup is also positive and welcome. At the rural end of the spectrum, there is an acute need to provide reliable diagnostics at competitive prices. Metro cities, cities and urban regions, which typically see several brands at play, also have pockets that will be better served.

## Risk and concerns

### Regulatory intervention

Although largely operating through un-organized laboratories, the diagnostics industry is subject to intervention from the state or central governments in order to enhance testing. During seasonal epidemics, typical guidelines will fix certain pricing for a particular test/ panel on a temporary basis. Being cognizant of the important role it has to play in society, the Company is totally compliant with such requirements. Historically, the industry has witnessed capping for instances of Swine Flu, Dengue and Chikungunya.

The closing weeks of year 2020 were marked by the spread of the Covid-19 pandemic across the world. As an industry champion, DLPL partnered with its industry peers to offer private lab testing to the citizens towards effectively halting the spread of the illness.

### Competition

Established brands in the diagnostics space face competitive challenges from the multitudes of unorganized laboratories that offer variety of low-priced testing options to patients. The landscape is gradually changing with greater demand on compliance with

statutory requirements. The organized industry too has drawn in private equity investments in a bid to rapidly scale up sampling. Typically, the investee Company resorts to pricing as a lever to garner a higher share of the institutional sampling. The intensity however has reduced over the past few quarters. As past cycles have demonstrated, it is relatively easy to enter the diagnostics space for newcomers. However, to be able to establish a national presence, it takes greater focus, dedication and time. Dr. Lal PathLabs has already established trust across the network with its competitive pricing structure, high quality of service, fast turn-around time and accurate diagnosis.

Aggregators have been active in the healthcare space for few years and within the diagnostic sector, they seek to enhance patient convenience by offering better servicing compared to the unorganized players. The established national brands have built a solid online presence themselves and offer an effective counter. With its robust testing infrastructure, brand connect and service aimed at patient convenience, DLPL is comprehensively addressing the challenge posed.

*Calibrated network expansion*

In line with its stated objective of further developing its reach and scale, DLPL adds new laboratories each year. The patient service centres manage the bulk of the sample collection and thus the growth in network is largely asset light. DLPL thus follows a strategy of continually containing costs with a view to absorb these possibilities.

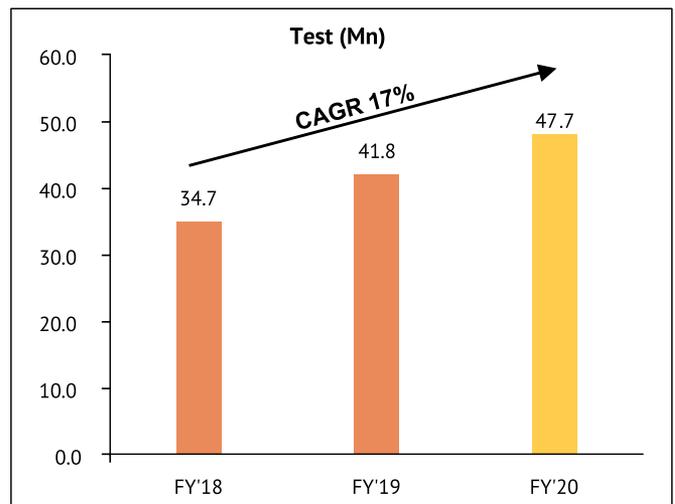
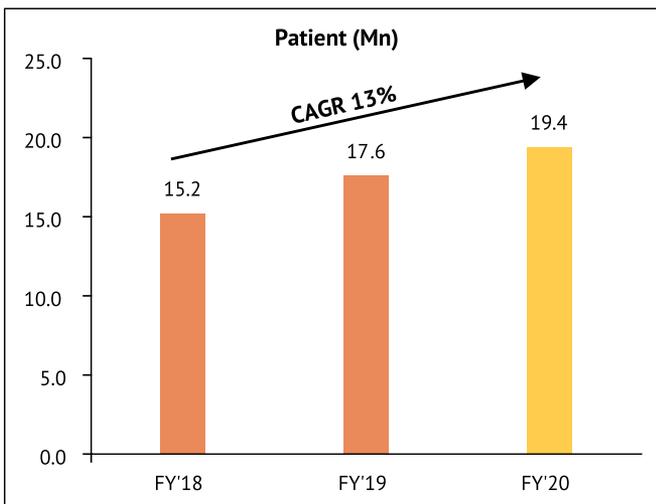
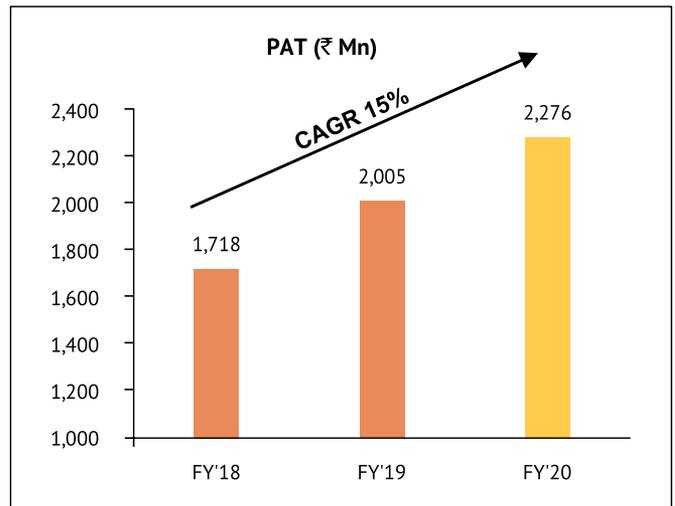
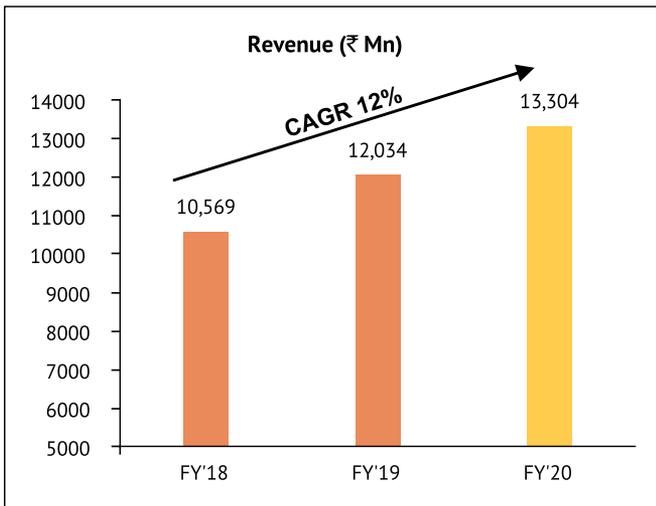
*New Technologies*

A highly qualified and experienced panel internally monitors and assesses the potential of commercializing novel testing technologies. This is with the primary objective of driving customer convenience. DLPL has successfully in the past, introduced novel tests and implemented the offering with targeted view on generating returns on such investments.

*Other risk factors*

There are additionally other risk factors as enlisted in the IPO prospectus issued in December 2015. Many of the risks mentioned therein hold true and the Company continually reviews them in order to formulate strategies to stay ahead.

**Financial and Operational highlights**



### Revenue

The year ended March 31, 2020 saw the Company's consolidated revenues post 10.6% growth to ₹ 13,304 Mn. This was a result of 10.3 % growth in patient volumes.

### Costs

The Company has laid specific focus on optimizing its cost matrix to provide opportunities to adapt to the volatile circumstances presented by the economy and the industry. The key drivers of cost during the year were expenses pertaining to widening and strengthening the outreach and infrastructure capabilities of the Company. Costs stood higher by 13.3% YoY.

The major items of cost for the Company include cost of reagents and chemicals, personnel costs, fees to collection centers, costs associated with logistics, information technology and infrastructure. These items have primarily remained in line with the growth of the operations.

### EBITDA

Consolidated EBITDA (post elimination of impact of stock based compensation, CSR cost and Ind AS 116) showed a growth of 5.7% in FY'20. The EBITDA margins (post elimination of impact of stock based compensation, CSR cost and Ind AS 116) stood at 24.9%.

### PBT and PAT

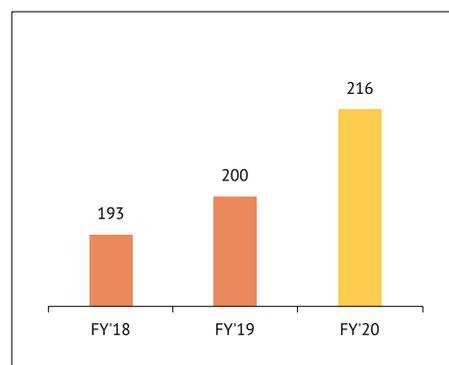
The PBT for the year stood at ₹ 3,105 mn and PAT registered a 13.5% growth over last year at ₹ 2,276 mn in FY20. The PAT margins stood at 17.1%. Diluted EPS therefore improved 13.3% to ₹ 27.37 per equity share of ₹ 10 each.

### Cash and Bank

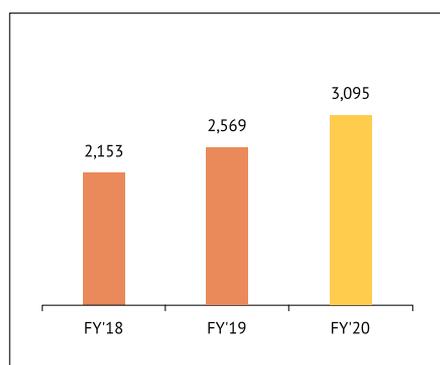
The Company's consolidated Cash and Cash Equivalents increased from ₹ 7,077 mn as at FY19 end to ₹ 7,443 mn at the end of FY20. This was the result of robust operating cash flow of ₹ 3,652 mn before working capital changes. Cash outflow towards capital expenditure during the year was at ₹ 464 mn as compared to ₹ 346 mn in the previous year. Other Income which includes interest and dividend on mutual funds was higher at ₹ 550 mn from ₹ 460 mn last year.

## Operational performance

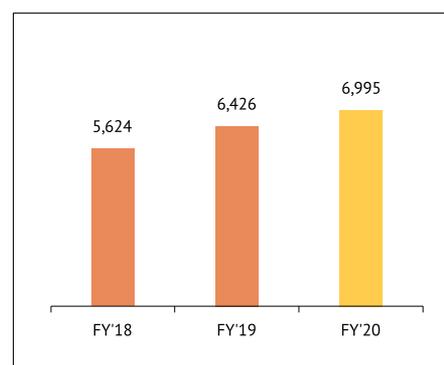
### Nos of Labs, PSCs and PUPs



No. of Clinical Laboratories



No. of PSCs



No. of PUPs

## Key Financial Ratios

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements 2018) (Amendment) Regulations 2018 the Company is required to give details of significant changes (Change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios.

The Company has identified the following ratios as key financial Ratios:

Particulars	FY 2020	FY 2019
Revenue growth (%)	10.6%	13.9%
EBITDA Margin before ESOP, CSR charge & Ind AS 116 impact	24.9%	26.0%
PAT Margin (%)	17.1%	16.7%
Basic EPS (₹)	27.42	24.19
Diluted EPS (₹)	27.37	24.15
Fixed Assets Turnover (times)	8.5	7.5
Debtors Turnover Ratio (times)	25.9	22.6
Inventory Turnover Ratio (times)	5.2	9.2
Current Ratio	3.9	5.9

Based on consolidated results

The details of Return on Net worth are given below:

Particulars	FY 2020	FY 2019
Return on Net Worth (%)	22.7%	23%

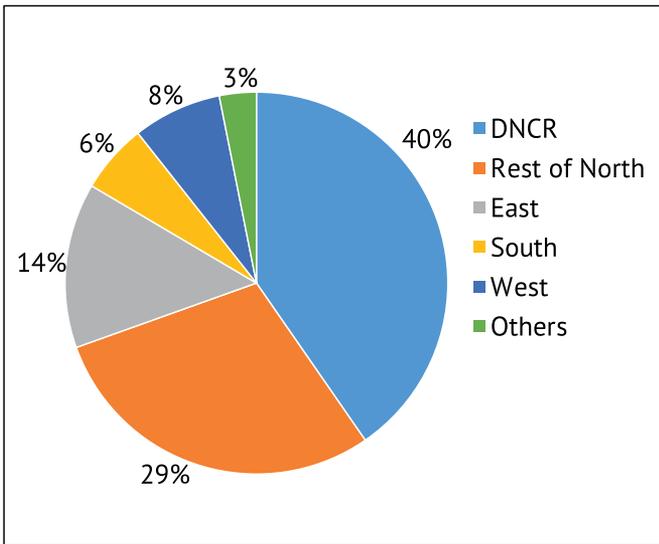
Based on consolidated results

Return on net worth is computed by dividing the net profit after tax for the year by average net worth. Net profit after tax has increased from ₹ 2,005 Mn in FY 2019 to ₹ 2,276 Mn in FY 2020. However, return on net worth in FY 2020 has reduced marginally as compared to FY 2019 because of higher base.

The inventory turnover ratio has declined due to higher inventory as at the end of March 2020 and the current ratio has declined due to creation of lease liability due to Ind AS-116.

The year under review oversaw growth of infrastructure of the Company as the net count of laboratories increased to 216, a net addition of 16 laboratories. The number of Patient Service Centres (PSCs) grew by 526 to 3,095 as at end of FY'20. The Pick Up Points also expanded by 569 to 6,995. The Company continues to make headway in this direction by strengthening its network infrastructure.

**Geography wise break up of revenue**



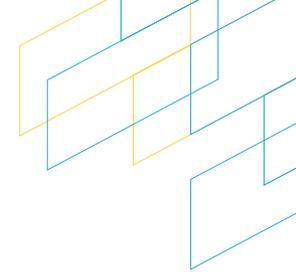
**Strategy for growth**

The Company continues to move forward with the following strategy at play:

- Develop online presence together with sharper focus on home collection of samples to drive customer convenience
- Target higher traction for bundled testing initiative, and augment the preventive health platform
- Acquire small but scalable laboratories that can enhance network presence in untapped geographies
- Focus on inland laboratories in proximity to existing large centers
- Widen the tests menu of the Company further
- Driving presence in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, West Bengal, North East, Bengaluru and Pune
- Tap into underserved niches within existing markets
- Continue development of network infrastructure
- Pursue select opportunities in hospital laboratory management

DLPL continues to increase the contribution of the high-end testing through better communication with doctors and developing specialized packages around select specialties like diabetes, pregnancy, neurology etc.

The Company continues to prioritize volume growth while it continues to build a stronger differentiation around its brand. As the operations grows in size, the underlying emphasis will always be on driving an optimized cost structure in order to deliver consistent growth in margins.



# Business Responsibility Report

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors presents the Business Responsibility Report of the Company for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2020.

## SECTION A: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company	L74899DL1995PLC065388
Name of the Company	Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited (“the Company/we/our”)
Registered address	Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085
Website	<a href="http://www.lalpathlabs.com">www.lalpathlabs.com</a>
E-mail id	<a href="mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com">cs@lalpathlabs.com</a>
Financial Year reported	April 01, 2019 - March 31, 2020
Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code-wise)	Health Activities Section: Q Division: 86 Group: 869 Class: 8690 Sub-Class: 86905
List three key products/services that the Company manufactures/ provides (as mentioned in balance sheet)	The Company provides Diagnostic Services in the area of Pathology and Radiology.
Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company:	
Number of International Locations	The Company has operations in Nepal, Bangladesh and Kenya.
Number of National Locations	The Company has 216 Laboratories across India.
Markets served by the Company - Local/State/National/International	India, Nepal, Bangladesh and Kenya. Besides the above, the Company also receives samples from International Locations like Bhutan, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malaysia, Tanzania, Nigeria, Brunei, Saudi Arabia, Maldives, Ethiopia, Kenya, Ghana, Uganda, Qatar, Kuwait, UAE, Malawi, Zambia, Sierra Leone for testing in India.

## SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY

Paid up Capital (₹ Million)	833.45
Total Income (₹ Million)	13,312.07
Total profit after taxes (₹ Million)	2,231.80
Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax (%)	The Company's total spending on CSR for the Financial Year 2019-20 is ₹ 52.28 million which is 2.34 % of PAT.
List of activities in which expenditure as stated above has been incurred	Please refer to the “ <b>Report on CSR Activities</b> ” attached as annexure to the Board, forming part of the Annual Report.

## SECTION C: OTHER DETAILS

### 1. Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company/ Companies?

Yes, as on March 31, 2020, the Company has Eleven (11) subsidiary Companies, the details of the same have been provided in another section of the Annual Report.

### 2. Do the Subsidiary Company/Companies participate in the BR Initiatives of the parent Company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary Company(s)

There is no direct participation.

### 3. Do any other entity/entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity/entities? [Less than 30%, 30-60%, More than 60%]

No

## SECTION D: BR INFORMATION

### 1. Details of Director/Directors responsible for BR

a) Details of the Director/Director responsible for implementation of the BR policy/policies

The CSR Committee consisting of the following Directors is responsible for the implementation of the BR Policy:

S. No.	Name of the Director	DIN Number	Designation
1.	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal <sup>1</sup>	00576638	Executive Chairman
2.	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda <sup>2</sup>	02099404	Managing Director
3.	Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>3</sup>	01020611	Lead Independent Director
4.	Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	02758084	Independent Director

<sup>1</sup> (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal was re-designated as Executive Chairman w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>2</sup> Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated and appointed as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>3</sup> Mr. Sunil Varma was inducted as Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, pursuant to his appointment as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

b) Details of the BR Head

DIN	Not Applicable
Name	Mr. Manoj Garg
Designation	Chief Human Resource Officer
Telephone number	+ 91-124-3016-500
e-mail id	manoj.garg@lalpathlabs.com

### 2. Principle-wise(as per National Voluntary Guidelines [NVGs]) BR Policy/policies

The NVGs on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business released by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has adopted nine areas of Business Responsibility. These are as follows:

**P1** - Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability.

**P2** - Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.

**P3** - Businesses should promote the well-being of all employees.

**P4** - Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized.

**P5** - Businesses should respect and promote human rights.

**P6** - Business should respect, protect and make efforts to restore the environment.

**P7** - Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner.

**P8** - Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development.

**P9** - Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner.

#### (a) Details of compliance

S. No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
1.	Do you have a policy/ policies for	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
2.	Has the policy being formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
3.	Does the policy conform to any national / international standards? If yes, specify?* (50 words)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
4.	Has the policy being approved by the Board? If yes, has it been signed by MD/ owner/ CEO/ appropriate Board Director?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
5.	Does the Company have a specified committee of the Board/ Director/ Official to oversee the implementation of the policy?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
6.	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	<a href="https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/Business-Responsibility-Policy.pdf">https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/Business-Responsibility-Policy.pdf</a>								

S. No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
7.	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
8.	Does the Company have in-house structure to implement the policy/policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
9.	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy/policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy/policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
10.	Has the Company carried out independent audit/ evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

*\*The policies formulated by the Company are materially in compliance with all mandatory/applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and standards.*

**(b) If answer to the question at serial number 1 against any principle, is 'No', please explain why:** Not Applicable

S. No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
1.	The Company has not understood the Principles									
2.	The Company is not at a stage where it finds itself in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles									
3.	The Company does not have financial or manpower resources available for the task									
4.	It is planned to be done within next 6 months									
5.	It is planned to be done within the next 1 year									
6.	Any other reason (please specify)									

### 3. Governance related to BR

**(a) Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO assess the BR performance of the Company.**

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company oversees the Business Responsibility Performance on an Annual basis.

**(b) Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?**

Business Responsibility Report is published annually as part of the Company's Annual Report. The Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2019-20 can be viewed at: <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/investor/annual-reports.aspx>

## SECTION E: PRINCIPLE-WISE PERFORMANCE

### Principle 1

**1. Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corruption cover only the Company? Yes/ No. Does it extend to the Group/Joint Ventures/Suppliers/Contractors/NGOs/Others?**

The Policy covers only the Company. However the Company shall impress upon other entities in the value chain and its subsidiaries to follow such policy. –

Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd is committed to being a good corporate citizen and doing the right things. Our comprehensive Code of conduct ("CoC") and corporate values outline the expected standards of ethical conduct applicable to all our employees, Board of Directors

and those acting on behalf of the Company (such as vendors, suppliers, consultants, agents, etc. and their employees). One of our corporate values is Ethics and Integrity and we ensure to maintain our corporate reputation through strong ethics and compliance culture wherever we conduct business. The CoC covers anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws of various jurisdictions in which it operates. The CoC is reviewed periodically to update any change in law, change in organisation structure or any other reason which may have an impact on the contents of the CoC, viz. any prevailing trend, social or political factors etc. The Company has well designed training modules on Code of conduct and Prohibition of Sexual Harassment which are a mandatory part of the employee induction program.

The Company also has a Whistle Blower Policy, which allows employees to bring to the attention of the management, promptly and directly, any unethical behaviour, suspected fraud or irregularity in the Company practices, which is not in line with the organization's CoC. All the complaints received under the Whistle Blower Policy are reported to the Audit Committee. We believe that good governance practices contribute to better results for stakeholders. We maintain governance principles, policies and practices that support management accountability.

**2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past Financial Year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management?**

1 (One) complaint was received during the Financial Year 2019-20 and which was satisfactorily resolved.

**Principle 2**

**1. List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and/or opportunities.**

The Company provides Diagnostic Services, which has no social or environmental concerns/risks/opportunities. However, as a corporate citizen, the Company is conscious about its moral responsibilities.

- It has installed Effluent Treatment Plants (ETP's), wet-dry segregation and autoclaves for proper disposal and treatment of Bio-Medical Wastes at its Laboratories.
- The Company has replaced 100% collection plastic bags used for sample vacutainer storage with biodegradable bags to pledge its support toward the Clean India Mission.
- The Company has introduced electric bikes in their fleet for sample collection in an initiative to prevent carbon emission. The organization helped logistics third party man-power vendors, to partner with a Company providing electric bikes. In FY 19-20, ten bikes were given to field executives in Delhi as a pilot. The e-bikes had pollution free run of 3.6 lacs Km in the year 2019-20.
- Descaling done of DG Sets radiator to improve the smoke quality so that it does not deplete the ozone layer, increase the efficiency of DG set and save fuel as well.
- Water conservation is another important initiative taken by Dr. Lal Path labs. 868 Water saving reducer installed at 194

locations across the country in our lab and office locations. This is a small effort to conserve water in daily use. The reducer provides almost 50% water saving compared to a normal tap. On annual basis, this will help us conserve almost 30 Lakhs litres of water.

- Data centre virtualization to prevent heat and CO2 emission which causes global warming.
- Company has adopted E-billing and e-payment receipt to reduce paper usage and conserve the environment. This is leading to approx. saving of 40,000 papers in a day.

**2. For each such product, provide the following details in respect of resource use (energy, water, raw material etc.) per unit of product (optional):**

Not Applicable, since the Company is a service provider.

**3. Does the Company have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)? If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.**

The Company maintains a healthy relationship with its vendors/suppliers. The Company has in place a system of vendor selection which, besides a host of other factors, also lays emphasis on technical, financial, infrastructural capability and ethical practices of the vendor.

**4. Has the Company taken any steps to procure goods and services from local & small producers, including communities surrounding their place of work?(a) If yes, what steps have been taken to improve their capacity and capability of local and small vendors?**

The Company strives to procure goods and services from local supply chain partners which may include large, midsize or small scale industries who meets our quality, cost and technological expectations. Further while hiring manpower for its laboratories, preference is given to eligible local candidates.

**5. Does the Company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes what is the percentage of recycling of products and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, >10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.**

Not Applicable, since the Company is a service provider. However, the Company has entered into agreements with authorized vendors for disposal of bio medical wastes generated during sample collection and testing of bio-medical samples and Reverse Osmosis (RO) water recycling.

**Principle 3**

Total number of employees	3,923
Total number of employees hired on temporary/contractual/casual basis	1,676
Number of permanent women employees	850
Number of permanent employees with disabilities	16
Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management	Yes
What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association?	2.63 %

**Details of the number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment, are as follows:**

No.	Category	No of complaints filed during the Financial Year 2019-20	No of complaints pending as on end of the Financial Year 2019-20
1.	Child labour/forced labour/ involuntary labour	0	0
2.	Sexual harassment	14	1
3.	Discriminatory employment	0	0

**What percentage of your under mentioned employees were given safety & skill upgradation training in the last year?**

Category	Percentage (%)
(a) Permanent Employees	60.82
(b) Permanent Women Employees	59.06
(c) Casual/Temporary/Contractual Employees	65.27
(d) Employees with Disabilities	68.75

#### Principle 4

##### 1. Has the Company mapped its internal and external stakeholders?

Dr. Lal PathLabs approach towards responsible and sustainable business practices involves regular engagement with its internal and external stakeholders. This practice helps the Company measure its performance based on the value it brings to its stakeholders and to prioritize key sustainability issues in terms of relevance to its business and stakeholders, including society and environment. It is the prime responsibility of the organization to engage stakeholders (internal and external) in an efficient and an effective manner. This not only helps in identifying opportunities but also in assessing emerging risks which may increase in magnitude at a later stage in future. The Company's major stakeholders that affect or are affected by its business include –

- Employees
- Customers
- Investors & Shareholders
- Contractors, vendors and suppliers
- Government and regulating authorities
- Local communities etc.

The Company has defined specific roles and responsibilities of key departments to engage and address the concerns, monitor and ensure that they are addressed in a timely and efficient manner. All engagement must be conducted in a transparent manner with honesty, integrity and openness; in compliance with local and international laws and in accordance with Dr. Lal PathLabs values.

##### 2. Out of the above, has the Company identified the disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalized stakeholders?

At Dr. Lal PathLabs, we believe that as a responsible organisation, we must focus on integrating in the business model a program for serving the community where we operate. As we grow in our

operations and in the country, it is essential that we achieve such growth in a responsible manner which incorporates the needs of our community and specially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalised. We are conducting programmes structured in a way to create an impact on disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalised sector of the society. Our CSR programme focusses on children education, skilling and healthcare ( NCD ).

##### 3. Are there any special initiatives taken by the Company to engage with the disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so?

At Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd, we build lasting bonds with all our stakeholders, internal and external, through meaningful deliberations. The Company has identified stakeholders who are directly and indirectly affected by its operations and have developed targeted engagement mechanisms for each of them. The Company from time to time has implemented various initiatives for socio-economically disadvantaged sections of the society. The projects contributing to betterment of disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders are:

- Providing basic education to tribal children
- Empower youth with skills to earn sustainable livelihood
- Creating awareness among adults about health issues, screening and treatment available for mass population

#### Principle 5

##### 1. Does the policy of the Company on human rights cover only the Company or extend to the Group/Joint Ventures/Suppliers/Contractors/NGOs/Others?

At present, our policy is applicable only to the Company. However, the Company shall strive to encourage its business partners and third parties with whom it conducts business to abide by this policy. The Company's commitment to follow the basic principles of human rights is reflected in the checks and balances within the HR processes. The commitment to human rights is embedded in the 'Code of Conduct', adopted by the Company. All employees are sensitized to human rights as part of their orientation program.

##### 2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past Financial Year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management?

The Company did not receive any complaint during the financial year, in respect of violation of human rights. Our Company constantly seeks to understand the needs of the consumer and brings in technology to ensure that the consumer are kept informed and engaged with the services. The consumer can reach us through our National Customer Care number. Consumer can also reach us through digital medium like E Mail, Website, mobile app etc. We have enabled various social listening tools like Twitter, Facebook and LinkedIn to reach out to our external stakeholders. A Pre-Analytical Team constantly works to train staff and anticipate errors that can happen country-wide to maintain quality. To generate consumer awareness on basic health check-up various marketing campaigns and affordable packages are made available.

**Principle 6**

**1. Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the Company or extends to the Group/Joint Ventures/Suppliers/Contractors/NGOs/others?**

The Policy covers only the Company. However, the Company shall support its value chain and subsidiary Companies to adopt this principle.

**2. Does the Company have strategies/ initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc?**

The Company doesn't have any specific program or initiatives to address such issue. However, during the course of business, it undertakes various steps like installing R32 refrigerant operated air conditioning systems which have no impact on ozone depletion, installed 50KW of Solar Rooftop panels for generation of natural energy, replaced conventional lighting with LED for energy saving at 35 locations, 100% IT data centre virtualization to reduce cost and carbon footprint, all water coolers were replaced with water fountain to eliminate use of plastic glasses in our National Reference lab and recycling of RO waste water which has helped in saving 10000 litres of water.

**3. Does the Company identify and assess potential environmental risks?**

The Company continuously seeks to improve its environmental performance by promoting use of energy efficient environment friendly data centre technologies, use of renewable energy, Liquid waste management via Effluent treatment plant and Hypo chloride disinfection of liquid waste and Autoclave microbial waste before disposal.

**4. Does the Company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so. Also, if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed?**

No

**5. Has the Company undertaken any other initiatives on - clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy etc.? If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.**

Yes, for details please refer to the "Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption" para in the Director's Report for the Financial Year 2019-2020 which can be accessed at <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/investor/annual-reports.aspx>.

**6. Are the Emissions/Waste generated by the Company within the permissible limits given by CPCB/SPCB for the Financial Year being reported?**

Yes

**7. Number of show cause/ legal notices received from CPCB/SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of Financial Year.**

NIL

**Principle 7**

**1. Is your Company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, Name only those major ones that your business deals with:**

1. Federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry ('FICCI')
2. Confederation of Indian Industry ('CII')
3. National Health Insurance Administration ('NATHEALTH').

**2. Have you advocated/lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/No; If yes, specify the broad areas ( drop box: Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others)**

The Company does not engage in influencing Regulatory Policy. However the Company practices pro-active advocacy not for securing certain benefits for industry, but for advocating certain best practices for the benefit of society at large.

**Principle 8**

**1. Does the Company have specified programmes/initiatives/projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof.**

Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd, is a socially responsible organization with focus on integrating our business model with the program for serving the community where we operate. In principle, we believe that we can achieve our growth in responsible manner and also address the needs of the community. Our focus is to extend our support for the sustainable development of the community especially those who are below poverty line in the country. Lal PathLabs Foundation, is the CSR arm of Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd, wherein we envision building a healthy nation by improving lives of the community through high quality and preventive healthcare initiatives. The CSR vision and mission of the foundation lays down principles to carry out CSR activities directed towards the underprivileged section of our society, area of Public Health and Skill Development. Under these two domains, our specific focus is towards the prevention of non-communicable disease, geriatric care, skilling and employment of the unemployed rural youth in the area of paramedics.

Our CSR vision - We envision to build a healthy nation and improve lives of the community through high quality and preventive health care initiatives.

Our CSR mission- To ensure improved health and well-being of communities by promoting preventing healthcare and investing in programs, partnerships and ideas that spreads awareness, take preventive action and diagnostic measures for community we serve. We work in the areas of:

- a. Non- communicable diseases
- b. Adolescent healthcare
- c. Geriatric care
- d. Public healthcare initiatives
- e. Water and sanitation
- f. Creating employment opportunities in healthcare

Lal PathLabs Foundation works closely with different stakeholder like NGOs, and the Government to achieve the outlaid intents for the communities we serve.

The Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy ("CSR Policy"), which can be accessed at our website at <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/CSR-Policy.pdf>

The Company believes that the business must strengthen their capability to fulfill stakeholder aspirations through greater engagement. At Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd, we build lasting bonds with all our stakeholders both internal and external, through meaningful deliberations. This process helps us review our actions, rethink our roadmap, redress grievances and recognize new avenues of growth. The Company has identified stakeholders who directly and indirectly affected by its operations and have developed targeted engagement mechanisms for each of them. The Company from time to time has implemented various initiatives for socio-economically disadvantaged sections of the society.

The Company focuses on bringing quality healthcare to all unserved citizens regardless of geographic location or economic status. Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd aspires to be one of the most reputed healthcare Company in India and also be recognized as a socially responsible corporate delivering superior and sustainable value to all our customers, business partners, shareholders, employees and host communities.

The CSR Policy lays down the guidelines and framework for the implementation, monitoring, reporting, disclosure, evaluation and assessment of CSR initiatives. The objective of the policy is:

- i. Establishing guidelines for compliance with the provisions of laws/regulations to dedicate a percentage of Company's profits for social projects.
- ii. Ensuring the implementation of CSR initiatives in letter and spirit through appropriate procedures and reporting.
- iii. Creating opportunities for employees to participate in socially responsible initiatives.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee consisting of the Board of Directors monitor the CSR initiatives. Some of the key initiatives taken up last year are:

#### **Skill Development in the field of Paramedics:**

Lal PathLabs Foundation is helping in the skilling and employment of the unemployed rural youths, through well-established training centers, in the area of paramedics as per standard norms of Health Sector Skill Council (HSSC - NSDC) and Indian Medical Association (IMA). After training, we also facilitate the process to get in to job as per their eligibility and choice in their geographical areas.

1. Lal PathLabs Foundation has two Skill Development Training Centres namely 'Centre for Excellence' in Gurugram (Haryana) and Kolkata (West Bengal). Under this initiative, they are providing training in the area of Medical Laboratory Technologies and Phlebotomy. Candidates with science background in 10+2 who want to make their career in allied health services are the ideal for the course. These centres are affiliated with Health Sector Skill Council (HSSC - NSDC) and Indian Medical Association (IMA). Kolkata centre inaugurated its courses in March 2020. During financial year 2019-20, they have trained total 61 candidates, certified 58 candidates and placed 40 candidates, while 141 and 10 candidates are there in ongoing batches at Gurugram and Kolkata centres, respectively.

2. Lal PathLabs Foundation has been implementing Skill Development Training centre with the help of NGOs like 'Institute of Livelihood Research and Training' (ILRT - B Able) and Sambhav Foundation (LabourNet), in Lucknow, Meerut, Kanpur (UP) Jaipur and Udaipur (Rajasthan). These centres provide training to underprivileged youth preferably from rural areas in Phlebotomy. Candidates with science background in 10+2 who want to make their career in allied health services are the ideal for the course. These centres are affiliated with Health Sector Skill Council (HSSC - NSDC). These centres help to create sustainable and dignified livelihood opportunity for the rural youth by providing training and employment opportunities. During financial year 2019-20, they trained a total of 196 candidates, certified 98 candidates and placed 58 candidates, while 244 candidates are there in ongoing batches across all the centres.

#### **Non-Communicable Disease Management :**

1. Lal PathLabs Foundation is running Project **Arogya**, focused on community-based interventions for Non-Communicable Diseases' Prevention and Control, in Kamroop (Assam) and Lucknow (UP) with VHAI as their partner and in Shimla (Himachal Pradesh), Patna and Vaishali (Bihar) with MAMTA as implementation partner. The project is being run in close co-ordination with National Health Mission (NHM) and Department of Health & Family Welfare (DoHFW) of the respective states. The focus of the project is to support and strengthen the quality of the state Health System, and Prevention & Control of NCDs. The objective of the programme is to
  - Sensitize and educate target population about their health, wellbeing and risk factors associated with NCDs
  - Motivate them to adopt healthy lifestyle and food habits through behaviour change
  - Help them in getting proper testing and treatment at local government health facilities by making them aware about NCDs.

In Bihar, this project is focusing on women in the age group of 30 to 70 years for three most common cancers, oral, breast and cervical cancers.

All this is achieved through community based screening and proper referrals to the local government health facilities. The grass root level functionaries from Health and ICDS departments like the ANMs, ASHAs, AWWs, ICDS Supervisors etc. have played a crucial role in effective implementation of these projects. Under project Arogya, we are reaching out to almost 29 Lac+ population including direct and indirect beneficiaries.

2. Under Non-Communicable Disease initiative, LPL Foundation supported **CHILD EYE**, an NGO, to procure health education books for Class VI. This initiative aims to implement the Comprehensive School Health Program (CSHP) which requires educating Class 6 students on Health Education (HE) as a curriculum. It has been implemented in three schools in Delhi.

### Other CSR Initiatives

1. **Ekal Vidyalaya project** is undertaken by CSR of Paliwal Diagnostics Pvt. Ltd., a Subsidiary of our Company through LPL Foundation. It is an ongoing project supporting 112 Ekal Schools, which imparts informal primary education to children in remote and tribal areas to make them able to enrol in formal school. Many children due to their family circumstances are not able to get admission in formal government schools. Ekal Vidyalaya's focus is to make these children learn basic alphabets, numerical, life skills that will help them in their livelihood. Under this project, we are covering up to 2800 tribal children through 15,000 direct and indirect beneficiaries.
2. Lal PathLabs Foundation supported an Old Age Home, Guru Vishram Vridh Ashram of SHEOWS. The project rescues and provides a safe & comfortable accommodation to the abandoned and destitute elderly to give them a feeling of safety & security. The adopted elders are kept by SHEOWS in a facility that has all the necessary support and medical staff to take care of them. The caregivers help the elderly to regain normal physical & mental health for a smooth transition into the old age home. The Vishram Vridh Ashram of SHEOWS has a well-equipped medical facility with equipment such as Nebulizer, Oxygen concentrator, Digital X-ray, Pathology Lab, Physiotherapy unit, Regular Medical Check-up facility and a special care unit for critical patients. Special attention is paid to the physically disabled (Paralyzed & Fractured) and mentally Disabled (Dementia and Alzheimer's).
3. Improving the Health, Education & Skilling ability of spastic children (divyangs) around the area of Mayur Vihar, Delhi is another project LPL Foundation is supporting which is being run by an NGO 'Satya Sai Ashish Society'. Basic objective of this project is to help spastic children and their families, to achieve a better ease of living, attempt a friendlier and smooth (non-corrosive) community awareness towards these children by various activities.

For Dr. Lal PathLabs, CSR initiatives are not just charity driven initiative but based on the fundamental belief that the Company must play an indispensable role alongside government, civil society and communities to solve complex development challenges of the country of skilling youths to fill the gap of trained paramedical staff in rural areas, non-communicable disease, geriatric care and spreading healthcare awareness in tribal areas. The Company believes in creating value for the stakeholders and continuously contribute towards building capacities and creating resources for the marginalized people of the society. The CSR philosophy of Dr. Lal PathLabs seeks to empower the communities across various domains through an integrated and holistic approach so that they are able to realize their full potential and enjoy a healthier and happier life.

2. **Are the programmes/projects undertaken through in-house team/own foundation/external NGO/government structures/ any other organization?**

Lal PathLabs Foundation, the CSR arm of the Company, has managed all the CSR projects. Two major projects are

implemented directly by LPL Foundation's through Foundation's own team while rest of the projects are implemented by NGOs partners under close supervision of the Foundation

3. **Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative?**

The initiatives undertaken are reviewed by the CSR Committee, constituted by the Board. The CSR operation team ensures proper and frequent monitoring of all the projects. In addition, LPL Foundation engaged KPMG as consulting agency to provide technical assistance on financial, legal, program compliance and assessment of the CSR projects. Foundation also conducted financial audit of the projects by external independent auditors.

4. **What is your Company's direct contribution to community development projects-Amount in ₹ and the details of the projects undertaken.**

Please refer to the "Report on CSR Activities" attached as annexure to the Director's Report, forming part of the Annual Report.

5. **Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is successfully adopted by the community?**

The Company undertakes its CSR activities after assessing the needs of the location and the community. It involves the respective Government departments, various stakeholders and community at large in different programmes to ensure that needs of the community are met at large.

### Principle 9

1. **What percentage of customer complaints/consumer cases are pending as on the end of Financial Year?**

There are no material consumer cases/customer complaints outstanding as at the end of Financial Year.

2. **Does the Company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? Yes/ No/N.A./Remarks (additional information)**

Not Applicable.

3. **Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the Company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/ or anti-competitive behaviour during the last five years and pending as on end of Financial Year?**

None

4. **Did your Company carry out any consumer survey/ consumer satisfaction trends?**

Yes. In 2019-20, we have initiated Digital way of capturing customer's feedback, thus we introduced NPS (Net Promoter Score). After each transaction at touchpoints like walk-in by customer at our labs & centers, home collection and contact centre, we send a feedback link to customer's registered mobile number, where they can rate whether they want to promote Dr. Lal PathLabs to their family and friends based on an overall experience. Based on the response from the customers, we capture Promoters, Passives and Detractors. We keep a repository of these feedbacks and share insights with respective teams. If a customer has rated us as detractor, our customer experience team speaks to the customer to resolve their concern. This ensures that we close end to end loop based on the customer feedback.

# Report on Corporate Governance

## I. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance is an insight into the management of affairs of the Company. It implies governance with the highest standards of professionalism, integrity, accountability, fairness, transparency, social responsiveness and business ethics for efficient and ethical conduct of business.

For your Company, Corporate Governance is more than a set of processes and compliances. It doesn't practice Corporate Governance as an act of Compliance but with the Spirit of Governance. Your Company believes in good corporate governance practices, as they are important for meeting its obligations towards shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Company's Corporate Governance philosophy is based on the following principles:

- Appropriate size and composition of the Board with each Director bringing in expertise in a different area;
- Systematic information flow to the Directors to enable them to effectively discharge their fiduciary duties;
- Ethical business conduct by the Management and Employees;
- Appropriate systems and processes for internal controls on all operations; and
- Timely and accurate disclosure of all material, operational and financial information to the stakeholders.

## II. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Your Company has an optimum mix of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors which is essential to effectuate the two main functions of the Board viz. Governance and Management.

As on March 31, 2020, the Board of Directors of your Company comprised of 10 directors out of which 3 were Executive, 2 Non-Executive and 5 Independent Directors.

The names and categories of Directors on the Board during the Financial Year 2019-20, their attendance at Board Meetings held during the Financial Year 2019-20 and at the last Annual General Meeting and the number of Directorship and Committees Chairmanship/ Membership held by them as on March 31, 2020 are given hereunder:

Name of Directors	Category#	Attendance Particulars			No. of other Directorships and Committee Memberships/ Chairmanships			Name of the Listed Companies where Company's Director is also a Director	
		Board Meetings		Last AGM held on 12.08.2019	Other Directorships*	Committee Memberships**	Committee Chairmanships**	Name of Listed Company	Category of Directorship
		Held	Attended						
(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal <sup>1</sup> (DIN: 00576638)	Chairman & PED	5	5	Yes	11	1	Nil	-	-
Dr. Vandana Lal (DIN: 00472955)	PED	5	5	Yes	3	Nil	Nil	-	-
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann <sup>2</sup> (DIN: 08432506)	PNE	4	2	No	1	Nil	Nil	-	-
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda <sup>3</sup> (DIN: 02099404)	ED	5	5	Yes	2	Nil	Nil	-	-
Mr. Rahul Sharma (DIN: 00956625)	NE	5	5	Yes	1	Nil	Nil	-	-
Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh (DIN: 01963056)	IDNE	5	4	Yes	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-
Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke (DIN: 02758084)	IDNE	5	4	No	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-
Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>4</sup> (DIN: 01020611)	IDNE	5	4	Yes	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-
Dr. Saurabh Srivastava (DIN: 00380453)	IDNE	5	4	Yes	6	2	Nil	1. Newgen Software Technologies Limited 2. Info Edge (India) Limited	1. IDNE 2. IDNE
Ms. Somya Satsangi (DIN : 07275574)	IDNE	5	5	Yes	Nil	Nil	Nil	-	-

# PED - Promoter Executive Director, PNE- Promoter Non -Executive Director, ED - Executive Director, NE - Non-Executive Director, IDNE - Independent Non-Executive Director.

\* Excludes Foreign Companies and Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.

\*\* For the purpose of considering the limit of Committee Memberships and Chairmanships of a Director, Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee of other Indian Public Companies have only been considered.

<sup>1</sup> (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal was re-designated as Executive Chairman w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>2</sup> Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

<sup>3</sup> Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was re-designated and appointed as Managing Director w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

<sup>4</sup> Mr. Sunil Varma was re-designated as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

### Number of Board Meetings

During the Financial Year 2019-20, Five (5) meetings of the Board of Directors were held and the maximum time gap between two consecutive meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty (120) days.

#### Date(s) on which meeting(s) were held

- 1 May 17, 2019
- 2 August 13, 2019
- 3 November 08, 2019
- 4 February 03, 2020
- 5 February 25, 2020

None of our Directors are related to each other, except (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal & Dr. Vandana Lal, who are husband & wife and Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann who is the daughter of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal.

The number of directorships, chairmanships and committee memberships of each director is in compliance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

#### The shareholding of Non-Executive Directors as on March 31, 2020 is as follows:

Name of Directors	Nature of Directorship	No. of Equity Shares held
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	Non-Executive Director (Promoter Group)	19,63,751
Mr. Rahul Sharma <sup>1</sup>	Non-Executive Director	NIL
Ms. Somya Satsangi	Independent Director	NIL
Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	Independent Director	NIL
Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	Independent Director	NIL
Mr. Sunil Varma	Lead Independent Director	NIL
Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	Independent Director	NIL

<sup>1</sup>Mr. Rahul Sharma, holds 1,41,983 fully vested stock options granted to him @ ₹ 311.30 in February 2015 under the ESOP 2010 Plan of the Company.

#### Familiarisation Programme for the Independent Directors

The Directors are provided with necessary documents, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarize with the Company's procedures and practices. Further, periodic presentations are made at the Board and Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company, global business environment, business strategy and risks involved. Quarterly updates on relevant statutory changes are provided to the Directors in the Board Meetings.

The details of Familiarisation Programme are disclosed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at [https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Familiarization\\_Programme\\_for\\_Independent\\_Directors1.pdf](https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Familiarization_Programme_for_Independent_Directors1.pdf)

#### Core skills/expertise/competencies of Board of Directors

In context of your Company's business, the Board of Directors have identified the following:

- i. Core skills/expertise/competencies for it to function effectively
- ii. Directors who possess such core skills/expertise/competencies

S. No	Skills/Expertise/Competencies	Brief Descriptions	Directors who possess these Skills/ Expertise/Competencies
1	Communication and relationship Skills	Ability to communicate expectations and concerns in a constructive manner and develop meaningful interpersonal relationships with other Board members and executive management.	1. (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal 2. Dr. Vandana Lal 3. Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann 4. Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda
2	Commitment and Engagement	Commitment to the Company, its culture, values and people; displaying a commitment to the Board and the role individual Directors play in ensuring overall Board effectiveness.	5. Mr. Rahul Sharma 6. Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh 7. Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke 8. Mr. Sunil Varma 9. Dr. Saurabh Srivastava 10. Ms. Somya Satsangi

S. No	Skills/Expertise/Competencies	Brief Descriptions	Directors who possess these Skills/Expertise/Competencies
3	Board and Governance skills	Experience and knowledge of Board governance practices. Clear understanding of roles and responsibilities of the Board of a Company and responsibilities as a Director of the Company.	1. (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal 2. Dr. Vandana Lal 3. Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda 4. Mr. Rahul Sharma 5. Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh 6. Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke 7. Mr. Sunil Varma 8. Dr. Saurabh Srivastava 9. Ms. Somya Satsangi
4	Specialized Industry and Environmental Knowledge	Specialized knowledge of the industry and environment (s) in which the Company is doing business. Ability to assess and manage strategic and operational risks including but not limited to regulatory and legal risks.	1. (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal 2. Dr. Vandana Lal 3. Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann 4. Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda 5. Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh
5	Finance, Accounting and Financial Reporting and management of financial risk	In depth understanding of financial reporting and the accounting and control practices required to manage financial risks	1. (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal 2. Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda 3. Mr. Rahul Sharma 4. Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh 5. Mr. Sunil Varma 6. Dr. Saurabh Srivastava 7. Ms. Somya Satsangi
6	Information Technology	Information Technology expertise with knowledge of current and emerging technologies.	1. Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann 2. Mr. Rahul Sharma 3. Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh 4. Mr. Sunil Varma 5. Dr. Saurabh Srivastava 6. Ms. Somya Satsangi

### Confirmation of Independence

Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

In the opinion of the Board, the independent directors fulfill the conditions of independence criteria as specified in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and are independent from the management.

### III. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Your Company has a duly constituted Audit Committee and its composition meets the requirements of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

All members of the Committee are financially literate and have accounting or related financial management expertise.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, Four (4) meetings of Audit Committee were held on May 17, August 13, November 8, 2019 and February 03, 2020.

The composition of the Audit Committee and the attendance details of the members are given below:-

Name of Members	#Category	Position	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Sunil Varma	IDNE	Chairman	4
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda <sup>1</sup>	ED	Member	3
Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	IDNE	Member	4
Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	IDNE	Member	4

#IDNE – Independent Non-Executive Director, ED - Executive Director.

<sup>1</sup>Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda was inducted as Member of the Audit Committee w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

Mr. Rajat Kalra, Company Secretary of the Company is the Secretary of the Committee.

In addition to the members of Audit Committee, these meetings are also attended by Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Internal and Statutory Auditors and other executives considered necessary for providing inputs to the Committee.

### Terms of reference

#### The brief terms of reference, inter-alia, includes the following:

1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
2. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by them;
4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - (i) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Director's Report in terms of clause I of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
  - (ii) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - (iii) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by the management of the Company;
  - (iv) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
  - (v) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
  - (vi) Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
  - (vii) Qualifications in the draft audit report.
5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
8. Formulating a policy on related party transactions, which shall include materiality of related party transactions;
9. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
10. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
11. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
12. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
13. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
14. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
15. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
16. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
17. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
18. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
19. To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
20. Approval of the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
21. Overseeing the vigil mechanism including to whom directors and employee shall report in case of any concern;
22. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/ investment by the holding Company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision; and
23. Carrying out any other function as mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

### IV. NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Your Company has a duly constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee and its composition meets the requirements of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, Four (4) meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee were held on May 16, August 13, November 08, 2019 and February 03, 2020.

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the attendance details of the members as on March 31, 2020 are given below: -

Name of Members	#Category	Position	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	IDNE	Chairman	4
Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	IDNE	Member	3
Mr. Rahul Sharma	NE	Member	4
Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	IDNE	Member	4
Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>1</sup>	IDNE	Member	3

#IDNE - Independent Non-Executive Director; NE - Non-Executive Director

<sup>1</sup>Mr. Sunil Varma was inducted as Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, pursuant to his appointment as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

Mr. Rajat Kalra, Company Secretary of the Company is the Secretary of the Committee.

#### Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, inter alia, includes the following:

- (i) Identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with a prescribed criteria, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- (ii) Lay down the evaluation criteria for performance evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- (iii) Carry out evaluation of every Director's performance and also the performance of the Board.
- (iv) Formulation of the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.
- (v) Recommending to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. While formulating the policy, the committee must ensure that:
  - a. The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully.
  - b. Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
  - c. Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- (vi) Devise a policy on Board diversity.
- (vii) Perform such functions as are required to be performed by the Compensation Committee under the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.
- (viii) Framing suitable policies and procedures to ensure that there is no violation of securities laws, as amended from time to time, including SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003 by the Company and its employees, as applicable.
- (ix) Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to Senior Management.
- (x) Perform such other activities as may be delegated by the Board of Directors and/or statutorily prescribed under any law to be attended to by such Committee.

#### Performance evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Board has carried out the annual evaluation of (i) its own performance; (ii) Individual Directors Performance (Including Independent Directors); (iii) Chairman of the Board; and (iv) Performance of all Committees of the Board, for the Financial Year 2019-20. A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance. A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgment, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Non Independent Directors and Chairman was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

#### V. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Your Company has a duly constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee and its composition meets the requirements of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, Two (2) meetings of Stakeholders Relationship Committee were held on May 16 and November 8, 2019.

The composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and the attendance details of the members are given below:

Name of Members	#Category	Position	No. of meetings attended
Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	IDNE	Chairman	2
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	ED	Member	2
Mr. Rahul Sharma	NE	Member	2
Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>1</sup>	IDNE	Member	1

#IDNE - Independent Non-Executive Director; ED - Executive Director; NE - Non-Executive Director

<sup>1</sup>Mr. Sunil Varma was inducted as Member of Stakeholders Relationship Committee, pursuant to his appointment as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

Mr. Rajat Kalra, Company Secretary of the Company is the Secretary of the Committee.

#### Terms of Reference:-

The Committee supervises the systems of redressal of Investor Grievances and ensures cordial investor relations. Its terms of reference are provided herein below:

- Redressal of all security holders' and investors' grievances such as complaints related to transfer of shares, including non-receipt of share certificates and review of cases for refusal of transfer/transmission of shares and debentures, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividends, non-receipt of annual reports, etc. and assisting with quarterly reporting of such complaints.
- Giving effect to all transfer/transmission of shares and debentures, dematerialization of shares and re-materialization of shares, split and issue of duplicate/consolidated share certificates, compliance with all the requirements related to shares, debentures and other securities from time to time.
- Overseeing the performance of the registrars and transfer agents of our Company and to recommend measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Carrying out such other functions as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

#### Compliance Officer

Mr. Rajat Kalra, Company Secretary and Legal Head is the Compliance Officer of the Company. His contact details are as follows:

#### Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited

12th Floor, Tower-B, SAS Tower, Medicity,  
Sector-38, Gurugram - 122001  
Ph: +91 124 3016500  
Fax: +91 124 4234468  
E-mail: [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com)

The details of shareholders' complaints received and resolved during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 are given in the table below:

Particulars	No. of Complaints
Number of Shareholders' complaints outstanding as at April 1, 2019	0
Number of shareholders' complaints received during the Financial Year	230
Number of shareholders' complaints solved to the satisfaction of shareholders during the Financial Year	224
Number of pending shareholders' complaints as at March 31, 2020	6

#### VI. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Your Company has a duly constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and its composition meets the requirements of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, One (1) meeting of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was held on May 13, 2019.

The composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and the attendance details of the members as on March 31, 2020 are given below: -

Name of Members	#Category	Position	No. of meetings attended
(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	Chairman	Chairman & PED	1
Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	IDNE	Member	1
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	ED	Member	1
Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>1</sup>	IDNE	Member	-

#PED - Promoter Executive Director; IDNE - Independent Non-Executive Director; ED - Executive Director

<sup>1</sup>Mr. Sunil Varma was inducted as Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, pursuant to his appointment as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

Mr. Rajat Kalra, Company Secretary of the Company is the Secretary of the Committee.

**Terms of Reference:-**

The terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, inter alia, includes the following:

- (i) Formulate and Recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (ii) Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities referred in Schedule VII.
- (iii) Monitor the CSR Policy of the Company from time to time.
- (iv) Such other activities as the Board of Directors may determine from time to time.

**VII. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

Your Company has duly constituted a Risk Management Committee in compliance of Regulation 21 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, Two (2) meetings of Risk Management Committee were held on May 16 and November 8, 2019.

The composition of the Risk Management Committee as on March 31, 2020 is given below:

Name of Members	#Category	Position	No. of meetings attended
Ms. Somya Satsangi	IDNE	Chairperson	2
Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	IDNE	Member	2
Mr. Rahul Sharma	NE	Member	2
Mr. Sunil Varma <sup>1</sup>	IDNE	Member	1
Mr. Bharath U <sup>2</sup>	Chief Executive Officer	Member	2
Mr. Munender Soperna	Chief Information Officer	Member	2

#IDNE - Independent Non-Executive Director; NE - Non-Executive Director

<sup>1</sup>Mr. Sunil Varma was inducted as Member of Risk Management Committee, pursuant to his appointment as Lead Independent Director w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

<sup>2</sup>Mr. Bharath U was re-designated as Chief Executive Officer w.e.f. April 1, 2020.

Mr. Rajat Kalra, Company Secretary of the Company is the Secretary of the Committee.

**Terms of Reference:-**

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee, includes the following:

- (i) Implementation of Risk Management Systems and Framework.
- (ii) Reviewing and approving the Company's financial and risk management policies.
- (iii) Risk assessment and minimization procedures.
- (iv) To promote Enterprise-wide Risk Management and obtain comfort based on adequate and appropriate evidence that the Management of the Company ensures the implementation and effective functioning of the entire risk management process.
- (v) To review the Company's cyber security and other information technology risks, controls and procedures, including the Company's plans to mitigate cyber security risks and to respond to data breaches.
- (vi) To review and reassess the adequacy of this charter periodically and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval from time to time.
- (vii) Such other activities as the Board may determine from time to time.

## VIII. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The table below gives details of Remuneration of Directors for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020.

(Amount in ₹)

Name of Directors	Salary & Perquisites	Performance Linked Incentive	Commission	Contribution towards Provident Fund	Sitting Fees	Severance Fee	Service Contract	Notice Period	Total
(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	2,35,57,188	-	-	6,10,860	-	None, unless otherwise agreed by Board of Directors	5 years	3 months	2,41,68,048
Dr. Vandana Lal	1,88,65,680	-	-	4,89,816	-	None, unless otherwise agreed by Board of Directors	5 years	3 months	1,93,55,496
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann <sup>1</sup>	-	-	8,74,317	-	1,00,000	-	-	-	9,74,317
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	30,96,0180 <sup>2</sup>	54,54,750	-	17,74,488	-	None, unless otherwise agreed by Board of Directors	5 years	3 months	3,81,89,418
Mr. Rahul Sharma	-	-	10,00,000	-	6,50,000	-	-	-	16,50,000
Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke	-	-	10,00,000	-	4,50,000	-	-	-	14,50,000
Mr. Sunil Varma	-	-	12,50,000	-	13,00,000	-	-	-	25,50,000
Dr. Saurabh Srivastava	-	-	12,50,000	-	7,50,000	-	-	-	20,00,000
Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh	-	-	12,50,000	-	7,50,000	-	-	-	20,00,000
Ms. Somya Satsangi	-	-	12,50,000	-	4,00,000	-	-	-	16,50,000

<sup>1</sup>Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board w.e.f. May 17, 2019.

<sup>2</sup>Does not include a non-cash (stock related) perk of ₹ 10,88,25,589/- on exercise of Stock options.

Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda also holds certain stock options granted under Dr. Lal PathLabs Employees Restricted Stock Unit Plan 2016 of the Company. The details of the same as on March 31, 2020 are as under:

Grant Date	No. of options granted	Grant Price for the options (in ₹)	Vesting Details	
			No. of options vested/to be vested	Vesting Dates
July 29, 2016	82,677*	10	20,152	July 28, 2017
			20,669	July 28, 2018
			20,669	July 28, 2019
			20,670	July 28, 2020
August 7, 2017	83,066**	10	12,460	August 06, 2018
			16,613	August 06, 2019
			24,920	August 06, 2020
			29,073	August 06, 2021
August 10, 2018	83,332**	10	12,500	August 09, 2019
			16,666	August 09, 2020
			25,000	August 09, 2021
			29,166	August 09, 2022
August 13, 2019	83,341**	10	12,501	August 12, 2020
			16,668	August 12, 2021
			25,002	August 12, 2022
			29,170	August 12, 2023

\*50% of the stock options shall vest on the date of vesting and the balance of upto 50% shall vest on the basis of Company Performance Factor to be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee for every Financial Year. The vested options can be exercised over a period of 5 years from the date of vesting.

\*\*25% of the stock options shall vest on the date of vesting and the balance upto 75% shall vest on the basis of Company Performance Factor and Individual Performance to be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee for every Financial Year. The vested options can be exercised over a period of 5 years from the date of vesting.

#### Criteria for making payments to Non-Executive Directors

The criteria for making payments to Non-Executive Directors is defined in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company, annexed to this Annual Report.

#### IX. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Details of Annual General Meetings held during the last three years, are as under:

Financial Year	Date	Venue	No. of Special Resolutions set out at the AGM
2018-19	August 12, 2019 at 10:30 AM	Air Force Auditorium, Subroto Park, New Delhi - 110 010	Nil
2017-18	August 13, 2018 at 10:30 AM	Air Force Auditorium, Subroto Park, New Delhi - 110 010	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Re-appointment of Mr. Arun Duggal (DIN: 00024262) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) years.</li> <li>2. Re-appointment of Mr. Anoop Mahendra Singh (DIN: 01963056) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) years.</li> <li>3. Re-appointment of Mr. Harneet Singh Chandhoke (DIN 02758084) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) years.</li> <li>4. Re-appointment of Mr. Sunil Varma (DIN: 01020611) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) years.</li> <li>5. Re-appointment of Dr. Saurabh Srivastava (DIN: 00380453) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) years</li> </ol>
2016-17	July 20, 2017 at 10:30 AM	Air Force Auditorium, Subroto Park, New Delhi - 110 010	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Approval for Increase in the Commission to be paid to Independent Directors of the Company</li> <li>2. Approval for payment of remuneration to (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.</li> <li>3. Approval for payment of remuneration to Dr. Vandana Lal under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.</li> </ol>

#### POSTAL BALLOT

During the Financial Year 2019-20, pursuant to Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory amendment(s) or re-enactment(s) made thereunder), your Company passed the following special resolution through postal ballot:

***Payment of remuneration to Mr. Rahul Sharma (DIN: 00956625), Non-Executive Director, for the Financial Year 2019-20 exceeding fifty percent of the total remuneration payable to all Non-Executive Directors.***

Date of Postal Ballot Notice	November 8, 2019
Cut-off Date of register of members for dispatch of notice	November 15, 2019
Voting Period	December 3, 2019 at 9:00 A.M. to January 1, 2020 at 5:00 P.M.
Date of passing resolution	January 1, 2020
Date of declaration of result	January 3, 2020

The Board had appointed Mr. Prashant Kumar Balodia (Membership No. FCS 6047 & Certificate of Practice No. 6153) Partner, M/s PDS & Co., Company Secretaries, as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot voting process in a fair and transparent manner

The details of voting pattern in respect of the Special Resolution passed through postal Ballot is as under:

Category	Mode of Voting	No. of shares held (1)	No. of votes polled (2)	% of Votes Polled on outstanding shares (3)=[2/1*100]	No. of Votes – in favour (4)	No. of Votes – against (5)	% of Votes in favour on votes polled (6)=[4/2] *100	% of Votes against on votes polled (7)=[5/2]*100
<b>Promoter and Promoter Group</b>	E-Voting		4,74,31,898	100.00	4,74,31,898	0	100.00	0.00
	Poll	4,74,31,898	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00
	Postal Ballot		0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>4,74,31,898</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Public- Institutions</b>	E-Voting		1,99,80,472	79.31	1,87,78,484	12,01,988	93.98	6.02
	Poll	2,51,91,523	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00
	Postal Ballot		0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,51,91,523</b>	<b>1,99,80,472</b>	<b>79.31</b>	<b>1,87,78,484</b>	<b>12,01,988</b>	<b>93.98</b>	<b>6.02</b>
<b>Public- Non Institutions</b>	E-Voting		55,92,865	57.04	55,92,395	470	99.99	0.01
	Poll	98,05,314	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00
	Postal Ballot		797	0.00	642	155	80.55	19.45
	<b>Total</b>	<b>98,05,314</b>	<b>55,93,662</b>	<b>57.05</b>	<b>55,93,037</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>99.99</b>	<b>0.01</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>8,24,28,735</b>	<b>7,30,06,032</b>	<b>88.57</b>	<b>7,18,03,419</b>	<b>12,02,613</b>	<b>98.35</b>	<b>1.65</b>	

None of the business proposed to be transacted at the ensuing Annual General Meeting requires passing of special resolution through postal ballot.

#### Procedure for Postal Ballot:

During the conduct of the Postal Ballot, the Company provided e-voting facility to its shareholders to cast their votes electronically through e-voting platform by CDSL. Postal Ballot forms, notice and postage pre-paid business reply envelopes were sent to shareholders to enable them to cast their vote in writing on the postal ballot. The Company also published a notice in the newspaper declaring the details of completion of dispatch and other requirements as mandated under the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Rules. The scrutinizer submitted the report after completion of the scrutiny and the results of voting by postal ballot were then announced. The voting results were communicated to the Stock Exchanges besides being displayed on the website of the Company, i.e. [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com) and on the website of CDSL at [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com).

#### X. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly/half-yearly/yearly results are intimated to the Stock Exchanges immediately after the Board Meeting at which they are approved. The results of the Company are also published in at least one national newspaper (usually Financial Express) and one regional newspaper (usually Jansatta) having wide circulation.

The results along with presentations made by the Company to Analysts/Investors are also posted on the website of the Company viz. [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com). The Company's website also displays all official news releases.

The Company organizes investor conference calls to discuss its financial results every quarter, where investor queries are answered by the Executive Management of the Company. The transcripts of the conference calls are posted on our website.

All price sensitive information and matters that are material to shareholders are disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, where the securities of the Company are listed.

#### XI. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

a. **Corporate Identification Number:** L74899DL1995PLC065388

b. **Annual General Meeting:**

The 26<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company is scheduled to be held as under:-

Date and Time July 30, 2020 at 10.30 AM

Venue The Company is conducting meeting through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circular dated May 5, 2020 and thus venue requirements are not applicable for this AGM. For details please refer to the Notice of this AGM.

**c. Financial Year**

The Company follows Financial Year from April 1 to March 31. The Current Financial Year of the Company is April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

**d. Listing on Stock Exchanges:**

Name of Stock Exchange	Security Code/ Symbol	Address
BSE Limited	539524	Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai- 400001
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	LALPATHLAB	Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051

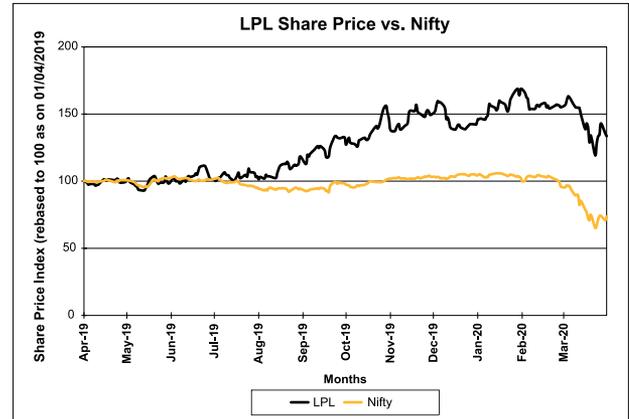
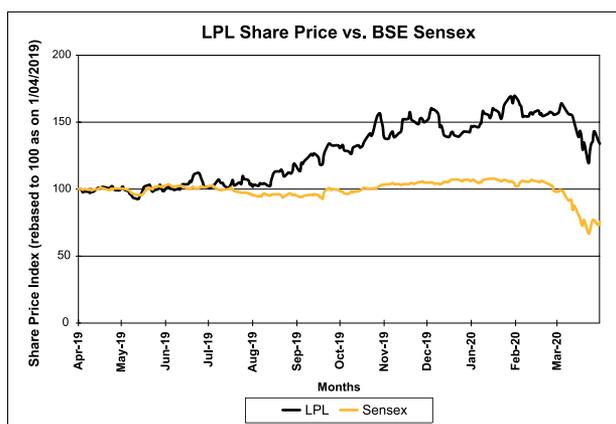
Listing fees for the Financial Year 2019-20 & 2020-21 have been paid to both the Stock Exchanges.

**e. Market Price Data & Share price performance:**

The monthly High & Low Share price during each month, of the last Financial Year is as below:

Month	BSE Limited		National Stock Exchange (NSE)	
	(In ₹ Per Share)			
	High	Low	High	Low
Apr-19	1,150.00	1,010.00	1,100.00	1,002.15
May-19	1,103.65	950.10	1,105.10	955.00
Jun-19	1,180.05	1,025.00	1,178.10	1,020.00
Jul-19	1,180.00	1,032.00	1,174.40	1,031.45
Aug-19	1,261.95	1,052.55	1,259.90	1,054.00
Sep-19	1,475.00	1,154.05	1,474.00	1,170.00
Oct-19	1,663.90	1,310.00	1,665.00	1,310.00
Nov-19	1,698.00	1,416.00	1,698.50	1,415.00
Dec-19	1,693.80	1,450.00	1,688.00	1,450.00
Jan-20	1,795.00	1,490.50	1,794.60	1,487.50
Feb-20	1,845.90	1,565.80	1,846.00	1,565.00
Mar-20	1,758.85	1,181.80	1,758.00	1,179.55

**f. Company's equity share price comparison with BSE Sensex and S&P CNX Nifty:**



**g. Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:**

Link Intime India Private Limited  
Noble Heights, 1st Floor,  
Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC,  
Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri,  
New Delhi - 110058,  
+91 11 49411000 | Fax: +91 11 4141 0591

**h. Share Transfer System:**

All share transfer and other communications regarding share certificates, change of address, dividends, etc. should be addressed to Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

Stakeholders Relationship Committee is authorized to approve transfer of shares in the physical segment. The Committee has delegated authority for approving transfer and transmission of shares and other related matters to the officer(s) of the Company. The Company obtains from a Company Secretary in practice, half yearly certificate of compliance with the share transfer formalities as required under Regulation 40(9) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and files a copy of the same with the Stock Exchanges.

**i. Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2020:**

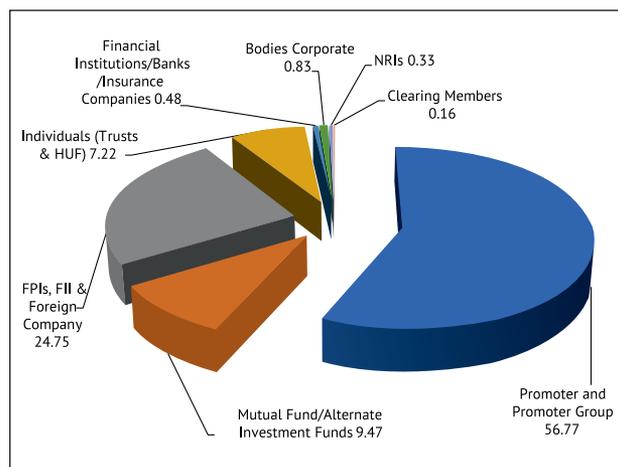
**a) Distribution of Shareholding**

Slab	Shareholders		No. of Shares	
	Number	% to total	Shares	% to total
1 - 500	60,694	98.05	28,00,952	3.36
501 - 1,000	545	0.88	3,84,107	0.46
1,001 - 2,000	219	0.35	3,04,920	0.37
2,001 - 3,000	84	0.14	2,04,982	0.25
3,001 - 4,000	47	0.08	1,63,994	0.20
4,001 - 5,000	29	0.05	1,29,728	0.16
5,001 - 10,000	67	0.11	4,92,535	0.59
10,001 - Above	213	0.34	7,88,63,659	94.62
<b>Total</b>	<b>61,898</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>8,33,44,877</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**b) Categories of Equity Shareholders as on March 31, 2020**

S. No.	Category	No of Shares held	% of Share holding
1	Promoter and Promoter Group	4,73,18,230	56.77
2	Mutual Fund/Alternate Investment Funds	78,89,536	9.47
3	FPI, FII & Foreign Company	2,06,27,958	24.75
4	Individuals (including Trusts & HUF)	60,18,999	7.22
5	Financial Institutions/Banks/ Insurance Companies	3,95,990	0.48
6	Bodies Corporate	6,87,746	0.83
7	Non - Resident Indians	2,72,225	0.33
8	Clearing Members	1,34,193	0.16
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,33,44,877</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**Graphic presentation of the Shareholding pattern as on March 31, 2020**



**j. Dematerialisation of Shares and Liquidity**

The shares of the Company are compulsorily traded in dematerialized form. All equity shares except 1 (One) have been dematerialized as on March 31, 2020. The equity shares of the Company are actively traded at BSE & NSE.

**k. Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or Convertible Instruments**

No GDRs/ ADRs/Warrants or Convertible Instruments has been issued by the Company.

**l. Commodity price risk or foreign risk and hedging activities.**

The Company does not have commodity price risk nor does the Company engage in hedging activities.

**m. Plant Locations**

The Company does not have any manufacturing or processing plants.

**n. Address for Correspondence**

Registered Office	Corporate Office
Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi-110085 Ph: +91-11-30258600 Fax: + 91-11-2788134 E-mail: <a href="mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com">cs@lalpathlabs.com</a>	Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited 12th Floor, Tower-B, SAS Tower, Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram - 122001 Ph: +91 124 3016500 Fax: +91 124 4234468 E-mail: <a href="mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com">cs@lalpathlabs.com</a>

Your Company has also designated [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com) as an exclusive email ID for investors for the purpose of registering their complaints and the same has been displayed on Company's website also.

**o. List of Credit Ratings**

Following is the list of credit ratings obtained by the Company from CRISIL during the Financial Year 2019-20.

Total Bank Loan Facilities Rated	₹ 60 Crore
Long - Term Rating	CRISIL AA-/Stable ( Reaffirmed)
Short - Term Rating	CRISIL A1+ ( Reaffirmed)

There was no revision in credit ratings during the Financial Year 2019-20.

**XII. DISCLOSURES**

**a. Related Party Transactions (RPTs)**

The Company has not entered into any materially significant transactions with the related parties that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large. Transactions with related parties are being disclosed in Note 46 to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company forming part of the Annual Report and are transacted after obtaining applicable approval(s), wherever required. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company have formulated the Policy on dealing with RPTs which can be accessed at the Company's website through the following link:

<https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Policy-on-Related-Party-Transactions.pdf>

**b. Non-Compliances by the Company**

During the last three years, there were no strictures or penalties imposed on the Company either by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI, or any other statutory authority for non-compliance of any matter related to capital markets except a notice from NSE dated November 27, 2018 regarding delayed disclosure of Postal Ballot Voting Results and thereby levying a fine of ₹ 10,000/-.

The result were to be submitted within 48 hours of closure of Postal Ballot and apparently there was inadvertent delay of few minutes by the Company in such submission.

**c. Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy**

The Company is committed to conduct its business in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Company promotes ethical behavior in its operations and has a Vigil mechanism which is overseen through the Audit Committee. Under the Vigil Mechanism, employees are free to report violations of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct. During the year under review, no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee.

The policy on Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company and can be accessed through the following link: <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

**d. Details of compliance with mandatory requirements on Corporate Governance under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015**

The Company has complied with the mandatory requirements on Corporate Governance under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**e. Subsidiary Companies**

Your Company does not have any material subsidiary Company in terms of Regulation 16(c) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Board of Directors of the Company have formulated a policy for determining "material" subsidiaries. The said Policy has been placed on the website of the Company and can be accessed through the following link:

<https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/Policy-for-determining-Material-Subsidiaries.pdf>

**f. Practicing CS Certification**

A certificate from a Company Secretary in Practice that as on March 31, 2020, none of the directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of Company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 1**.

**g. Statutory Auditor Fee**

The total fee paid by the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor for all the services during the Financial Year 2019 -20 is ₹ 15.15 million.

**h. Disclosure under the sexual harassment of women at Workplace (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013**

In compliance of the terms of the sexual harassment of women at Workplace (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, the Company has in place a policy to prevent and deal with sexual harassment at workplace.

Following is the status of Complaints received under the sexual harassment of women at Workplace (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013 during the Financial Year 2019-20.

- a. number of complaints filed during the financial year - 14
- b. number of complaints disposed of during the financial year - 13
- c. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year - 1

**i. Detail of compliance with the corporate governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of sub - regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Regulations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.**

The Company is in compliance with the applicable corporate governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Further, securities of the Company have not been suspended for trading at any point of time during the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

**j. Disclosures with respect to demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account.**

There are no shares which are lying in demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account.

**k. Insider Trading**

In terms of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations 2015 ('PIT Regulations'), the Company has a comprehensive Code of Conduct for regulating, monitoring and reporting of trading by Insiders. The said Code lays down guidelines which provide for the procedure to be followed and disclosures whilst dealing with shares of the Company. Further, in terms of the PIT Regulations, the Company has in place a Code of Practices and Procedures of Fair Disclosures of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.

**L. Board Procedures**

The Board meets at least once in a quarter to review financial results and operations of the Company. In addition to the above, the Board also meets as and when necessary to address specific issues concerning the businesses of your Company. The tentative annual calendar of Board Meetings for the ensuing year is decided in advance by the Board.

The Board Meetings are governed by a structured Agenda. The Agenda along with detailed explanatory notes and supporting material are circulated in advance before each meeting to all the Directors for facilitating effective discussion and decision making. The Board has access to any information within your Company which includes the information as specified in Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**m. Independent Directors' Meeting**

In accordance with the provisions of Schedule IV (Code for Independent Directors) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on May 16, 2019 without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and where in all Independent Directors were present in person.

The Company Secretary was an invitee to the said meeting and facilitated the conduct of the meeting.

**n. Non- mandatory requirements:**

The Company has adopted the following non-mandatory requirements on Corporate Governance:-

**i. Board**

Since your Company did not have a Non-Executive Chairman during the Financial Year 2019-20, hence, the requirement of maintaining a Chairman's Office was not applicable to the Company.

**ii. Shareholder Rights**

The quarterly and half yearly financial results of your Company are published in widely circulated newspapers and additionally are displayed on the Company's website [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com).

The Company sends the financial statements along with the Directors' Report and Auditor's Report to shareholders every year.

**iii. Audit qualifications**

There was no audit qualification on your Company's financial statements, during the year under review.

**iv. Reporting of Internal Auditor**

The Internal Auditors of the Company i.e. M/s Grant Thornton India LLP directly reports to the Audit Committee of the Company.

**XIII. CODE OF CONDUCT**

The Board of Directors has laid down a Code of Conduct, which is applicable to all Directors and Senior Management personnel of the Company. The Code has also been posted on the website of the Company.

All Board Members and Senior Management Executives have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the Financial Year 2019-20.

An annual declaration signed by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company affirming compliance to the Code by the Board of Directors and the Senior Management is annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 2**. The Code of Conduct is available on website of the Company and can be accessed through the following link:

<https://www.lalpathlabs.com/pdf/brochures/Code-of-Conduct-for-Directors-and-Senior-Management.pdf>

**XIV. CEO/ CFO CERTIFICATION**

In compliance with Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a certificate from Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company to the Board of Directors as specified in Part B of Schedule II of the said regulations is annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 3**.

**XV. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

In compliance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a certificate on Corporate Governance issued by Company Secretary in Practice is annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 4**.

**XVI. SHAREHOLDERS SATISFACTION SURVEY**

The Company invites feedback from all Shareholders on various services areas that it continually works on.

The feedback in the form of a questionnaire is attached along with Notice of convening 26<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.

Shareholders are requested to fill up the "**Shareholders Satisfaction Survey**" form and provide their valuable feedback by emailing the same at [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com) through their registered e-mail ID or sending the signed copy at the Corporate Office of the Company at 12th Floor, Tower B, SAS Tower, Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram – 122001.

## Annexures to Report on Corporate Governance for the Financial Year Ended March 31, 2020

### Annexure - 1

#### CERTIFICATE UNDER SCHEDULE V OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

The Members

**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**  
Block E, Sector-18, Rohini,  
New Delhi-110085

Based on the disclosures/declarations received from Directors appointed on the Board of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("the Company"), we hereby certify that as on March 31, 2020, none of the Directors on the Board of Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of the Company by Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

*For PDS & CO.*  
**Company Secretaries**

**Prashant Kumar Balodia**  
(Partner)  
Membership No. 6047

Certificate of Practice No. 6153  
UDIN: F006047B000249466

**Date: May 18, 2020**  
**Place: Delhi**

### Annexure - 2

#### DECLARATION - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I, Bharath U, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby declare that the Board Members and the Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020.

**Date: May 18, 2020**  
**Place: Gurugram**

**Bharath U**  
Chief Executive Officer

### Annexure - 3

#### CEO AND CFO CERTIFICATION

**The Board of Directors,**  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

We, the undersigned to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

- a) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the Financial Year 2019-20 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - I. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material factor contain statements that might be misleading.
  - II. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit committee :
  - 1) significant changes in the internal control over financial reporting during this year;
  - 2) significant changes in the accounting policies this year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - 3) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control systems over financial reporting.

**Bharath U**  
Chief Executive Officer

**Date: May 18, 2020**  
**Place: Gurugram**

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
Chief Financial Officer

Annexure - 4

**CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CERTIFICATE**

**To**  
**The Members**  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("the Company"), for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 as stipulated under the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

The compliance of regulations of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the regulations of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under the Listing Regulations.

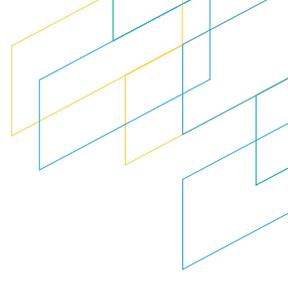
We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

*For PDS & CO.*  
**Company Secretaries**

**Prashant Kumar Balodia**  
**(Partner)**

**Membership No. 6047**  
**Certificate of Practice No. 6153**  
**UDIN: F006047B000249521**

**Date: May 18, 2020**  
**Place: Delhi**



## STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

---

# Independent Auditor's Report

## To The Members of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March, 2020, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	<p><b>Revenue recognition – Reliance on information technology and system for controls over pricing master file</b></p> <p>We identified reliance on information technology and system for controls over pricing master file as a key audit matter due to likelihood of material misstatement in revenue recognition, resulting from unauthorised alterations to the pricing master file, on account of high volume of patient transactions.</p> <p>Refer to note 2.3 and note 26 to the standalone financial statements.</p>	<p>Principal audit procedures performed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtained an understanding of and assessed and tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of relevant internal controls relating to authorisation of alterations to the pricing master file.</li> <li>• Tested the controls around the access rights to the price masters by involving information technology specialists.</li> <li>• Tested the automated controls for auto pick of the prices defined in the system based on the tests selected.</li> <li>• Tested the reports of changes in the pricing master files for completeness and accuracy by involving information technology specialists and for the selected samples of alterations during the year, verified that the changes were authorised.</li> <li>• Selected samples of the invoices and verified the billed price in respect thereof, to the underlying agreements.</li> </ul>

#### Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report and Report on Corporate Governance, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

- In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,

design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public

disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,

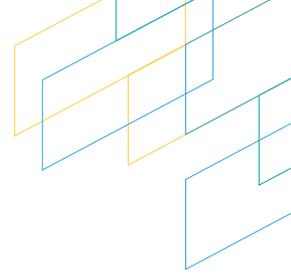
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer note 36 to the standalone financial statements.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses - Refer note 51 to the standalone financial statements.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company - Refer note 52 to the standalone financial statements.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

**For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Place: Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner  
(Membership No. 87104)  
(UDIN: 20087104AAAACJ5220)



# “Annexure A” to the Independent Auditor’s Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited** (“the Company”) as of 31 March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on “the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2020, based on “the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”.

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm’s Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
(Partner)

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

(Membership No. 87104)  
(UDIN: 20087104AAAACJ5220)

# “Annexure B” to the Independent Auditor’s Report

## (Referred to in paragraph 2 under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

- (i) In respect of its property, plant and equipment:
- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
  - (b) The Company has a program of verification of property, plant and equipment to cover all the items in a phased manner over a period of two years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets, and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as property, plant and equipment in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lessee in the agreement.
- (ii) In our opinion, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion and According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. The Company does not have any unclaimed deposits and accordingly the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to running of laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, *prima facie*, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the records of the Company examined by us, in respect of statutory dues:
- (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income-tax, Customs Duty, Goods and Services Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income-tax, Customs Duty, Goods and Services Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (c) There are no dues of Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax and Customs Duty as on 31 March, 2020 on account of disputes.
- (viii) The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause (viii) of CARO 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause (ix) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid / provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of CARO 2016 is not applicable to the Company.

(xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, as applicable, or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-10018)

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner  
(Membership No. 87104)  
(UDIN : 20087104AAAACJ5220)

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

This space has been intentionally left blank

# Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>1. Non-current assets</b>			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3a	1,467.19	1,513.12
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3a	103.00	28.67
(c) Right-of-use assets	3b	1,302.89	-
(d) Goodwill	4	10.80	10.80
(e) Other intangible assets	5	184.38	205.63
(f) Intangible assets under development	5	9.94	-
(g) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	6	938.83	323.73
(ii) Loans	7	0.26	0.05
(iii) Other financial assets	8	131.32	187.25
(h) Non-current tax assets (net)	9	171.67	125.59
(i) Deferred tax assets (net)	10	221.81	210.78
(j) Other non-current assets	11	13.15	97.20
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>4,555.24</b>	<b>2,702.82</b>
<b>2. Current assets</b>			
(a) Inventories	12	550.01	278.08
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	13	1,588.91	1,816.74
(ii) Trade receivables	14	502.52	530.96
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	15a	1,892.43	1,239.48
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	15b	3,599.51	3,541.65
(v) Loans	16	9.04	9.35
(vi) Other financial assets	17	326.38	450.90
(c) Other current assets	18	155.31	95.13
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>8,624.11</b>	<b>7,962.29</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>13,179.35</b>	<b>10,665.11</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>1. Equity</b>			
(a) Equity share capital	19	833.45	833.42
(b) Other equity	20	9,329.37	8,474.93
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>10,162.82</b>	<b>9,308.35</b>
<b>2. Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Other financial liabilities	21	903.60	12.17
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>903.60</b>	<b>12.17</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	22		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		62.03	21.94
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,065.42	749.78
<b>sub-total</b>		<b>1,127.45</b>	<b>771.72</b>
(ii) Other financial liabilities	23	698.47	285.32
(b) Provisions	24	144.24	131.00
(c) Current tax liabilities (net)	9	1.67	44.83
(d) Other current liabilities	25	141.10	111.72
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>2,112.93</b>	<b>1,344.59</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>3,016.53</b>	<b>1,356.76</b>
<b>Total Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>13,179.35</b>	<b>10,665.11</b>
<b>See accompanying notes to the Standalone Financial Statements</b>	<b>1-53</b>		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

# Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>1. Income</b>			
(a) Revenue from operations	26	12,735.98	11,648.99
(b) Other income	27	576.09	464.94
<b>Total income</b>		<b>13,312.07</b>	<b>12,113.93</b>
<b>2. Expenses</b>			
(a) Cost of materials consumed	28	2,868.68	2,549.63
(b) Employee benefits expense	29	2,320.65	2,018.62
(c) Finance costs	30	146.60	7.43
(d) Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	680.08	361.80
(e) Fees to collection centers/channel partners		1,696.46	1,482.53
(f) Other expenses	32	2,572.09	2,770.25
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>10,284.56</b>	<b>9,190.26</b>
<b>3. Profit before tax</b>		<b>3,027.51</b>	<b>2,923.67</b>
<b>4. Tax expense</b>			
(a) Current tax	33	802.45	1,005.44
(b) Deferred tax	10	(6.74)	(36.15)
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>795.71</b>	<b>969.29</b>
<b>5. Profit for the year (A)</b>		<b>2,231.80</b>	<b>1,954.38</b>
<b>6. Other comprehensive income</b>			
- Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurement of the defined benefit obligations		(14.90)	(30.14)
- Income tax in relation to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	10	4.29	10.53
<b>Total other comprehensive income (B)</b>		<b>(10.61)</b>	<b>(19.61)</b>
<b>7. Total comprehensive income for the year (A+B)</b>		<b>2,221.19</b>	<b>1,934.77</b>
<b>8. Earnings per equity share</b>	34		
- Basic earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 10 each)		27.09	23.74
- Diluted earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 10 each)		27.04	23.69
<b>See accompanying notes to the Standalone Financial Statements</b>	<b>1-53</b>		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

# Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Profit for the period		2,231.80	1,954.38
<b>Adjustments for :</b>			
Tax expense		795.71	969.29
Interest income		(438.13)	(342.10)
Dividend income on current investments		(6.81)	(56.97)
Dividend income from a subsidiary company		(40.59)	(16.59)
Gain on sale or fair valuation of investments		(79.33)	(35.47)
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy		(5.31)	(6.40)
Sundry balances written back		(1.39)	(3.04)
(Profit)/Loss on disposal / discard of property, plant and equipment		(1.49)	(0.83)
Expense recognised in respect of employee share based compensation		166.37	150.46
Finance cost		146.60	7.43
Depreciation and amortisation expense		680.08	361.80
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances		42.33	51.98
Bad debts and advances written off (net)		7.67	4.96
Security deposits amortisation		3.25	3.45
Remeasurement of the defined benefit obligation		(14.90)	(30.14)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>3,485.86</b>	<b>3,012.21</b>
Changes in working capital:			
<b>Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:</b>			
(Increase) in inventories		(271.93)	(11.55)
(Increase)in trade receivables		(21.56)	(186.09)
(Increase)/decrease in loans		0.10	(6.42)
(Increase)/decrease in other financial assets		7.55	(3.58)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(42.61)	82.12
<b>Adjustment for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:</b>			
Increase in trade payables		357.12	150.56
Increase in other financial liabilities		54.39	48.77
Increase in provisions		13.24	46.85
Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities		29.38	(24.08)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>		<b>3,611.54</b>	<b>3,108.79</b>
Income taxes paid		(891.66)	(1,023.76)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities (a)</b>		<b>2,719.88</b>	<b>2,085.03</b>

# Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(437.96)	(318.11)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		9.09	2.99
Payments for purchase of other intangible assets		(56.04)	(71.93)
Dividend received from a subsidiary company		40.59	16.59
Interest received		398.07	262.08
Net cash outflow for investment in subsidiaries		(615.10)	(26.58)
Payments for purchase of investments in mutual funds		(5,384.42)	(2,207.65)
Proceeds from sale of investments in mutual funds		5,698.40	1,921.86
Bank deposits placed with the banks		(5,258.51)	(3,857.19)
Bank deposits with banks encashed		5,206.80	2,896.93
Fixed deposits encashed with the body corporates		204.36	453.52
<b>Net cash used in investing activities (b)</b>		<b>(194.72)</b>	<b>(927.49)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from exercise of share options		1.66	1.51
Repayment of application money received at the time of IPO		-	(0.06)
Repayment of lease liability		(338.96)	-
Interest paid		(0.46)	(1.23)
Dividend paid on equity shares including dividend tax		(1,534.45)	(543.49)
<b>Net cash generated used in financing activities (c)</b>		<b>(1,872.21)</b>	<b>(543.27)</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (a+b+c)</b>		<b>652.95</b>	<b>614.27</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	15a	1,239.48	625.21
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	15a	<b>1,892.43</b>	<b>1,239.48</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents</b>			
Cash on hand		7.36	16.64
Balance with scheduled banks:			
- on current accounts		31.31	77.20
- on cash credit accounts		43.03	110.79
- deposits with maturity of less than 3 months		1,810.73	1,034.85
<b>Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement:</b>	15a	<b>1,892.43</b>	<b>1,239.48</b>
<b>See accompanying notes to the Standalone Financial Statements</b>	<b>1-53</b>		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

# Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March, 2020

## a. Equity share capital

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	Amount
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	<b>833.33</b>
Equity share capital issued against share options	0.09
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>833.42</b>
Equity share capital issued against share options	0.03
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>833.45</b>

## b. Other equity (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Reserves and surplus						Total other equity	
	Capital reserve	Capital redemption reserve account	Securities premium	General reserve	Share options outstanding account	Treasury shares		Retained earnings
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>926.73</b>	<b>488.71</b>	<b>179.37</b>	<b>(292.43)</b>	<b>5,658.03</b>	<b>6,931.86</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,954.38	1,954.38
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19.61)	(19.61)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,934.77</b>	<b>1,934.77</b>
Movement during the year on account of issue of equity shares	-	-	0.89	-	-	-	-	0.89
Payments of dividends (Refer to note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(543.58)	(543.58)
Share options exercised during the year (Refer to note 20 and 45)	-	-	-	35.19	(49.44)	14.78	-	0.53
Employee share based compensation expense (Refer to note 29)	-	-	-	-	150.46	-	-	150.46
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>927.62</b>	<b>523.90</b>	<b>280.39</b>	<b>(277.65)</b>	<b>7,049.22</b>	<b>8,474.93</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,231.80	2,231.80
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10.61)	(10.61)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,221.19</b>	<b>2,221.19</b>
Movement during the year on account of issue of equity shares	-	-	0.33	-	-	-	-	0.33
Payments of dividends (Refer to note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,534.77)	(1,534.77)
Share options exercised during the year (Refer to note 20 and 45)	-	-	-	82.83	(117.93)	36.42	-	1.32
Employee share based compensation expense (Refer to note 29)	-	-	-	-	166.37	-	-	166.37
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>927.95</b>	<b>606.73</b>	<b>328.83</b>	<b>(241.23)</b>	<b>7,735.64</b>	<b>9,329.37</b>
<b>See accompanying notes to the Standalone Financial Statements</b>	<b>1-53</b>							

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

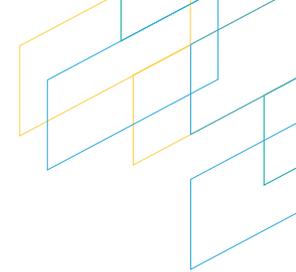
**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020



# Note to the Standalone Financial Statements

## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited (“the Company”) is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated on 14 February, 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, and other pathological and radiological investigations.

The equity shares of the Company are listed on The National Stock Exchange of India and Bombay Stock Exchange.

The registered address and principal place of business of the Company is Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi- 110085.

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The Standalone Financial Statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

### 2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

These Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on the accrual and going concern basis, and the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- b) Level 2 inputs are inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, other than quoted prices included within level 1 for the asset or liability.
- c) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability reflecting significant modifications to observable related market data or Company’s assumptions about pricing by market participants.

### 2.3 Revenue recognition

The Company’s revenue is primarily generated from business

of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, haematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, and other pathological and radiological investigations for customers through various arrangements.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the Company satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised services to its customers. Generally, each test represents a separate performance obligation for which revenue is recognised when the test report is generated i.e. when the performance obligation is satisfied.

For allocating the transaction price, the Company has measured the revenue in respect of each performance obligation of a contract at its relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for a test when registered separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price.

The Company has assessed that it is primarily responsible for fulfilling the performance obligation and has no agency relationships. Accordingly the revenue has been recognised at the gross amount and fees to collection centers/channel partners has been recognised as an expense.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (referred to as unbilled revenue) while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities (referred to as “unearned revenue”). Refer to note 27.

The Company disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers by geography.

### 2.4 Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### 2.4.1 The Company as lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### 2.4.2 The Company as lessee

On April 1, 2019, The Company adopted Ind AS 116 “Leases” using the modified prospective approach by applying the new standard to all leases existing at the date of initial application. Accordingly, the Company has not made restatement of comparative information, which are still presented in accordance with Ind AS 17. The Company also elected to use the recognition exemption for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of twelve months or less and do not contain a purchase option (“short-term leases”) and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low

value other than land. ("low value assets"). The effect of the adoption of Ind AS 116 is disclosed in note 39.

The new standard defines a lease as a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the Company has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

#### **The Company as a lessee**

The Company determines whether an arrangement is a lease at contract inception by establishing if the contract conveys the right to control the use of identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. On commencement date, it recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for short term leases and low value assets. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The ROU asset are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

The ROU assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use assets is classified as "property, plant and equipment" in financial statements.

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the future lease payments over the lease term. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if it is not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rate. For leases with similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, adopts either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

The interest cost on lease liability (computed using effective interest method), is expensed in the statement of profit and loss.

ROU assets and lease liability includes the options to extend / terminate the lease before the end of the lease term when it is reasonably certain that this option will be exercised.

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease

components of the contract in accordance with Ind AS 116 and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

## **2.5 Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the Standalone Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupee (₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

## **2.6 Employee benefits**

Employee benefits include provident fund, gratuity and compensated absences.

### **2.6.1 Defined contribution plan**

Employee benefit under defined contribution plan comprising of provident fund is recognised based on the amount of obligation of the Company to contribute to the plan. The provident fund contribution is paid to provident fund authorities. The amounts are expensed during the year.

### **2.6.2 Defined benefit plan**

The Company's gratuity plan is a defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the prevailing market yields on government securities as at the balance sheet date.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

#### **Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:**

- Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and

- Net interest expense or income; and
- Re-measurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The Company has taken the various policies with insurer managed funds to meet its obligation towards gratuity. The Company contributes all ascertained liabilities to a gratuity fund administered through a separate trust which is governed by board of trustees. The board of trustee comprises of the officers of the Company. Liability with respect to the gratuity plan is determined based on an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary.

The gratuity benefit obligation recognised in the standalone Balance Sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

#### Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- In case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- In case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

#### Long-term employee benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the obligation as at the Balance Sheet date.

## 2.7 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

### 2.7.1 Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

### 2.7.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax ('MAT') paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance Sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realised.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

### 2.7.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity,

in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## 2.8 Property, plant and equipment

### 2.8.1 Property, plant and equipment acquired separately

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation less accumulated impairment, if any.

The cost of Property, plant and equipment (PPE) comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses, present value of decommissioning costs (where there is a legal or constructive obligation to decommission) and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. The other repairs and maintenance of revenue nature are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. If an impairment loss is determined, the remaining useful life of the asset is also subject to adjustment. If the reasons for previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist, such impairment losses are reversed and recognised in income. Such reversal shall not cause the carrying amount to exceed the amount that would have resulted had no impairment taken place during the preceding periods.

### 2.8.2 Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on furniture and fixtures is calculated using the straight-line method on a pro-rata basis from the month in which each asset is put to use to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation on all other property, plant and equipment is provided using the Written Down Value (WDV) Method at the rates computed based on the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the useful lives of the assets or the unexpired lease period, whichever, is lower.

Estimated useful life of assets are as follows which is based on technical evaluation of the useful lives of the assets:

Building	30 years
Plant and equipment	13-15 years
Computers	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Vehicles	8-10 years

The assets residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets purchased during the year costing ₹ 5,000 or less are depreciated at the rate of 100%.

Freehold land/Leasehold land in the nature of perpetual lease is not amortised.

### 2.8.3 Deemed cost on transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

### 2.8.4 Derecognition of tangible asset

A tangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a tangible asset, is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

## 2.9 Intangible assets

### 2.9.1 Intangible assets acquired separately

Trademarks and softwares are carried at cost which is incurred and stated in the relevant license agreement with the technical know how provider less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 2.9.2 Amortisation methods and useful lives

Trademarks and softwares are amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated useful life i.e. 5 years. An intangible asset is derecognised when no future economic benefits are expected from use.

### 2.9.3 Deemed cost on transition to Ind AS

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as of 1 April, 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

#### 2.9.4 Derecognition of intangible asset

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### 2.10 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Inventories

Inventories comprise of reagents, chemicals, surgical and laboratory supplies and stores and others and are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on moving weighted average basis.

#### 2.12 Provisions, contingent liability and contingent asset

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event,

it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent assets are disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts, unless possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

#### 2.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.14 Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

##### Classification of financial assets

Financial instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for financial assets that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for financial assets that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash

flows and selling financial assets; and

- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that form an integral part of the effective interest rate) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for financial instruments other than those financial assets classified as at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

Financial instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

#### 2.14.1 Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

#### 2.14.2 Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### 2.14.3 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows, the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### 2.14.4 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

#### 2.14.5 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments representing equity interest in subsidiaries carried at cost less any provision for impairment. Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

#### 2.14.6 Foreign exchange gain and losses

The fair value of financial assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period.

For foreign currency denominated financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVTPL, the exchange differences are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except for those which are designated as hedging instruments in a hedging relationship. Further change in the carrying amount of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income relating to changes in foreign currency rates are recognised in other comprehensive income

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has adopted Appendix B to Ind AS 21- Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration which clarifies the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The effect on account of adoption of this amendment was insignificant.

#### 2.14.7 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses, if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### 2.14.8 Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.14.9 Income recognition

Interest Income: Interest income from a financial asset is recognised using the effective interest rate method. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income from units in Mutual Funds/ Dividend from subsidiary: Dividend from units in mutual funds/ dividend from subsidiary companies is recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established by the reporting date. Income on investment made in the units of fixed maturity plans of mutual funds is recognised based on the yield earned and to the extent of reasonable certainty.

### 2.15 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### 2.15.1 Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### 2.15.2 Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### 2.15.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 2.15.4 Foreign exchange gains or losses

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments and are recognised in 'Other income' in the line-item 'Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)' except where capitalised as part of borrowing cost.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period.

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has adopted Appendix B to Ind AS 21- Foreign Currency Transactions

and Advance Consideration which clarifies the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The effect on account of adoption of this amendment was insignificant.

#### 2.15.5 Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 2.16 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

### 2.17 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions are set out in note 46.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

### 2.18 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 2.19 Operating cycle

The Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

### 2.20 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows are segregated into operating, investing and financing activities.

### 2.21 Dividends

Final dividends on shares are recorded on the date of approval by the shareholders of the Company.

### 2.22 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these Standalone Financial Statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Standalone Financial Statements are included in the following notes:

#### Accounting of reagent rental equipments

The Company has entered into agreements with certain suppliers for purchase of reagent. As part of the agreement, the Company has the right to use equipment supplied by

the suppliers free of charge subject to purchase of minimum committed quantities of reagents.

The cost of reagents which includes the cost of rental of the equipment is recorded as cost of material consumed.

#### Carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries

Determining whether the carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is recoverable involves significant estimates as these investments are in unlisted companies with fair values not readily available. The Company reviews the investments for impairment to assess whether the carrying amount is recoverable based on a number of factors including profitability, net asset value, liquidity and working capital (Refer to note 6).

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. There is no such change in the useful life of the assets (Refer to note 3).

#### Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, an impairment loss may arise (Refer to note 4).

#### Defined benefit obligations

Key assumptions related to life expectancies, salary increases and withdrawal rates (Refer to note 46).

#### Estimation uncertainty relating to COVID-19 outbreak

The Company has considered internal and certain external sources of information including credit reports, economic forecasts and industry reports up to the date of approval of the Standalone Financial Statements in determining the impact on various elements of its Standalone Financial Statements. The Company has used the principles of prudence in applying judgments, estimates and assumptions including sensitivity analysis and based on the current estimates, the Company expects to fully recover the carrying amount of trade receivables, goodwill and intangible assets. The eventual outcome of impact of the global health pandemic may be different from those estimated as on the date of approval of these Standalone Financial Statements.

### 2.23 New standards/amendments that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019 notifies new standard or amendments to the standards. There is no such new notification which would be applicable from April 1, 2020.



3b. Right-of-use-assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Right-of-use land	Right-of-use buildings	Total
<b>Gross carrying value</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2019</b>	-	-	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	158.58	-	158.58
Additions	1.68	1,450.04	1,451.72
Disposals	-	(26.16)	(26.16)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>160.26</b>	<b>1,423.88</b>	<b>1,584.14</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2019</b>	-	-	-
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	(3.91)	(3.91)
Amortisation expense	1.64	283.52	285.16
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>1.64</b>	<b>279.61</b>	<b>281.25</b>
<b>Net carrying value</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2019</b>	-	-	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	158.58	-	158.58
Additions	1.68	1,450.04	1,451.72
Disposals	-	(22.25)	(22.25)
Amortisation expense	(1.64)	(283.52)	(285.16)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>158.62</b>	<b>1,144.27</b>	<b>1,302.89</b>

4. Goodwill

(Refer to note 2.16)

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>	10.80	10.80
<b>Accumulated impairment loss</b>	-	-
	<b>10.80</b>	<b>10.80</b>
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March, 2019</b>
Balance at the beginning of year	10.80	10.80
Additions on account of acquisitions	-	-
	<b>10.80</b>	<b>10.80</b>
<b>Accumulated impairment loss</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March, 2019</b>
Balance at the beginning of year	-	-
Impairment losses recognised in the year	-	-
	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

The Company had, in the earlier years purchased the business of "Dr.Bhanudas Yashwant Shinagare" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services in Pune, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration of ₹ 15.00 million (including goodwill of ₹ 10.80 million).

### Impairment of Goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the cash generating unit – 'Labs CGU'. The recoverable amount of cash-generating units is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial forecasts covering a five-year period, and a discount rate of 11.50% per annum (as at 31 March, 2019: 11.50% per annum).

Cash flow projections during the forecast period are based on the same expected gross margins and inflation throughout the forecast period. The cash flows beyond that five-year period have been extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 10% per annum (as at March 31, 2019: 10% per annum), which is the projected long-term average growth rate for Labs CGU. The directors believe that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which recoverable amount is based would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Based on impairment testing as above, the management believes that the recoverable amounts of goodwill are higher than their respective carrying amounts and hence no amounts are required to be recorded for impairment in the carrying amounts of goodwill.

### 5. Other intangible assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Carrying amounts of :</b>		
Computer software	184.38	203.65
Trademarks	-	1.98
	<b>184.38</b>	<b>205.63</b>
<b>Intangible assets under development</b>	9.94	-
	<b>194.32</b>	<b>205.63</b>

	Computer Software	Trademarks	Total
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	303.82	11.16	314.98
Additions	71.93	-	71.93
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	375.75	11.16	386.91
Additions	46.10	-	46.10
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	421.85	11.16	433.01
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	110.84	6.12	116.96
Amortisation expense	61.26	3.06	64.32
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	172.10	9.18	181.28
Amortisation expense	65.37	1.98	67.35
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	237.47	11.16	248.63
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	192.98	5.04	198.02
Additions	71.93	-	71.93
Amortisation expense	(61.26)	(3.06)	(64.32)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	203.65	1.98	205.63
Additions	46.10	-	46.10
Amortisation expense	(65.37)	(1.98)	(67.35)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	184.38	-	184.38

**Financial assets (non-current)**

**6. Investments**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>In Shares (unquoted)</b>		
<b>In subsidiary companies</b>		
12,800 (31 March, 2019: 12,800) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited.	129.48	129.48
8,000 (31 March, 2019: 8,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Paliwal Medicare Private Limited.	52.18	52.18
10,000 (31 March, 2019: 10,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited.	72.35	72.35
400,000 (31 March, 2019: 400,000) equity shares of NPR 100/- each fully paid up in Dr Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited.	25.05	25.05
276,811 (31 March, 2019: 276,811) equity shares of BDT 100/- each fully paid up in Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd. (Refer to note 38)	42.67	42.67
100,000 (31 March, 2019: 100,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited (Refer to note 39)	10.00	1.00
3,100,000 (31 March, 2019: 100,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up in Pathlabs Unifiers Private Limited (Refer to note 39)	600.00	1.00
100,000 (31 March, 2019: Nil) equity shares of KSH 100/- each fully paid up in Dr. Lal Pathlabs Kenya Private Limited (Refer to note 40)	7.10	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>938.83</b>	<b>323.73</b>
Aggregate carrying value of unquoted investments	938.83	323.73
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-

**7. Loans**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Loans to employees (unsecured, considered good)	0.26	0.05
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.26</b>	<b>0.05</b>

**8. Other financial assets**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Security deposits	-	35.01
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	30.39	44.14
Non-current bank balances	100.70	106.54
Interest accrued on loans, fixed deposits and others	0.23	1.56
<b>Total</b>	<b>131.32</b>	<b>187.25</b>

**9. Non-current tax assets (net)**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Tax assets</b>		
Taxes paid (net)	171.67	125.59
<b>Tax liabilities</b>		
Income tax payable (net)	(1.67)	(44.83)
<b>Total</b>	<b>170.00</b>	<b>80.76</b>

10. Deferred tax assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Deferred tax assets	229.53	243.99
Deferred tax liabilities	(7.72)	(33.21)
<b>Total</b>	<b>221.81</b>	<b>210.78</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

2019-20	Opening Balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing Balance
<b>Deferred tax assets on:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	87.46	9.36	-	96.82
Goodwill	21.85	(10.72)	-	11.13
Short-term provisions- compensated absences	26.54	(2.79)	-	23.75
Short-term provisions- gratuity	19.24	(10.97)	4.29	12.56
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances	48.15	(7.55)	-	40.60
Disallowed expenditure	40.75	3.92	-	44.67
<b>Deferred tax liabilities on:</b>				
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	(15.43)	7.78	-	(7.65)
Fair valuation gains on mutual funds	(17.78)	17.71	-	(0.07)
<b>Total</b>	<b>210.78</b>	<b>6.74</b>	<b>4.29</b>	<b>221.81</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

2018-19	Opening Balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing Balance
<b>Deferred tax assets on:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	74.85	12.61	-	87.46
Goodwill	21.77	0.08	-	21.85
Short-term provisions- compensated absences	20.24	6.30	-	26.54
Short-term provisions- gratuity	8.87	(0.17)	10.53	19.24
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances	31.76	16.39	-	48.15
Disallowed expenditure	28.86	11.89	-	40.75
<b>Deferred tax liabilities on:</b>				
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	(13.66)	(1.77)	-	(15.43)
Fair valuation gains on mutual funds	(8.60)	(9.18)	-	(17.78)
<b>Total</b>	<b>164.09</b>	<b>36.15</b>	<b>10.53</b>	<b>210.78</b>

**11. Other non-current assets**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Capital advances	12.15	1.46
Advances to related parties (corpus)	0.24	0.24
Prepaid rent	-	94.08
Others	0.76	1.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>13.15</b>	<b>97.20</b>

**12 Inventories**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Reagents, chemicals, surgicals and laboratory supplies	546.14	268.25
Stores and others	3.87	9.83
<b>Total</b>	<b>550.01</b>	<b>278.08</b>

The Company's business does not involve any conversion process for materials. Reagents and chemicals are used to conduct various pathology and radiology tests and are consumed in the process.

The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in note 2.11.

This space has been intentionally left blank

13. Investments

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Investment in mutual funds (unquoted) carried at fair value through profit or loss</b>		
Kotak Liquid Direct Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 59,099.95) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	223.65
HDFC Short Term Opportunities Fund- Direct Plan- Growth Option Nil (31 March, 2019 :9,565,316.16) of ₹ 10/- each	-	199.25
SBI Premier Liquid Fund Direct Plan- Daily Dividend Nil (31 March, 2019: 181,060.61) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	181.65
ABSL Liquid Fund Direct Plan Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 597,379.65) units of ₹ 100/- each	-	179.47
ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund-Direct Plan- Growth fund Nil (31 March, 2019: 556,362.28) units of ₹ 100/- each	-	153.79
Axis Liquid Fund- Direct Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 78,316.93) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	162.39
Mahindra Liquid fund- Direct- Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 92,900.51) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	112.54
JM Liquid Fund (Direct) - Growth Option Nil (31 March, 2019: 2,156,080.64) units of ₹ 10/- each	-	110.37
UTI Liquid Cash Plan- Direct Daily Dividend Plan Reinvestment Nil (31 March, 2019: 80,202.19) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	81.76
UTI Liquid Cash Plan- Direct Growth Plan nil (31 March, 2019: 24,974.60) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	76.44
Baroda Treasury Advantage Fund- Plan A Daily Dividend- Reinvestment Nil (31 March, 2019: 70,761.59) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	72.93
Invesco India Liquid Fund Plan Growth nil (31 March, 2019: 27,460.67) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	70.34
ICICI Prudential Floating Interest Fund- Direct Plan- Daily Dividend nil (31 March, 2019: 597,648.86) units of ₹ 100/- each	-	59.90
UTI Liquid Cash Plan- Regular Daily Dividend Plan Reinvestment nil (31 March, 2019: 50,911.35) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	51.90
Invesco India Liquid Fund Direct Plan Growth nil (31 March, 2019: 16,535.75) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	42.54
Baroda Pioneer Treasury Advantage Fund- Plan B Daily Dividend- Reinvestment nil (31 March, 2019: 37,478.65) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	37.82
UTI Overnight Fund Direct Growth 52,909.92 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	144.66	-
ICICI Prudential Overnight Fund Direct Plan Growth 944,817.33 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 100/- each	101.79	-
Axis Overnight Fund Direct Growth 103,614.48 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	109.37	-
Axis Overnight Fund Regular Growth 137,343.91 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	144.87	-
Invesco India Overnight Fund Regular Growth 118,964.52 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	120.15	-
Mahindra Overnight Fund Direct Growth 96,843.12 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	100.06	-
Kotak Overnight Fund Direct Plan Growth 331,561.67 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	353.40	-
SBI Overnight Fund Regular Growth 18,786.15 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	60.58	-
SBI Overnight Fund Direct Plan Growth 70,867.28 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	230.58	-
HDFC Overnight Fund Direct Plan Growth Option 75,256.53 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	223.45	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,588.91</b>	<b>1,816.74</b>

#### 14. Trade receivables

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Trade receivables</b>		
Secured, considered good	105.70	69.58
Unsecured, considered good	396.82	461.38
Credit impaired	158.39	132.43
	<b>660.91</b>	<b>663.39</b>
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts (expected credit loss allowance)	(158.39)	(132.43)
<b>Total</b>	<b>502.52</b>	<b>530.96</b>

The average credit period from service is 0-60 days. No interest is charged on the trade receivables for the amount overdue above the credit period. There are no customers who represent more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables.

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as given in the provision matrix. The provision matrix at the end of the reporting period is as follows.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Age of receivables	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
0-90 days	462.13	468.71
90-180 days	55.63	92.45
180-360 days	63.11	64.79
More than 360 days	80.04	37.44
<b>Total</b>	<b>660.91</b>	<b>663.39</b>

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Balance at beginning of the year</b>	132.43	86.42
Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	25.96	46.01
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	<b>158.39</b>	<b>132.43</b>

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated.

#### Ageing

	Expected Credit loss(%)
0-90 days	3-6%
90-180 days	17-29%
180-360 days	34-56%
More than 360 days	61-100%

#### 15a. Cash and cash equivalents

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	31.31	77.20
- in cash credit accounts	43.03	110.79
Deposit with maturity of less than 3 months	1,810.73	1,034.85
Cash on hand	7.36	16.64
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,892.43</b>	<b>1,239.48</b>

**15b. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Balance in unclaimed dividend accounts	0.52	0.20
Balance in escrow account*	1.44	1.44
Deposit with banks held as margin money deposits against guarantees	14.51	12.31
Deposit with maturity of 3-12 months	3,583.04	3,527.70
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,599.51</b>	<b>3,541.65</b>

\*Escrow account includes application money received at the time of IPO.

**16. Loans**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Loans to employees	9.04	9.35
<b>Total</b>	<b>9.04</b>	<b>9.35</b>

**17. Other financial assets**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Deposit with others	128.59	80.69
Deposit with body corporates	-	204.36
Interest accrued on deposits	197.79	165.85
<b>Total</b>	<b>326.38</b>	<b>450.90</b>

**18. Other current assets**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Balances with government authorities	3.04	3.37
Advances to suppliers	52.66	14.10
Other advances	8.00	4.23
Prepaid expenses	63.69	54.68
Prepaid rent	27.92	18.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>155.31</b>	<b>95.13</b>

**19. Equity share capital**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Equity share capital</b>	<b>833.45</b>	<b>833.42</b>
<b>Authorised</b>		
107,950,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each (as at 31 March, 2019: 107,950,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each)*	1,079.50	1,079.50
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up</b>		
83,344,877 equity shares of ₹ 10 each (as at 31 March, 2019: 83,341,610 equity shares of ₹ 10 each)W	833.45	833.42

Refer notes below

\* Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation ["the Scheme"] u/s 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 among the Company and its erstwhile wholly owned subsidiary company namely Delta Ria and Pathology Private Limited [Transferor Company] and the approval of National Company Law Tribunal of Delhi and Ahmedabad, the authorised share capital of the transferor Company has been merged with authorised share capital of the Company during the financial year ended 31 March 2019.

- (i) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital as at 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019 is set out below:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
<b>Equity share capital</b>				
At the beginning of the year	83,341,610	833.42	83,332,744	833.33
Issued during the year	3,267	0.03	8,866	0.09
<b>Outstanding at the end of the year</b>	<b>83,344,877</b>	<b>833.45</b>	<b>83,341,610</b>	<b>833.42</b>

- (ii) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of shares:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
(i) Dr Arvind Lal	26,980,443	32.37%	26,139,556	31.36%
(ii) Dr Vandana Lal	16,684,422	20.02%	15,931,893	19.12%
(iii) West Bridge Crossover Fund, LLC*			7,639,459	9.17%

\*shareholding is less than 5% as at 31 March, 2020

- (iii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share, (Previous year ₹ 10 per share). Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per equity share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

- (iv) Proposed dividends on equity shares

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Proposed dividend on equity shares for the year ended on 31 March 2020: Nil (31 March 2019: ₹ 3.50 per share)	-	291.70
Dividend distribution tax on proposed dividend	-	59.96
	-	<b>351.66</b>

- (v) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date including the current year:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Bonus equity shares of ₹ 10 each issued by the Company*	-	45,291,150
Bonus preference shares of ₹ 10 each issued by the Company*	-	22,471,020
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each issued on conversion of preference shares	26,632,320	26,632,320

\* The number of shares are after considering the impact of sub-division of shares on 27 March, 2015 of ₹ 100 each into 10 shares of ₹ 10 each.

In addition, the Company has issued total 2,083,037 (31 March 2019: 3,030,890) equity shares of ₹ 10 each (after considering issue of bonus shares and sub-division of shares of ₹ 100 each into ₹ 10 each), including 1,136,997 (31 March, 2019: 1,918,757) equity shares issued to Dr Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust, during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date on exercise of options granted under the Employee Share Option Plan, 2005 and 2010.

(vi) Share options granted under the Company's employee share options plans

- (a) The shareholders of the Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Private Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2010' ("ESOP 2010") at the Annual General Meeting held on 20 August, 2010 to grant a maximum of 3,808,960 options (after considering bonus shares issued during the previous year and subdivision of shares of ₹ 100 each into 10 shares of ₹ 10 each) to specified categories of employees of the Company. Each option granted and vested under the ESOP 2010 shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. As per resolution passed on 21 August, 2015, the Company approved to cease further grants under the ESOP 2010. Refer to note 45 for details of options granted, vested and issued under the ESOP 2010.
- (b) The shareholders of the Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Employees Restricted Stock Unit Plan 2016' ('RSU 2016') at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 July, 2016 to grant a maximum of 1,244,155 Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") to key employees and directors of the Company. Each RSU granted and vested shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. Refer to note 45 for details of RSUs granted, vested and issued under RSU 2016.

20. Other equity

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
General reserve	606.73	523.90
Securities premium	927.95	927.62
Share option outstanding account	328.83	280.39
Retained earnings	7,735.64	7,049.22
Capital redemption reserve account	4.45	4.45
Treasury shares	(241.23)	(277.65)
Capital reserve	(33.00)	(33.00)
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,329.37</b>	<b>8,474.93</b>

(i) General reserve

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	523.90	488.71
Addition on share options exercised*	82.83	35.19
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>606.73</b>	<b>523.90</b>

\*Represents difference between the employee share based compensation cost booked and the average cost of equity shares issued under the share options scheme to the eligible employees.

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

(ii) Securities premium

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	927.62	926.73
Additions during the year	0.33	0.89
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>927.95</b>	<b>927.62</b>

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(iii) Share option outstanding account

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	280.39	179.37
Compensation options granted during the year	166.37	150.46
Options exercised	(117.93)	(49.44)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>328.83</b>	<b>280.39</b>

The above relates to share options granted by the Company under its employee share option plans. Upon exercise of the share options by the employees, the proportionate cost of shares exercised is transferred to General reserves after adjusting the cost of related treasury shares. Further information about share based payments to employees is set out in Note 45.

**(iv) Retained earnings** **(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,049.22	5,658.03
Profit for the year	2,231.80	1,954.38
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, net of income tax	(10.61)	(19.61)
<b>Less: Appropriations</b>		
Final dividend on equity shares ₹ 3.00 per share for the year ended 31 March 2018	-	(246.92)
Final dividend on equity shares ₹ 3.50 per share for the year ended 31 March 2019	(288.33)	
Tax on final equity dividend*	(56.55)	(47.98)
Interim dividend on equity shares ₹ 12.00 per share (Previous year ₹ 2.50 per share)	(989.25)	(205.85)
Tax on interim equity dividend**	(200.64)	(42.83)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>7,735.64</b>	<b>7,049.22</b>

\*Tax on final equity dividend paid during the year is after adjusting corporate dividend tax of ₹ 3.41 million (previous year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ 3.41) paid by a subsidiary company on dividend paid to the Company during the year.

\*\*Tax on interim equity dividend paid during the year is after adjusting corporate dividend tax of ₹ 4.93 million (previous year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ Nil) paid by a subsidiary company on dividend paid to the Company during the year.

In respect of the year ended 31 March, 2020, the directors propose that a dividend of Nil (previous year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ 3.50 per share) to be paid on fully paid equity shares. This equity dividend is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements. The proposed equity dividend is payable to all holders of fully paid equity shares. The total estimated equity dividend to be paid is Nil (previous year ₹ 291.70 million).

The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to its equity shareholders is determined based on requirements of Companies Act, 2013. Refer Note 19(iv) for details of equity dividend declared.

**(v) Capital redemption reserve account** **(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	4.45	4.45
Additions during the year	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>4.45</b>

The Company in the previous years had bought back its equity shares and as per requirement of erstwhile section 77 of Companies Act, 1956, nominal value of the shares so purchased was transferred to the capital redemption reserve account.

**(vi) Treasury shares** **(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	(277.65)	(292.43)
Change during the year	36.42	14.78
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(241.23)</b>	<b>(277.65)</b>

During the year ended 31 March, 2012, the Company had constituted Dr. Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust ("EWT Trust") to acquire, hold and allocate/transfer equity shares of the Company to eligible employees from time to time on the terms and conditions specified under respective plans. The financial statements of the EWT Trust has been included in the financial statements of the Company, in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS.

Equity shares of the Company purchased from employees and secondary market from time to time in the earlier years and held by EWT as at 31 March, 2020 aggregated to 869,557 equity shares (31 March, 2019: 1,000,822 equity shares) of face value ₹ 10 each.

(vii) Capital reserve (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	(33.00)	(33.00)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>

On approval of the Scheme of Amalgamation between the Company (Transferee Company) and its wholly owned subsidiary, by the name of Delta Ria and Pathology Private Limited (Transferor Company) by the Hon'ble New Delhi Bench and Hon'ble Ahmedabad Bench of the National Company Law Tribunal on 23 October 2018 and 11 December 2018 respectively, the difference between the carrying value of investments in the books of account of the Transferee Company and the amount of the net assets of Transferor Company has been adjusted in Capital reserve as stipulated in the scheme.

21. Other financial liabilities - non current

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Payment obligation-leasehold land	-	12.17
Lease liability	903.60	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>903.60</b>	<b>12.17</b>

22. Trade payables

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	62.03	21.94
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,065.42	749.78
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,127.45</b>	<b>771.72</b>

Trade payables are non- interest bearing and are normally settled upto 30 days terms.

Based on the information available with the Company, the balance due to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 is ₹ 62.03 million (₹ 21.94 million on 31 March, 2019) and no interest has been paid or is payable during the year under the terms of the MSMED Act, 2006.

Disclosure under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED)

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
a. Amounts payable to suppliers under MSMED (suppliers) as on last day		
Principal	62.03	21.94
Interest due thereon	-	-
b. Payments made to suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year		
Principal	-	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
c. Amount of interest due and payable for delay in payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest under MSMED	-	-
d. Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as on last day	-	-
e. Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

23. Other financial liabilities - current

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Lease Liability	345.42	-
Payable towards capital goods	64.13	44.78
Share application money refundable	1.44	1.44
Payment obligation-leasehold land	-	1.53
Security deposits received	286.48	237.15
Other payables	1.00	0.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>698.47</b>	<b>285.32</b>

24. Provisions

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Provision for employee benefits</b>		
- Provision for compensated absences	94.36	75.97
- Provision for gratuity (Refer note 43)	49.88	55.03
<b>Total</b>	<b>144.24</b>	<b>131.00</b>

25. Other current liabilities

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Advances from customers	72.35	53.34
Statutory dues	55.42	39.88
Unearned revenue	11.69	12.38
Deferred revenue- security deposits	1.64	6.12
<b>Total</b>	<b>141.10</b>	<b>111.72</b>

26. Revenue from operations

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Sale of services	12,733.99	11,648.45
Other operating revenues	1.99	0.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,735.98</b>	<b>11,648.99</b>

Revenue disaggregation as per geography has been included in segment information (Refer to note 37).

- (i) The Company generates its entire revenue from contracts with customers for the services at a point in time. The Company is engaged mainly in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, other pathological and radiological investigations.

The Board of Directors of the Company, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocates resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicators of the Company as a single unit. Therefore no information has been disclosed in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108- 'Operating Segment Reporting'.

- (ii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The Company has applied practical expedient in Ind AS 115 and has accordingly not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations which are part of the contracts that have original expected duration of one year or less and where the Company has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

iii) Disclosure of contract balances (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Trade receivables (Refer to note 14)	502.52	530.96
Advances from customers (Refer to note 25)	72.35	53.34
Unearned revenue (Refer to note 25)	11.69	12.38
<b>Total</b>	<b>586.56</b>	<b>596.68</b>

iv) Movement in contract liabilities during the year: (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Balance at beginning of the year	12.38	-
Add: Addition during the year	(0.69)	12.38
Balance at end of the year	<b>11.69</b>	<b>12.38</b>

27. Other income

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
a) Interest income from		
- Bank deposits (at amortised cost)	428.68	286.17
- Deposits with body corporate (at amortised cost)	-	46.47
- Others	9.45	9.46
b) Dividend income from		
- Dividends from investments (at FVTPL)	6.81	56.97
- Dividend income from a subsidiary company	40.59	16.59
c) Others		
- Gain on sale or fair valuation of investments (at FVTPL)	79.33	35.47
- Surrender value of keyman insurance policy (at FVTPL)	5.31	6.40
- Sundry balances written back	1.39	3.04
- Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net)	1.49	0.83
- Miscellaneous non operating income	3.04	3.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>576.09</b>	<b>464.94</b>

28. Cost of materials consumed

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Inventories at the beginning of the year	268.25	255.43
Add : Purchases	3,146.57	2,562.45
Less : Inventories at the end of the year	(546.14)	(268.25)
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,868.68</b>	<b>2,549.63</b>

29. Employee benefits expense

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,957.44	1,710.69
Employee share based compensation	166.37	150.46
Contribution to provident and other funds	105.04	75.99
Gratuity expense	35.23	25.79
Staff welfare expenses	56.57	55.69
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,320.65</b>	<b>2,018.62</b>

30. Finance costs

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Interest on lease liability	146.14	-
Interest others (Including ₹ Nil (31 March 2019: ₹ 0.06 million) on TDS)	0.46	7.43
<b>Total</b>	<b>146.60</b>	<b>7.43</b>

31. Depreciation and amortisation expense

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	612.73	297.48
Amortisation of intangible assets	67.35	64.32
<b>Total</b>	<b>680.08</b>	<b>361.80</b>

32. Other expenses

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Electricity and water charges	156.53	146.51
Rent	131.04	452.86
Rates and taxes	7.70	8.38
Insurance	44.03	38.86
Repairs and maintenance		
- Building	23.56	27.24
- Plant and equipment	90.11	63.40
- Others	194.70	156.21
Advertisement and sales promotion	331.69	347.13
Travelling and conveyance	313.18	301.44
Postage and courier	410.17	357.49
Communication costs	67.00	78.61
Commission to directors	9.29	7.61
Printing and stationery	95.67	78.29
Retainership fees to technical consultants	119.19	145.56
Director sitting fees	5.19	3.95
Legal and professional charges	137.74	139.97
Laboratory test charges	53.56	31.03
Payment to auditors (Refer note below)	9.74	11.06
Donation other than to political parties	0.43	0.16
Corporate social responsibility expense (Refer note 42)	52.28	45.02
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances	42.33	51.98
Bad debts / advances written off (net)	7.67	4.96
Miscellaneous expenses	269.29	272.53
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,572.09</b>	<b>2,770.25</b>

Note:

(i) Payments to the auditors comprise \*

As auditors:

Audit fees	5.76	5.08
Limited review	1.77	1.53
Tax audit fees	0.44	0.41
Others	1.14	2.89
Reimbursement of expenses	0.63	1.15
<b>Total</b>	<b>9.74</b>	<b>11.06</b>

\*including indirect taxes

### 33. Income tax

The Company is subject to Indian Income Tax Act, 1961. The Company is assessed for tax on taxable profits determined for each fiscal year beginning on 1 April and ending on 31 March.

Statutory income taxes are assessed based on book profits prepared under generally accepted accounting principles in India ("Indian GAAP") adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the (Indian) Income tax Act, 1961. Such adjustments generally relate to depreciation of property, plant and equipment, disallowances of certain provisions and accruals, deduction for tax holidays and similar exemptions, the use of tax losses carried forward and retirement benefit costs. Statutory income tax is charged at 22%(2018-19: 30%) plus a surcharge and education cess. The combined Indian statutory tax rate for the fiscal year 2018-19 was 34.944% and for the fiscal year 2019-20 was 25.168%.

The Company elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Company has recognised provision for income tax for the year ended and re-measured its deferred tax assets basis the rate prescribed in the said section.

Income tax returns submitted by companies are regularly subjected to a comprehensive review and challenge by the tax authorities.

#### 33.1: Income tax recognised in Statement of Profit And Loss

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Current tax</b>		
In respect of the current year	847.11	1,043.59
In respect of the prior years	(44.66)	(38.15)
	<b>802.45</b>	<b>1,005.44</b>
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
In respect of the current year	(112.58)	(53.34)
In respect of the prior years	105.84	17.19
	<b>(6.74)</b>	<b>(36.15)</b>
<b>Total income tax expenses recognised in the current year</b>	<b>795.71</b>	<b>969.29</b>

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Profit before tax	3,027.51	2,923.67
Statutory tax rate	25.168%	34.944%
Income tax expenses calculated at 25.168% (2018-19: 34.944%)	761.96	1,021.65
Effect of change in tax rate	58.97	-
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	5.13	10.76
Tax difference on account of deduction under chapter VI-A	(12.77)	(23.68)
Non taxable income	(11.93)	(29.01)
Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation to taxes of previous years	2.21	(20.96)
Deferred tax on defined benefit obligation recognised in OCI	(4.29)	10.53
Notional income on account of IND As	(4.00)	-
Income taxable at different rate	0.43	-
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss	<b>795.71</b>	<b>969.29</b>

#### 33.2: Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	4.29	10.53
	<b>4.29</b>	<b>10.53</b>

### 34. Earnings per equity share

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Profit for the year - (in ₹ million)	2,231.80	1,954.38
Number of equity shares	83,344,877	83,341,610
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	83,342,128	83,340,566
Weighted average shares held with the "Dr. Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust"	945,937	1,017,473
Dilutive impact of share options outstanding	155,458	159,829
Basic earnings per share of ₹ 10 each	27.09	23.74
Diluted earnings per share of ₹ 10 each	27.04	23.69
Face value per share - (in ₹)	10	10

#### 34.1 Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares used a denominator in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Weighted average number of shares for calculating basic earnings per share	82,396,191	82,323,093
Add : share options outstanding	155,458	159,829
Weighted average number of shares for calculating dilutive earnings per share	82,551,649	82,482,922

### 35. Capital and other commitments

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Capital commitments</b>		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	85.77	9.12
<b>Other Commitments*</b>	-	-

\* The Company has other commitments, for purchases/sales orders which are issued after considering requirements per operating cycle for purchase/sale of goods and services and employee benefits, in the normal course of business.

### 36. Contingent liabilities

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
i) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts*	104.25	82.49

\* Based on the discussions with the solicitor/ expert opinions taken/status of the case, the management believes that the Company has strong chances of success in above mentioned cases and hence no provision there against is considered necessary at this point in time as the likelihood of liability devolving on the Company is less than probable.

### 37. Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged solely in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, other pathological and radiological investigations.

The Board of Directors of the Company, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocates resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicators of the Company as a single unit. Therefore there is no reportable segment for the Company, in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard 108-'Operating Segments', notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015.

**Information about geographical areas**

- a) The Company is domiciled in India. The amount of its revenue from operations from external customers broken down by location of customers is tabulated below:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
India	12,558.73	11,493.89
Outside India	177.25	155.10
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,735.98</b>	<b>11,648.99</b>

- b) The Company's non-current assets (excluding financial assets, non-current tax assets, deferred tax assets and certain other non-current assets) broken down by location of customers is tabulated below:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
India	3,090.35	1,759.68
Outside India	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,090.35</b>	<b>1,759.68</b>

**c) Information about major customers**

No single customer contributed more than 10% or more to the Company's revenue during the years ended 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019.

38. During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Company has made a further investment of ₹ 24.58 million in this subsidiary, Dr. Lal Pathlabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd. through subscription of additional shares resulting in increase in shareholding by 1.83% to 71.83%.
39. During the previous year ended 31 March 2019, two new wholly owned subsidiaries, Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited and PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited have been incorporated in India. The Company has subscribed to equity share capital amounting to ₹ 1.00 million in each of these subsidiaries.
- During the current year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has made a further investment of ₹ 599.00 million and ₹ 9.00 million in this subsidiary Company Pathlabs Unifiers Private Limited and Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited respectively through subscription of additional shares.
40. During the current year, a new wholly owned foreign subsidiary, Dr. Lal Pathlabs Kenya Private Limited has been incorporated in Kenya. The Company has subscribed to equity share capital amounting to KES 10 million (₹ 7.10 million) consisting of 9,880 shares of KES 100.
41. The Board of Directors of the company in their meeting held on 3 February, 2020 have approved the "Scheme of Amalgamation" of APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited (APL), a wholly owned subsidiary, with the Company w.e.f. 1 April, 2020 (the appointed date). As per the said scheme the undertaking of this company shall stand transferred to and vested in the Company on a going concern basis without any further act, deed of matter. The scheme of amalgamation is subject to approval by the National Company Law Tribunal and other statutory approvals.
42. In light of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has incurred expenses on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) aggregating to ₹ 52.28 Million (Previous year ₹ 45.02 Million) for CSR activities.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	52.28	45.02
b) Amount spent during the year on the following in cash		
i. Construction/ acquisition of any asset	Nil	Nil
ii. On purpose other than (i) above	52.28*	45.02*

\* The Company has contributed ₹ 52.28 Million (Previous year ₹ 45.02 Million) to "Lal PathLabs Foundation" (formerly known as "Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust") which is carrying out Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities on behalf of the Company, as mentioned in Schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013.

#### 43. Employee benefit plans

##### 43.1 Defined contribution plans

The Company operates defined contribution retirement benefit plans for all its qualifying employees. Where employees leave the plans prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contributions payable by the Company are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

Employee benefit under defined contribution plan comprising of provident fund is recognised based on the amount of obligation of the Company to contribute to the plan. The contribution is paid to Provident Fund authorities which is expensed during the year.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of ₹ 90.75 million (for the year ended 31 March, 2019: ₹ 51.26 million) represents contributions payable to provident fund by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plans. As at 31 March, 2020, contributions of ₹ 15.63 million (as at 31 March, 2019: ₹ 15.47 million) due in respect of the reporting period had not been paid over to the plans. The amounts were paid subsequent to the end of the respective reporting periods.

##### 43.2 Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: The Company operates a funded gratuity benefit plan. Gratuity liability arises on retirement, withdrawal, resignation, and death of an employee. The aforesaid liability is calculated on the basis of 15 days salary for each completed year of service, subject to a maximum of ₹ 2.00 million. Vesting occurs upon completion of 4.5 years of service.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost are measured using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date.

##### 43.3 The Company is exposed to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. When there is a deep market for such bonds; if the return on plan assets is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for these plans, investments are made in Insurer managed funds.
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

##### 43.4 Actuary assumptions - Gratuity:

Date of Valuation	Refer note below	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Discount rate (per annum)	1	6.70%	7.39%
Rate of salary increase (per annum)	2	9-12%	5-9%
Rate of return (per annum)	3	6.70%	7.39%
Retirement age		60 years	60 years
Attrition rate		2-14%	10-15%
Mortality table		Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-2008)

##### Notes:

- The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yield of India Government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of obligations.
- The estimate of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.
- The expected return is based on the expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investments of the fund during the estimated term of the obligations.

43.5 Amounts recognised in the financial statements before allocation in respect of these defined benefit plan are as follows:

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Service cost :</b>		
Current service cost	30.70	22.81
Past service cost and (gain)/loss from settlements	-	-
Net interest expense	4.53	2.98
<b>Components of defined benefit costs recognised in employee benefit expenses</b>	<b>35.23</b>	<b>25.79</b>
<b>Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:</b>		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	(1.79)	(1.50)
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	2.95	2.94
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	17.59	(28.02)
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	(3.85)	56.72
<b>Components of remeasurement</b>	<b>14.90</b>	<b>30.14</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>50.13</b>	<b>55.93</b>

43.6 Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Opening defined benefit obligation	174.32	115.91
Current service cost	30.70	22.81
Interest cost	13.34	9.31
<b>Remeasurement (gains)/losses:</b>		
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	2.95	2.94
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	17.59	(28.02)
Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments	(3.85)	56.72
Past service cost, including losses/(gains) on curtailments	-	-
Benefits paid	(10.04)	(5.35)
<b>Closing defined benefit obligation</b>	<b>225.01</b>	<b>174.32</b>

43.7 The amount included in the Standalone Balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plan is as follows :

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	225.01	174.32
Fair value of plan assets	175.13	119.29
<b>Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation</b>	<b>49.88</b>	<b>55.03</b>

43.8 Movements in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows :

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Opening fair value of plan assets	119.29	90.27
Interest income	8.82	6.33
Remeasurement gain (loss):		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)		
Actuarial gain/ (loss) on plan assets	1.79	1.50
Contributions from the employer	56.60	25.70
Benefits paid	(11.37)	(4.51)
<b>Closing fair value of plan assets</b>	<b>175.13</b>	<b>119.29</b>

Expected contribution in respect of Gratuity for next year will be ₹ 49.88 million (For the year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ 55.00 million)

**43.9 The fair value of the plan assets at the end of the reporting period for each category, are as follows.**

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Insurer managed funds	175.13	119.29

**43.10 Sensitivity analysis**

Below is the sensitivity analysis determined for significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of defined benefit obligations and based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Discount rate</b>		
- Impact due to increase of 100 basis points	(14.90)	(9.71)
- Impact due to decrease of 100 basis points	16.94	10.43
<b>Salary increase</b>		
- Impact due to increase of 100 basis points	13.78	10.40
- Impact due to decrease of 100 basis points	(13.23)	(9.05)
<b>Withdrawal Rate</b>		
- Impact due to 25% increase	(6.90)	(0.34)
- Impact due to 25% decrease	8.18	0.44

**44. Financial instruments**

**(a) Capital management**

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company adjusts the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company has investments in fixed deposits with banks, corporates and in mutual fund schemes wherein underlying portfolio is spread across securities issued by different issuers having different credit ratings. The credit risk of investments in debt mutual fund schemes is managed through investment policies and guidelines requiring adherence to stringent credit control norms based on external credit ratings.

The Company has no outstanding debt as at the end of reporting periods. Accordingly, the Company has not calculated gearing ratio as at 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019.

**(b) Financial risk management objective and policies**

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2.

**Financial assets and liabilities:**

The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, and their carrying amounts, are set out below:

**As at 31 March, 2020**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Carrying value
Investments	1,588.91	-	-	1,588.91	1,588.91
Trade receivables	-	-	502.52	502.52	502.52
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,892.43	1,892.43	1,892.43
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	-	-	3,599.51	3,599.51	3,599.51
Loans	-	-	9.30	9.30	9.30
Other financial assets	30.39	-	427.31	457.70	457.70
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,619.30</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,431.07</b>	<b>8,050.37</b>	<b>8,050.37</b>

Financial liabilities	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade payables	-	-	1,127.45	1,127.45	1,127.45
Other financial liabilities	-	-	1,602.07	1,602.07	1,602.07
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,729.52</b>	<b>2,729.52</b>	<b>2,729.52</b>

**As at 31 March, 2019**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Carrying value
Investments	1,816.74	-	-	1,816.74	1,816.74
Trade receivables	-	-	530.96	530.96	530.96
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,239.48	1,239.48	1,239.48
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	-	-	3,541.65	3,541.65	3,541.65
Loans	-	-	9.40	9.40	9.40
Other financial assets	44.14	-	594.01	638.15	638.15
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,860.88</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,915.50</b>	<b>7,776.38</b>	<b>7,776.38</b>

Financial liabilities	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade payables	-	-	771.72	771.72	771.72
Other financial liabilities	-	-	297.49	297.49	297.49
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,069.21</b>	<b>1,069.21</b>	<b>1,069.21</b>

Investment in subsidiaries are financial assets, however they are not included in the above table, since they are measured at cost.

**(c) Fair value measurement**

This note provides information about how the Company determines fair values of various financial assets.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets	Fair value		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)
	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019		
<b>Current investments:</b>				
Investment in mutual funds*	1,588.91	1,816.74	Level II	NAV declared by respective Asset Management Companies.
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	30.39	44.14	Level II	Surrender value declared by insurance companies

\* Short-term marketable securities not traded in active markets are determined by reference to quotes from the financial institutions; for example: Net asset value (NAV) for investments in mutual funds declared by mutual fund house.

**Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value**

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the Standalone Financial Statements, except note no. 6, approximate their fair values.

**(d) Risk management framework**

The Company's business is subject to several risks and uncertainties including financial risks. The Company's documented risk management policies act as an effective tool in mitigating the various financial risks to which the business is exposed to in the course of their daily operations. The risk management policies cover areas such as liquidity risk, interest rate risk, counterparty and concentration of credit risk and capital management. Risks are identified through a formal risk management programme with active involvement of senior management personnel and business managers. The Company's risk management process is in line with the corporate policy. Each significant risk has a designated 'owner' within the Company at an appropriate senior level. The potential financial impact of the risk and its likelihood of a negative outcome are regularly updated.

The risk management process is coordinated by the Management Assurance function and is regularly reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee. The overall internal control environment and risk management programme including financial risk management is reviewed by the Audit Committee on behalf of the board.

The risk management framework aims to:

- improve financial risk awareness and risk transparency
- identify, control and monitor key risks
- identify risk accumulations
- provide management with reliable information on the Company's risk situation
- improve financial returns

**Treasury management**

The Company's treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Treasury management focuses on capital protection, liquidity maintenance and yield maximisation.

**Financial risk**

The Company's Board of Directors approves financial risk policies comprising liquidity, foreign currency, interest rate and counterparty credit risk. The Company does not engage in the speculative treasury activity but seeks to manage risk and optimise interest through proven financial instruments.

**(i) Liquidity risk**

The Company requires funds for short-term operational needs and has been rated by CRISIL Limited (CRISIL) for its banking facilities.

The Company remains committed to maintaining a healthy liquidity, gearing ratio and strengthening the balance sheet. The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities and realisability of financial assets based on the remaining period from the date of balance sheet to the contractual maturity date is given in the table below. The figures reflect the contractual cash obligation of the Company.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March, 2020				
	<1 year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	> 5 Years	Total
<u>Non-current</u>					
Other non current financial liabilities	-	456.13	277.88	169.59	<b>903.60</b>
<u>Current</u>					
Trade payables	1,127.45	-	-	-	<b>1,127.45</b>
Other current financial liabilities	698.47	-	-	-	<b>698.47</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,825.92</b>	<b>456.13</b>	<b>277.88</b>	<b>169.59</b>	<b>2,729.52</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March, 2019					
	<1 year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	> 5 Years	Total
<b>Non-current</b>					
Other non current financial liabilities	-	3.05	3.05	12.17	18.27
<b>Current</b>					
Trade payables	771.72	-	-	-	771.72
Other current financial liabilities	285.32	-	-	-	285.32
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,057.04</b>	<b>3.05</b>	<b>3.05</b>	<b>12.17</b>	<b>1,075.31</b>

As at 31 March, 2020, the Company had access to funding facilities of ₹ 100 million (entire amount not drawn) as set out below:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Secured cash credit facility at variable rate of interest, reviewed annually and payable at call	100.00	-	100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100.00</b>

As at 31 March, 2019, the Company had access to funding facilities of ₹ 100 million (entire amount not drawn) as set out below:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Secured cash credit facility at variable rate of interest, reviewed annually and payable at call	100.00	-	100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100.00</b>

(ii) **Interest rate risk**

Fixed rate financial assets are largely interest bearing fixed deposits held by the Company. The returns from these financial assets are linked to bank rate notified by Reserve Bank of India as adjusted on periodic basis. The Company does not charge interest on overdue trade receivables. Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled up to 30 days terms. Mutual fund investments have debt securities as underlying assets and are exposed to floating interest rates.

The exposure of the Company's financial assets as at 31 March, 2020 to interest rate risk is as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non interest bearing	Total
<b>Non-current</b>				
Loans	-	-	0.26	0.26
Other financial assets	-	100.70	30.62	131.32
	-	<b>100.70</b>	<b>30.88</b>	<b>131.58</b>
<b>Current</b>				
Investments	1,588.91	-	-	1,588.91
Trade receivables	-	-	502.52	502.52
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,810.73	81.70	1,892.43
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	-	3,597.55	1.96	3,599.51
Loans	-	-	9.04	9.04
Other financial assets	-	-	326.38	326.38
	<b>1,588.91</b>	<b>5,408.28</b>	<b>921.60</b>	<b>7,918.79</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,588.91</b>	<b>5,508.98</b>	<b>952.48</b>	<b>8,050.37</b>
Range of interest rate applicable	-	5.00% - 7.95% p.a.	-	

The exposure of the Company's financial liabilities as at 31 March, 2020 to interest rate risk is as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)				
	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non interest bearing	Total
<b>Non-current</b>				
Other financial liabilities	-	-	903.60	903.60
	-	-	903.60	903.60
<b>Current</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	1,127.45	1,127.45
Other financial liabilities	-	-	698.47	698.47
	-	-	1,825.92	1,825.92
<b>Total</b>	-	-	2,729.52	2,729.52

The exposure of the Company's financial assets as at 31 March, 2019 to interest rate risk is as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)				
	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non interest bearing	Total
<b>Non-current</b>				
Loans	-	-	0.05	0.05
Other financial assets	-	106.54	80.71	187.25
	-	106.54	80.76	187.30
<b>Current</b>				
Investments	1,816.74	-	-	1,816.74
Trade receivables	-	-	530.96	530.96
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,034.85	204.63	1,239.48
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	-	3,540.01	1.64	3,541.65
Loans	-	-	9.35	9.35
Other financial assets	-	204.36	246.54	450.90
	1,816.74	4,779.22	993.12	7,589.08
<b>Total</b>	1,816.74	4,885.76	1,073.88	7,776.38
Range of interest rate applicable	-	5.25% - 8.68% p.a.	-	

The exposure of the Company's financial liabilities as at 31 March, 2019 to interest rate risk is as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)				
	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non interest bearing	Total
<b>Non-current</b>				
Other financial liabilities	-	-	12.17	12.17
	-	-	12.17	12.17
<b>Current</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	771.72	771.72
Other financial liabilities	-	-	285.32	285.32
	-	-	1,057.04	1,057.04
<b>Total</b>	-	-	1,069.21	1,069.21

### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate assets, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the assets balance at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Impact on profit or loss for the year for increase in interest rate	27.54	16.63
Impact on profit or loss for the year for decrease in interest rate	(27.54)	(16.63)

### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and after obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Company is exposed to credit risk for receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, investments and loans.

Credit risk management considers available reasonable and supportable forward-looking information including indicators like external credit rating (as far as available), macro-economic information (such as regulatory changes, government directives, market interest rate).

Only high rated banks are considered for placement of deposits. Bank balances are held with reputed and creditworthy banking institutions.

For short-term investments, counterparty limits are in place to limit the amount of credit exposure to any one counterparty. Defined limits are in place for exposure to individual counterparties in case of mutual funds schemes.

None of the Company's cash equivalents are past due or impaired. Regarding trade and other receivables, the Company has accounted for impairment based on expected credit losses method as at 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019 based on expected probability of default.

### (iv) Price risks

The sensitivity of profit or loss in respect of investments in mutual funds at the end of the reporting period for +/-5% change in net asset value is presented below:

Profit before tax for the year ended 31 March, 2020 would increase/decrease by ₹ 79.45 million (for the year ended 31 March, 2019 would increase/ decrease by ₹ 90.84 million) as a result of the changes in net asset value of investment in mutual funds.

## 45. Share based payments

### 45.1 Employee Share Option Plan-2010

#### 45.1.1 Details of employee share based plan of the Company

The shareholders of the Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Private Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2010' ("ESOP 2010") at the Annual General Meeting held on 20 August, 2010 to grant a maximum of 3,808,960 options to specified categories of employees of the Company. Each option granted and vested under the ESOP 2010 shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. The Company had granted 3,730,340 options till the year ended 31 March, 2015, all of which have all been vested as at 31 March 2019. As per resolution passed on 21 August, 2015, the Company approved to cease any further grants under the ESOP 2010.

The following ESOP 2010 tranches were in existence during the current year:

Grant date	Number	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair Value at grant date (in ₹)
1 September, 2010	2,972,160	Refer Note 1 below	110.80	168.92
23 January, 2015	162,180	Refer Note 1 below	311.30	490.42

Note 1: All options vest after 48-60 months from date of grant subject to satisfaction of vesting conditions. The exercise period is five years from the date on which the Company's shares were listed on a recognised stock exchange in India or a period of 10 years from date of respective vesting, whichever period ends later. Options not exercised within exercise period lapses.

#### 45.1.2 Fair value of share options granted in the year

There were no options granted during the years ended 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019.

#### 45.1.3 Movements in share options during the year

The reconciliation of share options outstanding at the beginning and end of the year:

Particulars	2019-20		2018-19	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)
Balance at beginning of year	145,250	306.79	154,116	292.52
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	3,267	110.80	8,866	110.80
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	141,983	311.30	145,250	306.79

#### 45.1.4 Share options exercised during the year

The following share options were exercised during the year:

Grant Date	Number exercised	Exercise date	Share price at exercise date
1 September, 2010	3,267	17-12-2019	1453.25

#### 45.1.5 Share options outstanding at the end of the year

The share options outstanding at the end of the year has a weighted average exercise price of ₹ 311.30 (as at 31 March, 2019: ₹ 306.79) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 7.13 years (as at 31 March, 2019: 8.29 years)

### 45.2 Restricted Share Option Plan

#### 45.2.1 Details of employee share based plan of the Company

The shareholders of the Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Employees Restricted Stock Unit Plan 2016' ('RSU 2016') at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 July, 2016 to grant a maximum of 12,44,155 Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") to key employees and directors of the Company. Each RSU granted and vested shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. Under RSU 2016, for the performance year 2016-17, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 225,000 out of which 6,225 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions. For the performance year 2017-18, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 225,716 and 9,602 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions. Further, for the performance year 2018-19, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 219,132 and 28,498 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions.

Further, for the performance year 2019-20, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 213,841 and 27,631 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions. The Company has accounted for the expense of options proportionately for the period under employee cost on the basis of weighted average fair value.

The following share- based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and prior years:

Option series	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price (in ₹)	Fair Value at grant date (in ₹)
Series 1	203,400	29 July, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	943.00
Series 2	3,600	1 August, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	953.59
Series 3	8,000	21 September, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	1,182.34
Series 4	10,000	10 October, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	1,030.56
Series 5	214,716	7 August, 2017	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	795.15
Series 6	11,000	8 February, 2018	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	854.73
Series 7	210,132	10 August, 2018	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	908.45
Series 8	9,000	6 November, 2018	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	855.73
Series 9	213,841	13 August, 2019	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	1,045.81

**Note 1:** All options vest after 1 year but within 4 years of date of grant subject to satisfaction of vesting conditions. The exercise period is five years from the date of respective vesting or such other shorter period as may be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee from time to time. Options not exercised within the exercise period lapse.

#### 45.2.2 Fair value of share options granted in the year

The fair value of the options, calculated by an external valuer, was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model with the following significant assumptions:

Option Series	Series 1	Series 2	Series 3	Series 4	Series 5	Series 6	Series 7	Series 8	Series 9
Grant date share price	961.75	972.50	1,201.35	1,049.65	814.25	873.40	939.45	886.75	1,086.45
Exercise price (in ₹)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Expected volatility	31.58%	31.58%	31.58%	31.58%	31.48%	21.71%	22.33%	25.66%	31.79%
Option life	6-9 Years								
Dividend yield	0.18%	0.18%	0.15%	0.17%	0.22%	0.20%	0.35%	0.37%	0.41%
Risk-free interest rate	7.32%-7.36%	7.29%-7.35%	6.90%-7.18%	6.76%-6.96%	6.65%-6.96%	7.73%-8.03%	7.99%-8.19%	7.92%-8.01%	6.69%-6.98%

#### 45.2.3 Movements in share options during the year

The following reconciles the share options outstanding at the beginning and end of the year:

Particulars	2019-20		2018-19	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)
Balance at beginning of year	548,656	10.00	411,298	10.00
Granted during the year	213,841	10.00	219,132	10.00
Forfeited during the year	27,631	10.00	28,498	10.00
Exercised during the year	131,265	10.00	53,276	10.00
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	603,601	10.00	548,656	10.00

#### 45.2.4 Share options exercised during the year

The following share options were exercised during the year.

Option series	Number exercised	Exercise date	Share price at exercise date
Series 1	62,018	Various dates	Various prices
Series 2	183	07-03-2020	1671.73
Series 3	2,000	Various dates	Various prices
Series 4	2,500	Various dates	Various prices
Series 5	41,868	Various dates	Various prices
Series 6	2,200	Various dates	Various prices
Series 7	19,146	Various dates	Various prices
Series 8	1,350	Various dates	Various prices
Series 9	-	-	-

#### 45.2.5 Share options outstanding at the end of the year

The share options outstanding at the end of the year has a weighted average exercise price of ₹ 10 (as at 31 March, 2019: ₹ 10) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6.37 years (as at 31 March, 2019: 6.45 years)

#### 46. Related Party Disclosures

##### I. Names of related parties and related party relationship

###### a. Related parties where control exists

###### Subsidiaries held directly

- 1 Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited
- 2 Paliwal Medicare Private Limited
- 3 Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V.
- 4 APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited
- 5 Dr. Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited
- 6 Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd
- 7 Pathlabs Unifiers Private Limited
- 8 Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited
- 9 Dr. Lal Pathlabs Kenya Private Limited (incorporated on 6 August, 2019)

###### Subsidiaries held indirectly

- 1 Centrapath Labs Private Limited (w.e.f 7th August,2019)
- 2 APRL PathLabs Private Limited (w.e.f 13 November, 2019)

###### b. Entities in which key managerial personnel can exercise significant influence

- 1 Central Clinical Laboratory
- 2 Eskay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal
- 3 New Delhi Centre for Sight Limited

###### c. Key managerial personnel

- 1 (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal - Chairman and Managing Director upto 31 March,2020 (Executive Chairman w.e.f 1 April, 2020)
- 2 Dr. Vandana Lal – Director
- 3 Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda - Chief Executive Officer upto 31 March, 2020 (Managing Director w.e.f 1 April, 2020)
- 4 Mr. Ved Prakash Goel - Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f 10 August, 2018)
- 5 Mr. Rajat Kalra - Company Secretary
- 6 Mr. Dilip Bidani - Chief Financial Officer (upto 9 August 2018)

###### d. Relatives of key management personnel

- 1 Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann  
(Daughter of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)
- 2 Mr. Anjaneya Lal  
(Son of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)

###### e. Other related parties

- 1 Lal Pathlabs Foundation (formerly Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust)  
(Trust to manage and administer corporate social responsibilities of the Group under the Companies Act, 2013)
- 2 Dr. Lal Pathlabs Limited Group Gratuity Trust ( formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Private Limited Group Gratuity Trust)  
(Trust to manage and administer gratuity liability of the Company)

II. Transactions/Outstanding balances with related parties during the year

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Entities in which Key Management Personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>A. Transactions during the year</b>						
<b>i. Sale of services</b>						
	Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	-	-	-	-	8.76
	(7.24)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(7.24)
	23.54	-	-	-	-	23.54
	(17.71)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(17.71)
	23.51	-	-	-	-	23.51
	(18.58)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(18.58)
	-	-	-	-	0.31	0.31
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.44)	(1.44)
	1.13	-	-	-	-	1.13
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	0.34	-	-	-	-	0.34
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	0.56	-	-	-	-	0.56
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	<b>57.84</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.31</b>	<b>58.15</b>
	<b>(43.53)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(1.44)</b>	<b>(44.97)</b>
<b>ii. Laboratory test charges</b>						
	13.59	-	-	-	-	13.59
	(9.25)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.25)
	0.05	-	-	-	-	0.05
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	-	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	<b>13.64</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13.61</b>
	<b>(9.25)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(9.25)</b>
<b>iii. Sale of property, plant and equipments</b>						
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(0.38)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.38)
	2.69	-	-	-	-	2.69
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.69</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.69</b>
	<b>(0.38)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(0.38)</b>

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Entities in which Key Management Personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>iv. Purchase of property, plant and equipment</b>						
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	(0.90)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.90)
Dr. Vandana Lal	-	-	7.50	-	-	7.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>(0.90)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(8.00)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(8.90)</b>
<b>v. Compensation of Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives</b>						
The remuneration of key managerial personnel during the year was as follows:						
- Short term employee benefits	-	-	92.98	2.18	-	95.16
- Post employment benefits*	(-)	(-)	(96.41)	(2.03)	(-)	(98.44)
- Share based payments to employees**	(-)	(-)	(1.21)	(-)	(-)	(1.21)
	-	-	113.21	-	-	113.21
	(-)	(-)	(17.82)	(-)	(-)	(17.82)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>206.19</b>	<b>2.18</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>208.37</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(115.44)</b>	<b>(2.03)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(117.47)</b>
<b>vi. Reimbursement of expenses</b>						
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	0.58	-	-	-	-	0.58
Dr. Lal PathLabs Ventures Private Limited	(0.72)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.72)
PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited	(0.22)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.22)
APRL PathLabs Private Limited	0.07	-	-	-	-	0.07
	(0.67)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.67)
	0.30	-	-	-	-	0.30
<b>Total</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>
	<b>0.95</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>0.95</b>
	<b>(1.61)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(1.61)</b>

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Entities in which Key Management Personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>vii. Repayment of expenses</b>						
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	0.58	-	-	-	-	0.58
Dr. Lal PathLabs Ventures Private Limited	(0.72)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.72)
PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited	(0.22)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.22)
	0.07	-	-	-	-	0.07
	(0.67)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.67)
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.65</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>0.65</b>
	<b>(1.61)</b>	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	<b>(1.61)</b>
<b>viii. Contribution to Fund</b>						
Lal Pathlabs Foundation (formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Welfare Trust)	-	-	-	52.28	-	52.28
Dr. Lal Pathlabs Limited Group Gratuity Trust (formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Private Limited Group Gratuity Trust)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(45.02)	-	(45.02)
	-	-	-	56.60	-	56.60
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(25.70)	-	(25.70)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	-	-	<b>108.88</b>	-	<b>108.88</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	(-)	(-)	<b>(70.72)</b>	-	<b>(70.72)</b>
<b>ix. Rent</b>						
Dr. Vandana Lal	-	-	0.76	-	-	0.76
Central Clinical Laboratory	(-)	(-)	(1.01)	(-)	(-)	(1.01)
	-	0.29	-	-	-	0.29
	(-)	(0.27)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.27)
Eskay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.29</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.05</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(0.27)</b>	<b>(1.01)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(1.28)</b>
<b>x. Professional fees</b>						
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann (Daughter of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	-	-	-	0.53	-	0.53
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3.99)	(-)	(3.99)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	-	-	<b>0.53</b>	-	<b>0.53</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	(-)	(-)	<b>(3.99)</b>	(-)	<b>(3.99)</b>

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Entities in which Key Management Personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>xi. Dividend paid</b>						
(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	-	-	415.25	-	-	415.25
Dr. Vandana Lal	(-)	(-)	(145.02)	(-)	(-)	(145.02)
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	(-)	(-)	256.50	(-)	(-)	256.50
Mr. Dilip Bidani	(-)	(-)	(87.63)	(-)	(-)	(87.63)
Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	(-)	(-)	22.53	(-)	(-)	22.53
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	(-)	(-)	(6.68)	(-)	(-)	(6.68)
(Daughter of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	-	(-)	(-)	-
Mr. Arjaneya Lal	(-)	(-)	(0.04)	(-)	(-)	(0.04)
(Son of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	0.26	(-)	(-)	0.26
EsKay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal	(-)	5.89	(0.09)	(-)	(-)	(0.09)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5.89</b>	<b>694.54</b>	<b>57.02</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>757.45</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(9.25)</b>	<b>(239.46)</b>	<b>(20.23)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(268.94)</b>
<b>xii. Dividend received</b>						
Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	40.59	-	-	-	-	40.59
<b>Total</b>	<b>40.59</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>40.59</b>
	<b>(16.59)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(16.59)</b>
	<b>(16.59)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(16.59)</b>
<b>xiii. Investment in equity shares</b>						
Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Private Limited	(24.58)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(24.58)
Dr. Lal PathLabs Ventures Private Limited	9.00	-	-	-	-	9.00
PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited	(1.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.00)
Dr Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited	599.00	-	-	-	-	599.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>615.10</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>615.10</b>
	<b>(26.58)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(26.58)</b>

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Entities in which Key Management Personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>xiv. Share options exercised***</b>						
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	-	-	0.83	-	-	0.83
	(-)	(-)	(0.20)	(-)	(-)	(0.20)
	-	-	0.83	-	-	0.83
	(-)	(-)	(0.20)	(-)	(-)	(0.20)
<b>xv. Issue of equity Shares****</b>						
Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	-	-	0.36	-	-	0.36
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	-	-	0.36	-	-	0.36
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>xvi. Sitting fees</b>						
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	-	-	-	0.10	-	0.10
(Daughter of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	-	-	-	0.10	-	0.10
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>B. Outstanding balances at the year end</b>						
<b>i. Other non-current assets</b>						
Other advances*****						
Lal Pathlabs Foundation	31 March, 2020	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
(formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Welfare Trust	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.10)	(0.10)
Dr. Lal Pathlabs Limited Group Gratuity Trust	31 March, 2020	-	-	-	0.14	0.14
(formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Private Limited	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.14)	(0.14)
Group Gratuity Trust)						
<b>Total</b>	31 March, 2020	-	-	-	0.24	0.24
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.24)	(0.24)
<b>ii. Trade receivables</b>						
Dr. Lal Pathlabs Nepal Private Limited	31 March, 2020	7.39	-	-	-	7.39
	31 March, 2019	(3.66)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3.66)
Dr. Lal Pathlabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd	31 March, 2020	18.81	-	-	-	18.81
	31 March, 2019	(16.53)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(16.53)
APRL Pathlabs Private Limited	31 March, 2020	0.17	-	-	-	0.17
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Centrapath Labs Private Limited	31 March, 2020	0.80	-	-	-	0.80
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited	31 March, 2020	3.28	-	-	-	3.28
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Pathlabs Unifiers Private Limited	31 March, 2020	0.08	-	-	-	0.08
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	31 March, 2020	30.53	-	-	-	30.53
	31 March, 2019	(20.19)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(20.19)

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Entities in which Key Management Personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>iii. Loans</b>						
Mr. Ved Prakash Goel						
	31 March, 2020	-	-	1.83	-	1.83
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(2.44)	(-)	(2.44)
	31 March, 2020	-	-	1.83	-	1.83
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(2.44)	(-)	(2.44)
<b>iv. Other financial assets</b>						
<b>Particulars</b>						
<b>Security deposits</b>						
Eskay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal						
	31 March, 2020	-	0.64	-	-	0.64
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(0.64)	(-)	(-)	(0.64)
<b>Total</b>						
	31 March, 2020	-	0.64	-	-	0.64
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(0.64)	(-)	(-)	(0.64)
<b>v. Trade payables</b>						
Centra Clinical Laboratory						
	31 March, 2020	-	0.09	-	-	0.09
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited						
	31 March, 2020	0.36	-	-	-	0.36
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited						
	31 March, 2020	0.08	-	-	-	0.08
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
APRL PathLabs Private Limited						
	31 March, 2020	0.05	-	-	-	0.05
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>						
	31 March, 2020	0.49	0.09	-	-	0.58
	31 March, 2019	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

\*The remuneration to the key managerial personnel and their relatives does not include the provision made for gratuity and leave benefits, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

\*\*Excludes share based expenses accounted for during the year related to RSU Plan, 2016

\*\*\* Shares directly issued to the employees by the EWT Trust @ ₹ 10.00 (Previous year @ ₹ 10) per equity share of ₹ 10/- each.

\*\*\*\* Shares directly issued to the employees by the Company @ ₹ 110.80 per equity share of ₹ 10/- each.

\*\*\*\*\* Represents contribution towards corpus fund. Amount is included in advance recoverable under other non-current assets.

47. Effective April 1, 2019, the Company has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" to its leases using the modified retrospective approach with the option to measure the right to use asset at an amount equal to the lease liability (i.e. as per para C8(c) (ii) of Ind AS 116), adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

The Company has applied the new standard to land leases and building leases etc. to evaluate whether these contracts contains lease or not. Based on evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, the Company has evaluated such arrangements to be leases. Under the new standard, all lease contracts, with limited exceptions, are recognised in the financial statements by way of right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities.

When measuring lease liabilities, the weighted average discount rate used to calculate the lease liability in the opening balance under Ind AS 116 on April 1, 2019 was 11.25%.

The application of the new standard has a significant impact on the classification of expenditure and cash flow statement. It has impacted the timing of expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Expenses were previously recognised as rental expense and for the current period rental expense is being replaced by depreciation charge on right-of-use asset amounting to ₹ 285.16 million which is included under depreciation and amortisation expense in statement of profit and loss and finance cost on lease liability amounting to ₹ 146.14 million.

There has been no impact on the retained earnings due to application of the standard. The Company recognised a lease liability measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments. The right-of-use assets are recognised at cost, which comprises the amount of the measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease. Accordingly, a right-of-use asset of ₹ 1451.72 million and a corresponding lease liability of ₹ 1451.72 million has been recognised.

On transition, the adoption of the new standard resulted in reclassification of Rs. 81.41 million from property, plant and equipment to right-of-use assets, reclassification of ₹ 76.35 million from prepaid rent- Other non-current assets to right-of-use assets, reclassification of ₹ 0.82 million from prepaid rent- Other current assets to right-of-use assets, reclassification of ₹ 12.17 million from Payment obligation- leasehold land- Other financial liabilities - non current to lease liabilities and reclassification of ₹ 1.53 million from Payment obligation- leasehold land- Other financial liabilities - current to lease liabilities

The Company has cash outflows for lease of underlying assets amounting to ₹ 371.56 million for the year ended March 31, 2020 out of which rent charges is amounting to ₹ 32.60 million which includes rentals for short term lease and low value lease.

**Payments recognised as an expenses**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020
Short term lease	32.60
Low value assets	-

**Details of lease liability:**

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March, 2020:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Balance as at 1 April, 2019	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	13.70
Additions	1,451.72
Finance cost accrued during the period	146.14
Payment/adjustment of lease liabilities	(338.96)
Derecognition of lease liability	(23.58)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>1,249.02</b>
<b>Current</b>	<b>345.42</b>
<b>Non-current</b>	<b>903.60</b>

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at 31 March, 2020 on undiscounted basis:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020
Less than one year	345.42
One to five years	1021.09
More than five years	485.87
<b>Total</b>	<b>1852.38</b>

**Details of right-of-use asset:**

The following is the movement in right-of-use asset during the year ended 31 March, 2020:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Land	Buildings
As at 1 April, 2019	-	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	158.58	-
Additions	1.68	1,450.04
Deletions	-	(22.25)
Amortisation expense	(1.64)	(283.52)
<b>As at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>158.62</b>	<b>1,144.27</b>

48. In February 2019, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India vide its judgment and subsequent dismissal of the review petition in August 2019 has ruled in respect of compensation for the purpose of Provident Fund contribution under the Employee's Provident Fund Act. The Company has assessed possible outcomes of the judgment on determination of provident fund contributions and based on the legal opinion obtained and current evaluation, the Company believes it is not probable that certain components paid by the Company will be subject to payment of Provident Fund due to the Supreme Court order. The Company will continue to monitor and evaluate its position based on future events and developments.

49. Disclosure pursuant to section 186 of the Companies Act 2013:

Sr. No.	Nature of the transaction (loans given/ Investment made/ guarantee given/ security provided)	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
1	Loan and advances	-	-
2	Other advances	-	-
3	Guarantees	-	-
4	Investments in fully paid equity instruments and current investments	Refer Note 6 and 13	Refer Note 6 and 13

50. The Company has received a notice dated 22 April, 2019 from the Office of the Commissioner, CGST Gurugram, contending to show cause why service tax (including cess) for an amount of ₹ 2,295.13 million and interest and penalty for the period October, 2013 to June, 2017 should not be levied on the operations of the Company.

The Company has submitted its response and based on the solicitor/ expert's opinion taken, the management believes that the grounds of the show cause notice are not tenable and hence no provision is considered necessary.

51. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

52. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

53. The Standalone Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 18 May, 2020.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

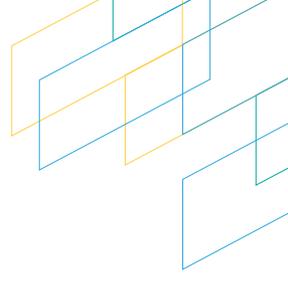
**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

---

# Independent Auditor's Report

## To The Members of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("the Parent") and its subsidiaries, (the Parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2020, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements / financial information of the subsidiaries referred to in the Other Matters section below, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS'), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March, 2020, and their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and their consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the sub-paragraphs (a) of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	<p><b>Revenue Recognition – Reliance on information technology and system for controls over pricing master file</b></p> <p>We identified reliance on information technology and system for controls over pricing master file as a key audit matter due to a likelihood of material misstatement in revenue recognition, resulting from unauthorised alterations to the pricing master file, on account of high volume of patient transactions.</p> <p>Refer to notes 2.3 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements.</p>	<p><b>The principal audit procedures performed by us as the Parent Company auditor's and the procedures performed by the Other Auditors, as reported by them, have been provided below:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtained an understanding of and assessed and tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of relevant internal controls relating to authorisation of alterations to the pricing master file.</li> <li>• Tested the controls around the access rights to the price masters by involving information technology specialists.</li> <li>• Tested the automated controls for auto pick of the prices defined in the system based on the tests selected.</li> <li>• Tested the reports of changes in the pricing master files for completeness and accuracy by involving information technology specialists and for the selected samples of alterations during the year, verified that the changes were authorised.</li> <li>• Selected samples of the invoices and verified the billed price in respect thereof, to the underlying agreements.</li> </ul>

#### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report and Corporate Governance Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, compare with the financial statements of the subsidiaries audited by the other auditors, to the extent it relates to these

entities and, in doing so, place reliance on the work of the other auditors and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Other information so far as it relates to the subsidiaries, is traced from their financial statements audited by the other auditors.

- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate their respective entities or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Parent has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of five subsidiaries whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 138.40 million as at 31 March, 2020, total revenues of ₹ 142.69 million and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 0.58 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of subsection (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements above and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the separate financial statements/ financial information of the subsidiaries referred to in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books, returns and the reports of the other auditors.
  - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Parent/ Holding Company as on 31 March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and the report of the statutory auditor of its subsidiary company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Parent and subsidiary companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting of those companies.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Parent to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group - Refer note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - ii) The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts - Refer note 61 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent and its subsidiary companies, incorporated in India. - Refer note 62 to the consolidated financial statements.

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

(Membership No. 87104)  
(UDIN: 20087104AAAACK3670)

# “Annexure A” to the Independent Auditor’s Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March, 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited** (hereinafter referred to as “Parent”) and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

### Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Parent and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on “the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)”. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Parent and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing

Regd. Office : Indiabulls Finance Centre, Tower 3, 27<sup>th</sup> – 32<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai – 400013, Maharashtra, India (LLP Identification No. AAB-8737) the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor of the subsidiary company, which is a company incorporated in India, in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal

financial controls system over financial reporting of the Parent and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Parent and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2020, based on “the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”.

### Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to one subsidiary company, which is a company incorporated in India, is based solely on the corresponding report of the auditor of such company incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm’s Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

(Membership No. 87104)  
(UDIN: 20087104AAAACK3670)

# Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2020
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>1. Non-current assets</b>			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3a	1,572.50	1,601.15
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3a	103.87	34.40
(c) Right-of-use assets	3b	1,344.65	-
(d) Goodwill	4	772.26	279.74
(e) Other intangible assets	5	440.76	205.74
(f) Intangible assets under development	5	9.94	-
(g) Financial assets			
(i) Loans	6	0.26	0.05
(ii) Other financial assets	7	145.07	203.07
(h) Non-current tax assets (net)	8	185.52	132.49
(i) Deferred tax assets (net)	9	228.50	214.62
(j) Other non-current assets	10	13.27	97.43
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>4,816.60</b>	<b>2,768.69</b>
<b>2. Current assets</b>			
(a) Inventories	11	569.60	285.35
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	12	1,642.75	1,847.79
(ii) Trade receivables	13	513.88	532.23
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	14	1,967.20	1,293.87
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	15	3,723.96	3,608.52
(v) Loans	16	9.06	9.36
(vi) Other financial assets	17	337.07	462.80
(c) Other current assets	18	162.94	96.39
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>8,926.46</b>	<b>8,136.31</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>13,743.06</b>	<b>10,905.00</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>1. Equity</b>			
(a) Equity share capital	19	833.45	833.42
(b) Other equity	20	9,494.63	8,621.54
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b>		<b>10,328.08</b>	<b>9,454.96</b>
Non controlling interest	21	212.19	54.83
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>10,540.27</b>	<b>9,509.79</b>
<b>2. Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Other financial liabilities	22	929.72	12.17
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>929.72</b>	<b>12.17</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	23		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		63.69	22.40
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,113.66	775.60
<b>sub-total</b>		<b>1,177.35</b>	<b>798.00</b>
(ii) Other financial liabilities	24	791.58	290.95
(b) Provisions	25	153.58	133.80
(c) Current tax liabilities (net)	8	1.89	45.47
(d) Other current liabilities	26	148.67	114.82
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>2,273.07</b>	<b>1,383.04</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>3,202.79</b>	<b>1,395.21</b>
<b>Total Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>13,743.06</b>	<b>10,905.00</b>
<b>See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</b>	<b>1-64</b>		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

# Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>1. Income</b>			
(a) Revenue from operations	27	13,303.57	12,034.18
(b) Other income	28	550.45	459.49
<b>Total income</b>		<b>13,854.02</b>	<b>12,493.67</b>
<b>2. Expenses</b>			
(a) Cost of materials consumed	29	2,987.04	2,623.51
(b) Employee benefits expense	30	2,426.37	2,082.86
(c) Finance costs	31	153.12	8.39
(d) Depreciation and amortisation expense	32	728.10	382.20
(e) Fees to collection centers/channel partners		1,729.85	1,509.57
(f) Other expenses	33	2,724.51	2,881.66
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>10,748.99</b>	<b>9,488.19</b>
<b>3. Profit before tax</b>		<b>3,105.03</b>	<b>3,005.48</b>
<b>4. Tax expense</b>			
(a) Current tax	34	838.12	1,035.76
(b) Deferred tax	9	(8.96)	(34.95)
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>829.16</b>	<b>1,000.81</b>
<b>5. Profit for the year (A)</b>		<b>2,275.87</b>	<b>2,004.67</b>
<b>6. Other comprehensive income</b>			
- Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurement of the defined benefit obligations		(17.17)	(29.78)
- Income tax in relation to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		4.92	10.49
- Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		1.17	(0.20)
- Income tax in relation to the items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
<b>Total other comprehensive income (B)</b>		<b>(11.08)</b>	<b>(19.49)</b>
<b>7. Total comprehensive income for the year (A+B)</b>		<b>2,264.79</b>	<b>1,985.18</b>
<b>Profit for the year attributable to:</b>			
- Owners of the Company		2,259.41	1,991.80
- Non-controlling interests		16.46	12.87
		<b>2,275.87</b>	<b>2,004.67</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to:</b>			
- Owners of the Company		(11.23)	(19.48)
- Non-controlling interests		0.15	(0.01)
		<b>(11.08)</b>	<b>(19.49)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:</b>			
- Owners of the Company		2,248.18	1,972.32
- Non-controlling interests		16.61	12.86
		<b>2,264.79</b>	<b>1,985.18</b>
<b>8. Earnings per equity share</b>	35		
- Basic earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 10 each)		27.42	24.19
- Diluted earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 10 each)		27.37	24.15
<b>See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</b>	1-64		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31 March, 2020

(In ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Profit for the year		2,275.87	2,004.67
<b>Adjustments for :</b>			
Tax expense		829.16	1,000.81
Interest income		(448.93)	(349.65)
Dividend income on current investments		(6.81)	(56.97)
Gain on sale or fair valuation of investments		(83.15)	(37.05)
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy		(5.31)	6.40
Sundry balances written back		(1.39)	(3.04)
(Profit)/Loss on disposal/discard of property, plant and equipment		(1.49)	(0.83)
Miscellaneous non operating income		-	(1.86)
Expense recognised in respect of employee share based compensation		166.37	150.46
Finance cost		153.12	8.39
Depreciation and amortisation expense		728.10	382.20
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances		47.52	51.56
Bad debts and advances written off (net)		11.65	6.52
Security deposits amortisation		3.25	3.45
Remeasurement of the defined benefit obligation		(17.17)	(29.78)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		1.17	(0.20)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>3,651.96</b>	<b>3,135.08</b>
Changes in working capital:			
<b>Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:</b>			
(Increase) in inventories		(284.25)	(12.00)
(Increase) in trade receivables		(40.82)	(178.75)
(Increase)/decrease in loans		0.09	(6.35)
(Increase)/decrease in other financial assets		4.38	(13.22)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(48.98)	81.85
<b>Adjustment for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:</b>			
Increase in trade payables		380.74	146.53
Increase in other financial liabilities		56.88	51.26
Increase in provisions		19.78	46.73
(Decrease)/increase in other liabilities		33.85	(23.01)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>		<b>3,773.63</b>	<b>3,228.12</b>
Income taxes paid		(934.73)	(1,042.75)
<b>Net cash generated by operating activities (a)</b>		<b>2,838.90</b>	<b>2,185.37</b>

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31 March, 2020

(In ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(471.28)	(348.45)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		6.76	2.61
Payments for purchase of other intangible assets		(324.89)	(71.93)
Interest received		408.16	269.52
Payments for business purchase on slump sale basis*		(263.93)	(8.14)
Net cash outflow for investment in subsidiaries		(13.66)	-
Payments for purchase of investments in mutual funds		(5,589.72)	(2,227.65)
Proceeds from sale of investments in mutual funds		5,884.73	1,921.86
Bank deposits placed with the banks		(5,435.32)	(3,885.64)
Bank deposits with banks encashed		5,333.65	2,896.93
Fixed deposits with the body corporates encashed		204.36	453.52
<b>Net cash used in investing activities (b)</b>		<b>(261.14)</b>	<b>(997.37)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from exercise of share options		1.66	1.51
Repayment of application money received at the time of IPO		-	(0.03)
Interest paid		(0.46)	(2.19)
Repayment of lease liability		(350.63)	-
Dividend paid on equity shares including dividend tax		(1,555.02)	(551.90)
<b>Net cash generated used in financing activities (c)</b>		<b>(1,904.45)</b>	<b>(552.61)</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (a+b+c)</b>		<b>673.31</b>	<b>635.39</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	14	1,293.87	658.48
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	14	<b>1,967.18</b>	<b>1,293.87</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents</b>			
Cash on hand		8.31	18.15
Balance with scheduled banks:			
- on current accounts		69.50	108.31
- on cash credit accounts		43.03	110.79
- deposits with maturity of less than 3 months		1,846.36	1,056.62
<b>Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement:</b>	14	<b>1,967.20</b>	<b>1,293.87</b>
*Value of assets and liabilities acquired on business purchase through slump sale have been included in movement of respective assets and liabilities			
<b>See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</b>	<b>1-64</b>		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**  
Chartered Accountants

**Jitendra Agarwal**  
Partner

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March, 2020

**a. Equity share capital**

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	833.33
Equity share capital issued against share options	0.09
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>833.42</b>
Equity share capital issued against share options	0.03
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>833.45</b>

**b. Other equity**

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus							Attributable to owners of the Company	Non-controlling interests	Total	
	Capital reserve	Capital redemption reserve account	Securities premium	General reserve	Share options outstanding account	Treasury shares	Retained earnings				Other comprehensive income
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	(33.00)	4.45	926.73	496.52	179.37	(292.43)	5,763.91	(0.40)	7,045.15	37.89	7,083.04
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,991.80	-	1,991.80	12.87	2,004.67
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19.28)	(0.20)	(19.48)	(0.01)	(19.49)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1,972.52</b>	<b>(0.20)</b>	<b>1,972.32</b>	<b>12.86</b>	<b>1,985.18</b>
Movement during the period on account of issue of equity shares	-	-	0.89	-	-	-	-	-	0.89	-	0.89
Payments of dividends (Refer note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(546.99)	-	(546.99)	(5.00)	(551.99)
Share options exercised during the year (Refer note 20 and 56)	-	-	-	35.19	(49.44)	14.78	-	-	0.53	-	0.53
Employee share based compensation expense (Refer note 30)	-	-	-	-	150.46	-	-	-	150.46	-	150.46
Additional non-controlling interests arising on the acquisition of subsidiary Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd. (Refer note 21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.82)	-	(0.82)	9.08	8.26
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>927.62</b>	<b>531.71</b>	<b>280.39</b>	<b>(277.65)</b>	<b>7,188.62</b>	<b>(0.60)</b>	<b>8,621.54</b>	<b>54.83</b>	<b>8,676.37</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,259.41	-	2,259.41	16.46	2,275.87
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12.40)	1.17	(11.23)	0.15	(11.08)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>2,247.01</b>	<b>1.17</b>	<b>2,248.18</b>	<b>16.61</b>	<b>2,264.79</b>
Movement during the period on account of issue of equity shares	-	-	0.33	-	-	-	-	-	0.33	-	0.33
Payments of dividends (Refer note 20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,543.11)	-	(1,543.11)	(12.23)	(1,555.34)
Share options exercised during the year (Refer note 20 and 56)	-	-	-	82.83	(117.93)	36.42	-	-	1.32	-	1.32
Employee share based compensation expense (Refer note 30)	-	-	-	-	166.37	-	-	-	166.37	-	166.37
Additional non-controlling interests arising on the acquisition of subsidiary Centrapath Labs Private Limited (Refer note 21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137.52	137.52
Additional non-controlling interests arising on the acquisition of subsidiary APRL PathLabs Private Limited (Refer note 21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.46	15.46
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>927.95</b>	<b>614.54</b>	<b>328.83</b>	<b>(241.23)</b>	<b>7,892.52</b>	<b>0.57</b>	<b>9,494.63</b>	<b>212.19</b>	<b>9,706.82</b>

See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

In terms of our report of even date attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP  
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited

Jitendra Agarwal  
Partner

(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

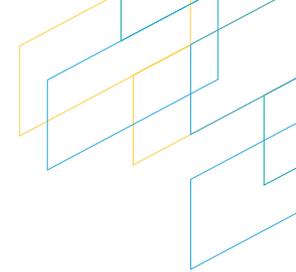
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

Bharath U  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

Ved Prakash Goel  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

Rajat Kalra  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020



# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

- (i) Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated on 14 February, 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, and other pathological and radiological investigations.

The equity shares of the Parent Company are listed on The National Stock Exchange of India and Bombay Stock Exchange.

The registered address and principal place of business of the Parent Company is Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi- 110085.

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The Consolidated Financial Statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

Effective April 1, 2017, the Group has adopted all the Ind AS standards and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2016 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

### 2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the accrual and going concern basis, and the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value

measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, other than quoted prices included within level 1 for the asset or liability.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability reflecting significant modifications to observable related market data or Group's assumptions about pricing by market participants.

### 2.3 Revenue recognition

The Group's revenue is primarily generated from business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, haematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, and other pathological and radiological investigations for customers through various arrangements.

Effective 1 April, 2018, the Group adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the cumulative catch-up transition method, the comparatives have not been retrospectively adjusted. Refer Note 2.3 "Revenue Recognition," in the Company's 2018 Consolidated Financial Statements for the policies in effect for revenue prior to April 1, 2018. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 was insignificant.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised services to its customers. Generally, each test represents a separate performance obligation for which revenue is recognised when the test report is generated i.e. when the performance obligation is satisfied.

For allocating the transaction price, the Group has measured the revenue in respect of each performance obligation of a contract at its relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for a test when registered separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price.

The Group has assessed that it is primarily responsible for fulfilling the performance obligation and has no agency relationships. Accordingly the revenue has been recognised at the gross amount and fees to collection centers/channel partners has been recognised as an expense.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (referred to as unbilled revenue) while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities, referred to as "unearned revenue". Refer to note 28.

The Group disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers by geography.

## 2.4 Leasing

On April 1, 2019, The Group adopted Ind AS 116 “Leases” using the modified retrospective approach by applying the new standard to all leases existing at the date of initial application. Accordingly, the Group has not made restatement of comparative information. The Group also elected to use the recognition exemption for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of twelve months or less and do not contain a purchase option (“short-term leases”) and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value other than land. (“low value assets”). The effect of the adoption of Ind AS 116 is disclosed in note 41. Refer Note 2.4 “ Leasing,” in the Company’s 2019 Consolidated Financial Statements for the policies in effect for leasing prior to April 1, 2019.

The new standard defines a lease as a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the Group has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

### 2.4.1 The Group as a lessee

The Group determines whether an arrangement is a lease at contract inception by establishing if the contract conveys the right to control the use of identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. On commencement date, it recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for short term leases and low value assets. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use asset are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

The right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or its useful life.

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the future lease payments over the lease term. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if it not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rate. For leases with similar characteristics, the Group, on a lease by lease basis, adopts either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

The interest cost on lease liability (computed using effective interest method), is expensed in the statement of profit and loss.

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities includes the options to extend / terminate the lease before the end of the lease term when it is reasonably certain that this option will be exercised.

The Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract in accordance with Ind AS 116 and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

### 2.4.2 The Group as lessor

Leases for which the Group is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The respective lease assets are included in balance sheet based on their nature.

The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as result of adopting the new standard.

## 2.5 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Consolidated Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (“the functional currency”). The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupee (₹), which is the Group’s functional and presentation currency.

## 2.6 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, gratuity and compensated absences.

### 2.6.1 Defined contribution plan

Employee benefit under defined contribution plan comprising of provident fund is recognised based on the amount of obligation of the Group to contribute to the plan. The provident fund contribution is paid to provident fund authorities. The amounts are expensed during the year.

### 2.6.2 Defined benefit plan

The Group’s gratuity plan is a defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, which recognises

each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the prevailing market yields on government securities as at the balance sheet date.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

**Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:**

- Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and
- Net interest expense or income; and
- Re-measurement

The Group presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The Parent Company has taken the various policies with insurer managed funds to meet its obligation towards gratuity. The Parent Company contributes all ascertained liabilities to a gratuity fund administered through a separate trust which is governed by board of trustees. The board of trustee comprises of the officers of the Parent Company. Liability with respect to the gratuity plan is determined based on an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary.

The gratuity benefit obligation recognised in the Consolidated Balance Sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

**Short-term employee benefits**

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year

when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- a. In case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- b. In case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

**Long-term employee benefits**

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the obligation as at the Balance Sheet date.

**2.7 Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

**2.7.1 Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Effective April 1, 2019, the Group has adopted Appendix C to Ind AS 12 – Income taxes, which clarifies how to apply the recognition and measurement requirements in Ind AS 12 when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments.

**2.7.2 Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in

which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance Sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realised.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

### 2.7.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## 2.8 Property, plant and equipment

### 2.8.1 Tangible assets acquired separately

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation less accumulated impairment, if any.

The cost of Property, plant and equipment (PPE) comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses, present value of decommissioning costs (where there is a legal or constructive obligation to decommission) and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. The other repairs and maintenance of revenue nature are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. If an impairment loss is determined, the remaining useful life of the asset is also subject to adjustment. If the reasons for previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist, such impairment losses are reversed and recognised in income. Such reversal shall not cause the carrying amount to exceed the amount that would have resulted had no impairment taken place during the preceding periods.

### 2.8.2 Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on furniture and fixtures is calculated using the straight-line method on a pro-rata basis from the month in which each asset is put to use to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation on all other Property, plant and equipment is provided using the Written Down Value (WDV) Method at the rates computed based on the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the useful lives of the assets or the unexpired lease period, whichever, is lower.

Estimated useful life of assets are as follows which is based on technical evaluation of the useful lives of the assets:

Building	30 years
Plant and equipment	13-15 years
Computers	3 years
Furniture and fixture	5 years
Vehicles	8-10 years

The assets residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

All assets, the individual written down value of which at the beginning of the year is ₹ 5,000 or less, are depreciated at the rate of 100%. Assets purchased during the year costing ₹ 5,000 or less are depreciated at the rate of 100%.

Freehold land is not amortised.

### 2.8.3 Deemed cost on transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

### 2.8.4 Derecognition of tangible asset

A tangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are credited / debited to profit or loss.

## 2.9 Intangible assets

### 2.9.1 Intangible assets acquired separately

Trademarks, computer software, customer relationship and non-compete agreement fees are carried at cost which is incurred and stated in the relevant license agreement with the technical knowhow provider less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Estimated useful life of intangible assets are as follows

Trademark & Patent- 5-17 years

Customer relationship – 11 - 12 years

Non compete agreement fees - 5 years

Computer software – 5 years

### 2.9.2 Amortisation methods and useful lives

Trademarks and softwares are amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated useful life i.e. 5 years. An intangible asset is derecognised when no future economic benefits are expected from use.

### 2.9.3 Deemed cost on transition to Ind AS

For transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as of 1 April, 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

### 2.9.4 Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

## 2.10 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be

identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 2.11 Inventories

Inventories comprise of reagents, chemicals, surgical and laboratory supplies and stores and others and are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on moving weighted average basis.

## 2.12 Provisions, contingent liability and contingent asset

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent assets are disclosed in the Consolidated Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Consolidated Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts, unless possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

## 2.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## 2.14 Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

### Classification of financial assets

Financial instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for financial assets that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for financial assets that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that form an integral part of the effective interest rate) through the expected life of the debt

instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for financial instruments other than those financial assets classified as at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

Financial instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

### 2.14.1 Cash and cash equivalents

The Group considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

### 2.14.2 Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### 2.14.3 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows, the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### 2.14.4 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL')

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

### 2.14.5 Foreign exchange gain and losses

The fair value of financial assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period.

For foreign currency denominated financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVTPL, the exchange differences are recognised in Statement of Profit and

Loss except for those which are designated as hedging instruments in a hedging relationship. Further change in the carrying amount of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income relating to changes in foreign currency rates are recognised in other comprehensive income

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has adopted Appendix B to Ind AS 21-Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration which clarifies the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The effect on account of adoption of this amendment was insignificant.

#### 2.14.6 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Group recognises lifetime expected losses for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses, if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### 2.14.7 Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.14.8 Interest

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### 2.14.9 Income from units in mutual funds

Dividend from units in mutual funds is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established by the reporting date. Income on investment made in the units of fixed maturity plans of mutual funds is recognised based on the yield earned and to the extent of reasonable certainty.

### 2.15 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### 2.15.1 Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### 2.15.2 Equity instruments

An Equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### 2.15.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 2.15.4 Foreign exchange gains or losses

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments and are recognised in 'Other income' in the line-item 'Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)' except where capitalised as part of borrowing cost.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period.

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company has adopted Appendix B to Ind AS 21-Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration which clarifies the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The effect on account of adoption of this amendment was insignificant.

#### 2.15.5 Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 2.16 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of

cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### 2.17 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions are set out in note 52.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

#### 2.18 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### 2.19 Operating cycle

The Group has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

#### 2.20 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or

expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows are segregated into operating, investing and financing activities.

#### 2.21 Dividends payable

Final dividends on shares are recorded on the date of approval by the shareholders of the Group.

#### 2.22 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements are included in the following notes:

##### Accounting of reagent rental equipments

The Group has entered into agreements with certain suppliers for purchase of reagent. As part of the agreement, the Group has the right to use equipment supplied by the suppliers free of charge subject to purchase of minimum committed quantities of reagents.

The cost of reagents which includes the cost of rental of the equipment is recorded as cost of material consumed. The directors of the Group has assessed the conditions as specified in the Ind AS -17, "Leases" for determining whether the said arrangement is under operating lease or Finance lease. Basis the evaluation, the arrangements have been classified by the Group as composite lease, which can not be reliably segregated in operating lease and finance lease. Hence, the Group has recorded the purchase of reagent in consumption cost with no element of rental /interest therein (Refer to note 41).

##### Carrying amount of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, an impairment loss may arise (Refer to note 4).

##### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. There is no such change in the useful life of the assets (Refer to note 3).

#### Defined benefit obligations

Key assumptions related to life expectancies, salary increases and withdrawal rates (Refer to note 40).

#### Estimation uncertainty relating to COVID-19 outbreak

The Group has considered internal and certain external sources of information including credit reports, economic forecasts and industry reports up to the date of approval of the Standalone Financial Statements in determining the impact on various elements of its Standalone Financial Statements. The Company has used the principles of prudence in applying judgments, estimates and assumptions including sensitivity analysis and based on the current estimates, the Company expects to fully recover the carrying amount of trade receivables, goodwill, intangible assets and investments. The eventual outcome of impact of the global health pandemic may be different from those estimated as on the date of approval of these Standalone Financial Statements.

#### 2.23 Basis of consolidation and equity accounting

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The Group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balance and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Non-

controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, Consolidated Statement of Change in Equity and Consolidated Balance Sheet respectively.

The following subsidiary companies have been considered in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

S. No.	Name of the Company
1	Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited
2	Paliwal Medicare Private Limited
3	APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited
4	Dr Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited
5	Dr Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt Ltd.
6	Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V
7	Dr. Lal PathLabs Ventures Private Limited (w.e.f. 10 December, 2018)
8	PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited (w.e.f. 10 December, 2018)
9	Centrapath Labs Private Limited (w.e.f. 7 August, 2019)
10	APRL Pathlabs Private Limited (w.e.f 13 November, 2019)
11	Dr. Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited (w.e.f. 6 August, 2019)

#### 2.24 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019 notifies new standard or amendments to the standards. There is no such new notification which would be applicable from 1 April, 2020.

This space has been intentionally left blank

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### 3a. Property, plant and equipment

(In ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Carrying amounts of :</b>		
Freehold land	109.57	109.57
Leasehold land	-	81.41
Freehold buildings	15.74	9.18
Leasehold buildings	380.26	422.95
Plant and equipment	714.13	601.11
Computers	126.92	137.01
Furniture and fixtures	26.92	31.20
Vehicles	24.75	12.00
Leasehold improvements	174.21	196.72
	<b>1,572.50</b>	<b>1,601.15</b>
Capital work-in-progress	103.87	34.40
	<b>1,676.37</b>	<b>1,635.55</b>

	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Freehold buildings	Leasehold buildings	Plant and equipment	Computers	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Leasehold improvements	Total
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>										
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	109.57	81.41	1.55	523.00	825.99	124.58	56.29	22.10	298.23	2,042.72
Additions	-	-	8.56	-	173.50	115.36	9.12	6.72	29.60	342.86
Disposals*	-	-	-	(20.19)	(5.42)	(1.14)	(0.89)	(2.29)	(6.15)	(36.08)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	0.14	0.01	0.02	-	0.03	0.20
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>109.57</b>	<b>81.41</b>	<b>10.11</b>	<b>502.81</b>	<b>994.21</b>	<b>238.81</b>	<b>64.54</b>	<b>26.53</b>	<b>321.71</b>	<b>2,349.70</b>
<b>Additions</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8.03</b>	<b>1.07</b>	<b>251.96</b>	<b>69.06</b>	<b>3.94</b>	<b>21.57</b>	<b>29.11</b>	<b>384.74</b>
Additions on account of slump sale purchase	-	-	-	-	20.30	1.16	4.97	0.05	-	26.48
Disposals	-	(81.41)	-	(1.56)	(18.83)	(3.26)	(3.70)	(9.35)	(11.30)	(129.41)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	0.85	0.02	0.02	-	0.08	0.97
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>109.57</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>18.14</b>	<b>502.32</b>	<b>1,248.49</b>	<b>305.79</b>	<b>69.77</b>	<b>38.80</b>	<b>339.60</b>	<b>2,632.48</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>										
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	-	-	0.30	33.04	241.99	59.53	20.73	10.73	78.52	444.84
Depreciation expense	-	-	0.63	46.82	156.25	43.33	13.22	5.15	52.43	317.83
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	-	-	-	(5.13)	(1.06)	(0.61)	(1.35)	(5.96)	(14.11)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	(0.01)	-	-	-	-	(0.01)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.93</b>	<b>79.86</b>	<b>393.10</b>	<b>101.80</b>	<b>33.34</b>	<b>14.53</b>	<b>124.99</b>	<b>748.55</b>
Depreciation expense	-	-	1.47	42.20	158.07	79.44	13.21	6.60	51.70	352.69
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	-	-	-	(16.94)	(2.37)	(3.70)	(7.08)	(11.30)	(41.39)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	0.13
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.40</b>	<b>122.06</b>	<b>534.36</b>	<b>178.87</b>	<b>42.85</b>	<b>14.05</b>	<b>165.39</b>	<b>1,059.98</b>
<b>Carrying amount</b>										
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	<b>109.57</b>	<b>81.41</b>	<b>1.25</b>	<b>489.96</b>	<b>584.00</b>	<b>65.05</b>	<b>35.56</b>	<b>11.37</b>	<b>219.71</b>	<b>1,597.88</b>
Additions	-	-	8.56	-	173.50	115.36	9.12	6.72	29.60	342.86
Disposals	-	-	-	(20.19)	(0.29)	(0.08)	(0.28)	(0.94)	(0.19)	(21.97)
Depreciation expense	-	-	(0.63)	(46.82)	(156.25)	(43.33)	(13.22)	(5.15)	(52.43)	(317.83)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	0.15	0.01	0.02	-	0.03	0.21
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>109.57</b>	<b>81.41</b>	<b>9.18</b>	<b>422.95</b>	<b>601.11</b>	<b>137.01</b>	<b>31.20</b>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>196.72</b>	<b>1,601.15</b>
Additions	-	-	8.03	1.07	251.96	69.06	3.94	21.57	29.11	384.74
Additions on account of slump sale purchase	-	-	-	-	20.30	1.16	4.97	0.05	-	26.48
Disposals	-	(81.41)	-	(1.56)	(1.89)	(0.89)	-	(2.27)	-	(88.02)
Depreciation expense	-	-	(1.47)	(42.20)	(158.07)	(79.44)	(13.21)	(6.60)	(51.70)	(352.69)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	0.72	0.02	0.02	-	0.08	0.84
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>109.57</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15.74</b>	<b>380.26</b>	<b>714.13</b>	<b>126.92</b>	<b>26.92</b>	<b>24.75</b>	<b>174.21</b>	<b>1,572.50</b>

\*Adjustments to leasehold buildings amounting to IN 20.19 million represents change in final measurements on account of renegotiations with vendors/ suppliers during the current year.

3b. Right-of-use assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Right-of-use land	Right-of-use buildings	Total
<b>Gross carrying value</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2019</b>	-	-	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	158.58	-	158.58
Additions	1.68	1,502.17	1,503.85
Disposals	-	26.16	26.16
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>1.68</b>	<b>1,476.01</b>	<b>1,636.27</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2019</b>	-	-	-
Amortisation expense	1.64	293.89	295.53
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	3.91	3.91
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>1.64</b>	<b>289.98</b>	<b>291.62</b>
<b>Net carrying value</b>			
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2019</b>	-	-	-
Transition impact of IND AS 116	158.58	-	158.58
Additions	1.68	1,502.17	1,503.85
Disposals	-	(22.25)	(22.25)
Amortisation expense	(1.64)	(293.89)	(295.53)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>158.62</b>	<b>1,186.03</b>	<b>1,344.65</b>

4. Goodwill

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Cost or deemed Cost</b>	772.26	279.74
<b>Accumulated impairment loss</b>	-	-
	<b>772.26</b>	<b>279.74</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>		
Balance at the beginning of year	279.74	279.17
Additions on account of acquisitions/ business combinations*	492.05	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.47	0.57
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>772.26</b>	<b>279.74</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Accumulated impairment loss</b>		
Balance at the beginning of year	-	-
Impairment losses recognised in the year	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**\*Notes**

**Goodwill amounting to ₹ 492.05 million comprises:**

**(i) Goodwill on account of acquisitions**

During the current year, the Group had purchased the following businesses engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services, on a going concern basis:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)			
Name of the entity in the Group	Particulars	Purchase consideration	Goodwill
<b>Indian subsidiaries</b>			
PathLabs Unifers Private Limited	Bawankar Pathology	52.00	47.69
	Shree Computerised Pathology Laboratory	40.97	32.57
	Modern Diagnostics & Modern Lab	34.74	20.32
	<b>Total</b>	<b>127.71</b>	<b>100.58</b>
Centra Pathlabs Private Limited	Central Lab	423.12	173.21
	Business of Vineeta Kothari	27.31	22.16
	<b>Total</b>	<b>450.43</b>	<b>195.37</b>
	APRL Pathlabs Private Limited	Amins Pathology	51.32
	Referral Laboratory		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>51.32</b>	<b>31.54</b>
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>629.46</b>	<b>327.49</b>

Refer note 48,49,50,51,52,53

**(ii) Goodwill on account of business combinations**

**Goodwill on account of business combinations during the current year**

During the current year, Pathlabs Unifers Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary), as approved in the Board of Directors meetings, held on 7 August, 2019 and 1 October, 2019 had acquired 70% equity stake in "Centrapath labs Private Limited" and "APRL Pathlabs Private Limited" respectively engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services, on a going concern basis through purchase and subscription for a total consideration of ₹ 469.01 million and ₹ 52.50 million respectively.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
Name of indian subsidiaries	Amount
Centra Pathlabs Private Limited	148.12
APRL Pathlabs Private Limited	16.43
<b>Total</b>	<b>164.56</b>
<b>Total Goodwill (i+ii)</b>	<b>492.05</b>

Refer note 55

**Impairment of Goodwill**

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to cash generating units (CGU) – Labs. The recoverable amount of cash-generating units is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial forecasts covering a five-year period, and a discount rate of 10-11.50% per annum (as at 31 March, 2019: 11.50% per annum).

Cash flow projections during the forecast period are based on the same expected gross margins and inflation throughout the forecast period. The cash flows beyond that five-year period have been extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 5-15% per annum (as at March 31, 2019: 10-17% per annum), which is the projected long-term average growth rate for Labs CGU. The directors believe that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which recoverable amount is based would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Based on impairment testing as above, the management believes that the recoverable amounts of goodwill are higher than their respective carrying amounts and hence no amounts are required to be recorded for impairment in the carrying amounts of goodwill.

5. Other intangible assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Carrying amounts of :	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Computer software	184.63	203.76
Customer relationships	98.96	-
Non-compete agreements	7.56	-
Trademarks	149.61	1.98
	<b>440.76</b>	<b>205.74</b>
Intangible assets under developments	9.94	-
	<b>450.70</b>	<b>205.74</b>

	Computer software	Customer relationships (Refer note below)	Non-compete agreements (Refer note below)	Trademarks (Refer note below)	Total
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>					
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	304.08	-	-	11.16	315.24
Additions	71.93	-	-	-	71.93
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>376.01</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11.16</b>	<b>387.17</b>
Additions	46.12	-	-	-	46.12
Additions on account of slump sale purchase	0.18	104.61	8.39	155.60	268.78
Disposals	(0.17)	-	-	-	(0.17)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>422.14</b>	<b>104.61</b>	<b>8.39</b>	<b>166.76</b>	<b>701.90</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>					
Balance as at 1 April, 2018	110.94	-	-	6.12	117.06
Amortisation expense	61.31	-	-	3.06	64.37
Elimination on disposals of assets	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>172.25</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9.18</b>	<b>181.43</b>
Amortisation expense	65.43	5.65	0.83	7.97	79.88
Eliminated on disposals of assets	(0.17)	-	-	-	(0.17)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>237.51</b>	<b>5.65</b>	<b>0.83</b>	<b>17.15</b>	<b>261.14</b>
<b>Carrying amount</b>					
<b>Balance as at 1 April, 2018</b>	<b>193.14</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5.04</b>	<b>198.18</b>
Additions	71.93	-	-	-	71.93
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation expense	(61.31)	-	-	(3.06)	(64.37)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2019</b>	<b>203.76</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.98</b>	<b>205.74</b>
Additions	46.12	-	-	-	46.12
Additions on account of slump sale purchase	0.18	104.61	8.39	155.60	268.78
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation expense	(65.43)	(5.65)	(0.83)	(7.97)	(79.88)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>184.63</b>	<b>98.96</b>	<b>7.56</b>	<b>149.61</b>	<b>440.76</b>

**Note:**

During the year, the Group had acquired other intangible assets as given below comprising customer relationships, non compete fees and trademarks on account of the purchase of the following businesses engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration aggregating to ₹ 629.46 million

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entity in the Group	Particulars	Purchase consideration	Customer relationships	Non compete fees	Trademark
<b>Indian subsidiaries</b>					
PathLabs Unifers Private Limited	Bawankar Pathology	52.00	-	-	-
	Shree Computerised Pathology Laboratory	40.97	-	0.63	6.09
	Modern Diagnostics & Modern Lab	34.74	-	0.56	7.57
	<b>Total (i)</b>	<b>127.71</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.19</b>	<b>13.66</b>
Centra Pathlabs Private Limited	Central Lab	423.12	104.61	4.53	127.68
	Business of Vineeta Kothari	27.31	-	0.32	3.90
	<b>Total (ii)</b>	<b>450.43</b>	<b>104.61</b>	<b>4.85</b>	<b>131.59</b>
APRL Pathlabs Private Limited	Amins Pathology Referral Laboratory	51.32	-	2.35	10.35
	<b>Total(iii)</b>	<b>51.32</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.35</b>	<b>10.35</b>
	<b>Total(i+ii+iii)</b>	<b>629.46</b>	<b>104.61</b>	<b>8.39</b>	<b>155.60</b>

Refer note 48,49,50,51,52,53

**Financial assets (non-current)**

**6. Loans**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Loans to employees (unsecured, considered good)	0.26	0.05
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.26</b>	<b>0.05</b>

**7. Other financial assets**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Security deposits	5.49	35.01
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	30.39	44.14
Non-current bank balances	108.74	122.20
Interest accrued on loans, fixed deposits and others	0.45	1.72
<b>Total</b>	<b>145.07</b>	<b>203.07</b>

**8. Non-current tax assets (net)**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Tax assets</b>		
Taxes paid (net)	185.52	132.49
<b>Tax liabilities</b>		
Income tax payable (net)	(1.89)	(45.47)
<b>Total</b>	<b>183.63</b>	<b>87.02</b>

9. Deferred tax balances

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Deferred tax assets	268.43	248.53
Deferred tax liabilities	(39.93)	(33.91)
<b>Total</b>	<b>228.50</b>	<b>214.62</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

2019-20	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
<b>Deferred tax assets on:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	89.20	10.76	-	99.96
Goodwill	21.85	(10.72)	-	11.13
Short-term provisions- compensated absence	26.63	(2.15)	-	24.48
Short-term provisions- gratuity	19.98	(10.36)	4.92	14.54
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances	45.52	(3.08)	-	42.44
Disallowed expenditure	40.75	3.92	-	44.67
Others	4.60	26.61	-	31.21
<b>Deferred tax liabilities on:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	-	(32.20)	-	(32.20)
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	(15.43)	7.78	-	(7.65)
Fair valuation gains on mutual funds	(18.48)	18.40	-	(0.08)
<b>Total</b>	<b>214.62</b>	<b>8.96</b>	<b>4.92</b>	<b>228.50</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

2018-19	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
<b>Deferred tax assets on:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	77.77	11.45	(0.02)	89.20
Goodwill	21.77	0.08	-	21.85
Short-term provisions- compensated absence	20.31	6.32	-	26.63
Short-term provisions- gratuity	10.17	(0.70)	10.51	19.98
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances	29.34	16.18	-	45.52
Disallowed expenditure	28.86	11.89	-	40.75
Others	3.69	0.91	-	4.60
<b>Deferred tax liabilities on:</b>				
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	(13.66)	(1.77)	-	(15.43)
Fair valuation gains on mutual funds	(9.07)	(9.41)	-	(18.48)
<b>Total</b>	<b>169.18</b>	<b>34.95</b>	<b>10.49</b>	<b>214.62</b>

10. Other non-current assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Capital advances	12.27	1.69
Advances to related parties (corpus)	0.24	0.24
Prepaid rent	-	94.08
Others	0.76	1.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>13.27</b>	<b>97.43</b>

Financial assets (current)

11. Inventories

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Reagents, chemicals, surgicals and laboratory supplies	565.30	274.92
Stores and others	4.30	10.43
<b>Total</b>	<b>569.60</b>	<b>285.35</b>

The Company's business does not involve any conversion process for materials. Reagents and chemicals are used to conduct various pathology and radiology tests and are consumed in the process.

The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in note 2.11.

12. Investments

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Investment in mutual funds (unquoted) carried at fair value through profit or loss</b>		
Kotak Liquid Direct Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 59,099.95) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	223.65
HDFC Short Term Opportunities Fund- Direct Plan- Growth Option Nil (31 March, 2019 :9,565,316.16) of ₹ 10/- each	-	199.25
SBI Premier Liquid Fund Direct Plan- Daily Dividend Nil (31 March, 2019: 181,060.61) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	181.65
ABSL Liquid Fund Direct Plan Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 597,379.65) units of ₹ 100/- each	-	179.47
ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund-Direct Plan- Growth fund Nil (31 March, 2019: 556,362.28) units of ₹ 100/- each	-	153.79
Axis Liquid Fund- Direct Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 78,316.93) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	162.39
Mahindra Liquid fund- Direct- Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 92,900.51) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	112.54
JM Liquid Fund (Direct) - Growth Option Nil (31 March, 2019: 2,156,080.64) units of ₹ 10/- each	-	110.37
UTI Liquid Cash Plan- Direct Daily Dividend Plan Reinvestment Nil (31 March, 2019: 80,202.19) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	81.76
UTI Liquid Cash Plan- Direct Growth Plan Nil (31 March, 2019: 24,974.60) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	76.44
Baroda Treasury Advantage Fund- Plan A Daily Dividend- Reinvestment Nil (31 March, 2019: 24,974.60) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	72.93
Invesco India Liquid Fund Plan Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 16,535.75) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	70.34
ICICI Prudential Floating Interest Fund- Direct Plan- Daily Dividend Nil (31 March, 2019: 27,460.67) units of ₹ 100/- each	-	59.90
UTI Liquid Cash Plan- Regular Daily Dividend Plan Reinvestment Nil (31 March, 2019: 27,460.67) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	51.90
Invesco India Liquid Fund Direct Plan Growth Nil (31 March, 2019: 27,460.67) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	42.54

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Baroda Pioneer Treasury Advantage Fund- Plan B Daily Dividend- Reinvestment Nil (31 March, 2019: 27,460.67) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	-	37.82
Reliance Liquid Fund Direct Plan Growth Nil (as at 31 March, 2019: 4,023.28) units of ₹ 10/- each.	-	18.35
Reliance Short Term Growth Fund Nil (31 March, 2019: 289,994.00) units of ₹ 1,000/- each.	-	10.07
Reliance Short Term Fund Direct Plan Growth Plan Nil (31 March, 2019: 575.35) units of ₹ 1,000 each.	-	2.63
UTI Overnight Fund - Direct - Growth 52,909.92 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	144.65	-
ICICI Prudential Overnight Fund - Direct Plan - Growth 9,44,817.33 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 100/- each	101.79	-
Axis Overnight Fund - Direct Growth 1,03,614.48 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	109.37	-
Axis Overnight Fund - Regular Growth 1,37,343.91 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	144.87	-
Invesco India Overnight Fund - Regular - Growth 1,18,964.52 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	120.15	-
Mahindra Overnight fund-Direct-Growth 96,843.12 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	100.06	-
Kotak Overnight Fund - Direct Plan - Growth 3,31,561.67 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	353.40	-
SBI Overnight Fund-Regular- Growth 18,786.15 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	60.58	-
SBI Overnight Fund_direct Plan- Growth 78,188.2 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	254.40	-
HDFC Overnight Fund-Direct Plan-Growth Option 83,852.39 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 1,000/- each	250.47	-
ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund-Direct Plan 10,786.84 (31 March, 2019: Nil) units of ₹ 100/- each	3.01	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,642.75</b>	<b>1,847.79</b>

13. Trade receivables

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Trade receivables</b>		
Secured, considered good	105.70	69.58
Unsecured, considered good	408.18	462.65
Credit impaired	166.47	135.44
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>680.35</b>	<b>667.67</b>
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts (expected credit loss allowance)	(166.47)	(135.44)
<b>Total</b>	<b>513.88</b>	<b>532.23</b>

The average credit period from service is 0-60 days. No interest is charged on the trade receivables for the amount overdue above the credit period. There are no customers who represent more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables.

The Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as given in the provision matrix. The provision matrix at the end of the reporting period is as follows.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)		
Age of receivables	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
0-90 days	492.51	488.88
90-180 days	34.94	74.26
180-360 days	71.68	66.38
More than 360 days	81.22	38.15
<b>Total</b>	<b>680.35</b>	<b>667.67</b>

Movement in the expected credit loss allowance	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Balance at beginning of the year</b>	135.44	89.88
Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	31.03	45.56
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	<b>166.47</b>	<b>135.44</b>

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated.

Ageing	Expected Credit loss(%)
0-90 days	3-6%
90-180 days	17-29%
180-360 days	34-56%
More than 360 days	61-100%

#### 14. Cash and cash equivalents

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	69.50	108.31
- in cash credit accounts	43.03	110.79
Deposit with maturity of less than 3 months	1,846.36	1,056.62
Cash on hand	8.31	18.15
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,967.20</b>	<b>1,293.87</b>

#### 15. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Balance in unclaimed dividend accounts	0.52	0.20
Balance in escrow account*	1.44	1.44
Deposit with banks held as margin money deposits against guarantees	14.51	12.31
Deposit with maturity of 3-12 months	3,707.49	3,594.57
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,723.96</b>	<b>3,608.52</b>

\*Escrow account includes application money received at the time of IPO.

16. Loans

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Loans to employees	9.06	9.36
<b>Total</b>	<b>9.06</b>	<b>9.36</b>

17. Other financial assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Deposit with others	134.46	88.42
Deposit with body corporates	-	204.36
Interest accrued on deposits	202.61	170.02
<b>Total</b>	<b>337.07</b>	<b>462.80</b>

18. Other current assets

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Balances with government authorities	3.16	3.49
Advances to suppliers	53.59	14.66
Other advances	13.48	4.34
Prepaid expenses	64.79	55.15
Prepaid rent	27.92	18.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>162.94</b>	<b>96.39</b>

19. Equity share capital

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Equity share capital</b>	833.45	833.42
<b>Authorised</b>		
107,950,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each (as at 31 March, 2019: 107,950,000, equity shares of ₹ 10 each)*	1,079.50	1,079.50
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up</b>		
83,344,877 equity shares of ₹ 10 each (as at 31 March, 2019: 83,341,610 equity shares of ₹ 10 each)	833.45	833.42

Refer notes below

\* Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation ["the Scheme"] u/s 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 among the Parent Company and its erstwhile wholly owned subsidiary Company [Transferor Company] and the approval of National Company Law Tribunal of Delhi and Ahmedabad, the authorised share capital of the transferor Company has been merged with authorised share capital of the Parent Company during the financial year ended 31 March 2019.

(i) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital as at 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019 is set out below:

(Amount in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
<b>Equity share capital</b>				
At the beginning of the year	83,341,610	833.42	83,332,744	833.33
Issued during the year	3,267	0.03	8,866	0.09
<b>Outstanding at the end of the year</b>	<b>83,344,877</b>	<b>833.45</b>	<b>3,341,610</b>	<b>833.42</b>

(ii) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of shares:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020		As at 31 March, 2019	
	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
(i) Dr Arvind Lal	26,980,443	32.37%	26,139,556	31.36%
(ii) Dr Vandana Lal	16,684,422	20.02%	15,931,893	19.12%
(iii) West Bridge Crossover Fund, LLC*			7,639,459	9.17%

\*shareholding is less than 5% as at 31 March, 2020

(iii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Parent Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share, Previous year (₹ 10 per share). Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per equity share. The Group declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(iv) Proposed dividends on equity shares

(Amount in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Proposed dividend on equity shares for the year ended on 31 March 2020: Nil (31 March 2019: ₹ 3.50 per share)	-	291.70
Dividend distribution tax on proposed dividend	-	59.96
	-	<b>351.66</b>

(v) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date including the current year:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
	No. of shares	No. of shares
Bonus equity shares of ₹ 10 each issued by the Company*	-	45,291,150.00
Bonus preference shares of ₹ 10 each issued by the Company*	-	22,471,020.00
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each issued on conversion of preference shares	26,632,320.00	26,632,320.00

\* The number of shares are after considering the impact of sub-division of shares on 27 March, 2015 of ₹ 100 each into 10 shares of ₹ 10 each.

In addition, the Parent Company has issued total 2,083,037 (31 March 2019: 3,030,890) equity shares of ₹ 10 each (after considering issue of bonus shares and sub-division of shares of ₹ 100 each into ₹ 10 each), including 1,136,997 (31 March, 2019: 1,918,757) equity shares issued to Dr Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust, during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date on exercise of options granted under the Employee Share Option Plan, 2005 and 2010.

(vi) Share options granted under the Company's employee share options plans

- (a) The shareholders of the Parent Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Private Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2010' ("ESOP 2010") at the Annual General Meeting held on 20 August, 2010 to grant a maximum of 3,808,960 (after considering bonus shares issued during the previous year and subdivision of shares of ₹ 100 each into 10 shares of ₹ 10 each) options to specified categories of employees of the Parent Company. Each option granted and vested under the ESOP 2010 shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. As per resolution passed on 21 August, 2015, the Parent Company approved to cease further grants under the ESOP 2010. Refer note 56 for details of options granted, vested and issued under the ESOP 2010.
- (b) The shareholders of the Parent Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Employees Restricted Stock Unit Plan 2016' ("RSU 2016") at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 July, 2016 to grant a maximum of 1,244,155 Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") to key employees and directors of the Parent Company. Each RSU granted and vested shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. Refer note 56 for details of RSUs granted, vested and issued under RSU 2016.

20. Other equity

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
General reserve	614.54	531.71
Securities premium	927.95	927.62
Share options outstanding account	328.83	280.39
Retained earnings	7,892.52	7,188.62
Capital redemption reserve account	4.45	4.45
Treasury shares	(241.23)	(277.65)
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.57	(0.60)
Capital reserve	(33.00)	(33.00)
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,494.63</b>	<b>8,621.54</b>

(i) General reserve (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	531.71	496.52
Addition on share options exercised*	82.83	35.19
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>614.54</b>	<b>531.71</b>

\*Represents difference between the employee share based compensation cost booked and the average cost of equity shares issued under the share options scheme to the eligible employees.

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

(ii) Securities premium (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	927.62	926.73
Additions during the year	0.33	0.89
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>927.95</b>	<b>927.62</b>

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(iii) Share options outstanding account (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	280.39	179.37
Compensation options granted during the year	166.37	150.46
Options exercised	(117.93)	(49.44)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>328.83</b>	<b>280.39</b>

The above relates to share options granted by the Parent Company to its employee share option plans. Upon exercise of the share options by the employees of the Parent Company, the proportionate cost of shares exercised is transferred to General Reserves after adjusting the cost of related treasury shares. Further information about share based payments to employees is set out in Note 56.

(iv) Retained earnings (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,188.62	5,763.91
Profit for the year	2,259.41	1,991.80
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, net of income tax	(12.40)	(19.28)
Change in non controlling interest	-	(0.82)
<b>Less: Appropriations</b>		
Final dividend on equity shares ₹ 3.00 per share for the year ended 31 March 2018	-	(246.92)
Final dividend on equity shares ₹ 1.70 per share for the year ended 31 March 2019	(288.33)	-
Tax on final equity dividend*	(56.55)	(47.98)
Interim dividend on equity shares ₹ 2.50 per share (Previous year ₹ 1.50 per share)	(989.25)	(205.85)
Tax on interim equity dividend**	(208.98)	(46.24)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>7,892.52</b>	<b>7,188.62</b>

\*Tax on final equity dividend paid during the year is after adjusting corporate dividend tax of ₹ 3.41 million (previous year ended 31 March, 2019: 3.41 million) paid by a subsidiary company on dividend paid to the Parent Company during the year.

\*\*Tax on interim equity dividend paid during the year is after adjusting corporate dividend tax of ₹ 4.93 million (previous year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ Nil) paid by a subsidiary company on dividend paid to the Parent Company during the year.

In respect of the year ended 31 March, 2020, the directors of Parent Company propose that a dividend of Nil (previous year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ 3.50 per share) to be paid on fully paid equity shares. This equity dividend is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements. The proposed equity dividend is payable to all holders of fully paid equity shares. The total estimated equity dividend to be paid is Nil (previous year ₹ 291.70 million).

The amount that can be distributed by the Group as dividends to its equity shareholders is determined based on requirements of Companies Act, 2013. Refer Note 19(iv) for details of equity dividend declared.

(v) Capital redemption reserve account (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	4.45	4.45
Additions during the year	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>4.45</b>	<b>4.45</b>

The Parent Company in the previous years had bought back its equity shares and as per requirement of erstwhile section 77 of Companies Act, 1956, nominal value of the shares so purchased was transferred to capital redemption reserve account.

(vi) Treasury shares (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	(277.65)	(292.43)
Change during the year	36.42	14.78
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(241.23)</b>	<b>(277.65)</b>

During the year ended 31 March, 2012, the Parent Company had constituted Dr. Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust "EWT Trust" to acquire, hold and allocate/transfer equity shares of the Parent Company to eligible employees from time to time on the terms and conditions specified under respective plans. The financial statements of the EWT Trust has been included in the financial statements of the Parent Company in accordance with the requirements of the Ind AS.

Equity shares of the Parent Company purchased from employees and secondary market from time to time in the earlier years and held by EWT as at 31 March, 2020 aggregated to 869,557 equity shares (31 March, 2019: 1,000,822 equity shares) of face value ₹ 10 each.

(vii) Foreign currency translation reserve (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	(0.60)	(0.40)
Change during the year	1.17	(0.20)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>0.57</b>	<b>(0.60)</b>

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and the net assets of the Group's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. ₹) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

(viii) Capital reserve (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	(33.00)	(33.00)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>	<b>(33.00)</b>

On approval of the Scheme of Amalgamation between the Parent Company (Transferee Company) and its wholly owned subsidiary, by the name of Delta Ria and Pathology Private Limited (Transferor Company) by the Hon'ble New Delhi Bench and Hon'ble Ahmedabad Bench of the National Company Law Tribunal on 23 October 2018 and 11 December 2018 respectively, the difference between the carrying value of investments in the books of account of the Transferee Company and the amount of the net assets of Transferor Company has been adjusted in Capital reserve as stipulated in the scheme.

21. Non-controlling interests (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at beginning of the year	54.83	37.89
Share of profit for the year	16.61	12.86
Dividend	(12.23)	(5.00)
Non-controlling interests on further subscription/acquisition in/of Centrapath Labs Private Limited	137.52	-
Non-controlling interests on further subscription/acquisition in/of APRL PathLabs Private Limited	15.46	-
Non-controlling interests on further subscription/acquisition in/of Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.	-	9.08
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>212.19</b>	<b>54.83</b>

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have non-controlling interests:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interests and voting rights held by non-controlling interests		Profit (loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	
		31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	India	20.00%	20.00%	17.93	13.12
Paliwal Medicare Private Limited	India	20.00%	20.00%	1.44	1.20
Centrapath Labs Private Limited	India	30.00%	-	1.37	-
APRL PathLabs Private Limited	India	30.00%	-	(0.65)	-
Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.	Bangladesh	28.17%	28.17%	(3.48)	(1.46)
			<b>Total</b>	<b>16.61</b>	<b>12.86</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Name of subsidiary	Accumulated non-controlling interests	
	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	37.27	31.54
Paliwal Medicare Private Limited	12.16	10.72
Centrapath Labs Private Limited	138.89	-
APRL PathLabs Private Limited	14.81	-
Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.	9.06	12.57
<b>Total</b>	<b>212.19</b>	<b>54.83</b>

**Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Non-current assets	70.44	68.10
Current assets	152.99	112.73
Non-current liabilities	4.60	-
Current liabilities	32.67	23.15
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	148.89	126.14
Non-controlling interests	37.27	31.54

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Income	338.58	291.33
Expenses	247.54	225.88
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>91.04</b>	<b>65.45</b>
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the Company	72.83	52.36
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	18.21	13.09
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>91.04</b>	<b>65.45</b>
Other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	(1.11)	0.13
Other comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	(0.28)	0.03
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>(1.39)</b>	<b>0.16</b>
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	71.72	52.49
Total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	17.93	13.12
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>89.65</b>	<b>65.61</b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	12.23	5.00
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	91.76	79.34
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(15.53)	(51.23)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(65.82)	(25.66)
<b>Net cash inflow (outflow)</b>	<b>10.41</b>	<b>2.45</b>

**Paliwal Medicare Private Limited**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
Non-current assets	16.26	24.17
Current assets	48.04	33.18
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Current liabilities	3.52	3.77
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	48.62	42.86
Non-controlling interests	12.16	10.72

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Income	49.87	46.32
Expenses	42.67	40.34
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>7.20</b>	<b>5.98</b>
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the Company	5.76	4.78
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	1.44	1.20
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>7.20</b>	<b>5.98</b>
Other comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company	-	0.02
Other comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	-	-
<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.02</b>
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	5.76	4.80
Total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	1.44	1.20
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>7.20</b>	<b>6.00</b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	7.56	6.82
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(10.14)	(2.41)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	-	-
<b>Net cash inflow (outflow)</b>	<b>(2.58)</b>	<b>4.41</b>

**Centrapath Labs Private Limited**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Non-current assets	439.84	-
Current assets	35.72	-
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Current liabilities	12.57	-
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	324.10	-
Non-controlling interests	138.89	-

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Income	81.04
Expenses	76.46
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>4.58</b>
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the Company	3.21
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	1.37
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>4.58</b>
Other comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company	-
Other comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	-
<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year</b>	<b>-</b>
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	3.21
Total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	1.37
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>4.58</b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	3.78
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(459.50)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	458.41
<b>Net cash inflow (outflow)</b>	<b>2.69</b>

**APRL Pathlabs Private Limited**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Non-current assets	49.65	-
Current assets	7.13	-
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Current liabilities	7.43	-
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	34.55	-
Non-controlling interests	14.81	-

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Income	19.79
Expenses	21.96
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>(2.17)</b>
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the Company	(1.52)
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	(0.65)
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>(2.17)</b>
Other comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company	-
Other comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	-
<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year</b>	<b>-</b>
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	(1.52)
Total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	(0.65)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>(2.17)</b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	(0.24)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(51.00)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	51.52
<b>Net cash inflow (outflow)</b>	<b>0.28</b>

**Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Non-current assets	35.99	39.09
Current assets	23.34	26.26
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Current liabilities	27.05	20.72
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	23.22	32.06
Non-controlling interests	9.06	12.57

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Revenue	45.64	34.30
Expenses	59.51	39.30
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>(13.87)</b>	<b>(5.00)</b>
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the Company	(9.96)	(3.59)
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	(3.91)	(1.41)
<b>Profit (loss) for the year</b>	<b>(13.87)</b>	<b>(5.00)</b>
Other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	1.09	(0.11)
Other comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	0.43	(0.05)
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>1.52</b>	<b>(0.16)</b>
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	(8.87)	(3.70)
Total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	(3.48)	(1.46)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>(12.35)</b>	<b>(5.16)</b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	(2.74)	4.74
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	(10.58)	(23.42)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	1.04	31.49
<b>Net cash inflow (outflow)</b>	<b>(12.28)</b>	<b>12.81</b>

22. Other financial liabilities - non current

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Payment obligation-leasehold land	-	12.17
Lease liability	929.72	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>929.72</b>	<b>12.17</b>

23. Trade payables

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	63.69	22.40
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,113.66	775.60
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,177.35</b>	<b>798.00</b>

Note:

Trade payables are non- interest bearing and are normally settled upto 30 days terms.

Based on the information available with the Group, the balance due to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 is ₹ 63.69 million (₹ 22.40 million on 31 March 2019) and no interest has been paid or is payable during the year under the terms of the MSMED Act, 2006.

**Disclosure under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED)**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
a. Amounts payable to suppliers under MSMED (suppliers) as on last day		
Principal	63.69	22.40
Interest due thereon	-	-
b. Payments made to suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year		
Principal	-	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
c. Amount of interest due and payable for delay in payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest under MSMED	-	-
d. Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as on last day	-	-
e. Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

**24. Other financial liabilities - current**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Lease liability	363.99	-
Payable towards capital goods	64.77	44.78
Creditors against business purchase	65.78	-
Share application money refundable	1.44	1.44
Payment obligation-leasehold land	-	1.53
Security deposits received	294.60	242.78
Other payables	1.00	0.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>791.58</b>	<b>290.95</b>

**25. Provisions**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Provision for employee benefits</b>		
- Provision for compensated absences	100.03	76.18
- Provision for gratuity (Refer note 39)	53.55	57.62
<b>Total</b>	<b>153.58</b>	<b>133.80</b>

**26. Other current liabilities**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Advances from customers	72.40	53.34
Statutory dues	61.21	42.95
Unearned revenue	13.42	12.41
Deferred revenue- security deposits	1.64	6.12
<b>Total</b>	<b>148.67</b>	<b>114.82</b>

27. Revenue from operations

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Sale of services	13,301.58	12,033.64
Other operating revenues	1.99	0.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,303.57</b>	<b>12,034.18</b>

Revenue disaggregation as per geography has been included in segment information (Refer note 38).

- (i) The Group generates its entire revenue from contracts with customers for the services at a point in time. The Group is engaged mainly in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, other pathological and radiological investigations.

The Board of Directors, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocates resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicators of the Company as a single unit. Therefore no information has been disclosed in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108- 'Operating Segment Reporting'.

- (ii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The Company has applied practical expedient in Ind AS 115 and has accordingly not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations which are part of the contracts that have original expected duration of one year or less and where the Company has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

The Group has applied practical expedient in Ind AS 115 and has accordingly not disclosed information about remaining performance obligations which are part of the contracts that have original expected duration of one year or less and where the Group has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

- iii) Disclosure of contract balances

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Trade receivables (Refer note 13)	513.88	532.23
Advances from customers (Refer note 26)	72.40	53.34
Unearned revenue (Refer note 26)	13.42	12.41
<b>Total</b>	<b>599.70</b>	<b>597.98</b>

- iv) Movement in contract liabilities during the year:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Balance at beginning of the year	12.41	-
Add: Addition during the year	1.01	12.41
Balance at end of the year	<b>13.42</b>	<b>12.41</b>

This space has been intentionally left blank

28. Other income

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
a) Interest income from		
- Bank deposits (at amortised cost)	439.19	292.03
- Deposits with bodies corporate (at amortised cost)	-	46.47
- Income-tax refund	0.29	1.69
- Others	9.45	9.46
b) Dividend from investments (at FVTPL)	6.81	56.97
c) Others		
- Gain on sale or fair valuation of investments (at FVTPL)	83.15	37.05
- Surrender value of keyman insurance policy (at FVTPL)	5.31	6.40
- Sundry balances written back	1.39	3.04
- Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net)	1.49	0.83
- Miscellaneous non operating income	3.37	5.55
<b>Total</b>	<b>550.45</b>	<b>459.49</b>

29. Cost of materials consumed

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Inventories at the beginning of the year	274.92	261.74
Add : Purchases	3,277.42	2,636.69
Less : Inventories at the end of the year	(565.30)	(274.92)
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,987.04</b>	<b>2,623.51</b>

30. Employee benefits expense

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,052.71	1,769.12
Employee share based compensation	166.37	150.46
Contribution to provident and other funds	111.72	79.00
Gratuity expense	36.45	26.52
Staff welfare expenses	59.12	57.76
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,426.37</b>	<b>2,082.86</b>

31. Finance costs

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Interest on lease liability	150.37	-
Interest on delayed payment of income tax	0.07	-
Interest others (Including ₹ 0.07 million (31 March 2019: 0.06 million) on TDS)	0.46	8.39
Interest on business purchases	2.22	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>153.12</b>	<b>8.39</b>

**32. Depreciation and amortisation expense**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	648.22	317.83
Amortisation of intangible assets	79.88	64.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>728.10</b>	<b>382.20</b>

**33. Other expenses**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Electricity and water charges	167.43	157.39
Rent	150.89	478.26
Rates and taxes	9.00	10.15
Insurance	44.42	39.20
Repairs and maintenance		
- Building	23.56	27.24
- Plant and equipment	92.80	66.42
- Others	198.70	158.40
Advertisement and sales promotion	341.54	352.68
Travelling and conveyance	320.47	306.66
Postage and courier	418.03	362.87
Communication costs	70.40	81.00
Commission to directors	9.29	7.61
Printing and stationery	103.89	83.93
Retainership fees to technical consultants	159.43	178.20
Director sitting fees	5.19	3.95
Legal and professional charges	154.86	147.37
Laboratory test charges	44.37	22.58
Payment to auditors (Refer note below)	15.15	13.41
Donation other than to political parties	0.43	0.16
Corporate social responsibility expense (Refer note 47)	53.65	46.02
Provision for impairment of trade receivables and advances	47.52	51.56
Bad debts / advances written off (net)	11.65	6.52
Miscellaneous expenses	281.84	280.08
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,724.51</b>	<b>2,881.66</b>

**Note**

**(i) Payment to the auditors comprise \***

**As auditors:**

Audit fees	10.23	6.96
Limited review	1.77	1.53
Tax audit fee	0.80	0.65
Others	1.37	2.89
Reimbursement of expenses	0.98	1.38
<b>Total</b>	<b>15.15</b>	<b>13.41</b>

\* including indirect taxes and ₹ 5.41 million ( 31 March, 2019: ₹ 2.35 million) paid to auditors of subsidiary companies.

### 34. Income tax

#### Overview of Direct tax regime

The Group is subject to Indian Income Tax Act, 1961. The Group is assessed for tax on taxable profits determined for each fiscal year beginning on 1 April and ending on 31 March.

Statutory income taxes are assessed based on book profits prepared under generally accepted accounting principles in India ("Indian GAAP") adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the (Indian) Income tax Act, 1961. Such adjustments generally relate to depreciation of property, plant and equipment, disallowances of certain provisions and accruals, deduction for tax holidays and similar exemptions, the use of tax losses carried forward and retirement benefit costs. Statutory income tax is charged at 30% plus a surcharge and education cess. The combined Indian statutory tax rate for the fiscal year 2019-20 was 25.618 %.

The Group elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Company has recognised provision for income tax for the year ended and remeasured its deferred tax assets basis the rate prescribed in the said section.

Income tax returns submitted by companies are regularly subjected to a comprehensive review and challenge by the tax authorities.

#### 34.1: Income tax recognised in Statement of Profit And Loss

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Current tax</b>		
In respect of the current year	883.42	1,070.79
In respect of the prior years	(45.30)	(35.03)
	<b>838.12</b>	<b>1,035.76</b>
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
In respect of the current year	(114.80)	(52.14)
In respect of the prior years	105.84	17.19
	<b>(8.96)</b>	<b>(34.95)</b>
<b>Total income tax expenses recognised in the current year</b>	<b>829.16</b>	<b>1,000.81</b>
<b>The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:</b>		
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Profit before tax	<b>3,105.03</b>	<b>3,005.48</b>
Statutory tax rate	25.618%	34.944%
Income tax expenses calculated at 25.618% (2018-19: 34.944%)	781.47	1,050.23
Effect of differential tax rate	58.97	(8.29)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	5.04	10.07
Tax difference on account of deduction under Chapter VI-A	(12.77)	(23.68)
Non taxable income	(1.71)	(29.01)
Adjustments recognised in relation to current year in relation to previous years	1.57	(17.84)
Deferred tax on defined benefit obligation recognised in OCI	(4.92)	10.63
Others	5.08	8.70
Notional Income on account of Ind AS	(4.00)	-
Income Taxable at different rate	0.43	-
Income tax expenses recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	<b>829.16</b>	<b>1,000.81</b>

**34.2: Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income**

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(4.92)	10.63
	<b>(4.92)</b>	<b>10.63</b>

**35. Earnings per equity share**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Profit for the year - (in ₹ million)	2,259.41	1,991.80
Number of equity shares	83,344,877	83,341,610
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	83,342,128	83,340,566
Weighted average shares held with the "Dr. Lal PathLabs Employee Welfare Trust"	945,937	1,017,473
Dilutive impact of options outstanding	155,458	159,829
Basic earnings per share of ₹ 10 each	27.42	24.19
Diluted earnings per share of ₹ 10 each	27.37	24.15
Face value per share -(in ₹)	10	10

**35.1: Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares used a denominator in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Weighted average number of shares for calculating basic earnings per share	82,396,191	82,323,093
Add : share options outstanding	155,458	159,829
Weighted average number of shares for calculating dilutive earnings per share	82,551,649	82,482,922

**36. Capital and other commitments**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Capital commitments</b>		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	94.43	9.26
<b>Other Commitments*</b>	-	-

\* The Group has other commitments, for purchases/sales orders which are issued after considering requirements per operating cycle for purchase/sale of goods and services and employee benefits, in the normal course of business.

**37. Contingent liabilities**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
i) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts*	104.28	83.75

\* Based on the discussions with the solicitor/ expert opinions taken/status of the case, the management believes that the Group has strong chances of success in above mentioned cases and hence no provision there against is considered necessary at this point in time as the likelihood of liability devolving on the Group is less than probable.

### 38. Segment reporting

The Group is engaged solely in the business of running laboratories for carrying out pathological investigations of various branches of bio-chemistry, hematology, histopathology, microbiology, electrophoresis, immuno-chemistry, immunology, virology, cytology, other pathological and radiological investigations.

The Board of Directors, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Group's performance, allocates resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicators of the Group as a single unit. Therefore there is no reportable segment for the Group, in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard 108- 'Operating Segments', notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015.

#### Information about geographical areas

- a) The Group is domiciled in India. The amount of its revenue from operations from external customers broken down by location of customers is tabulated below:

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
India	13,173.64	11,839.97
Outside India	129.93	194.21
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,303.57</b>	<b>12,034.18</b>

- b) The Company's non-current assets (excluding financial assets, non-current tax assets, deferred tax assets and certain other non-current assets) broken down by location of customers is tabulated below:

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2018
India	4,209.95	2,073.76
Outside India	46.30	48.96
<b>Total</b>	<b>46.30</b>	<b>2,122.72</b>

- c) **Information about major customers**

No single customer contributed more than 10% or more to the Group's revenue during the years ended 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019.

### 39. Employee benefit plans

#### 39.1 Defined contribution plans

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit plans for all its qualifying employees. Where employees leave the plans prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

Employee benefit under defined contribution plan comprising of provident fund is recognised based on the amount of obligation of the Group to contribute to the plan. The contribution is paid to Provident Fund authorities which is expensed during the year.

The total expense recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss of ₹ 95.54 million (for the year ended 31 March, 2019: ₹ 53.09 million) represents contributions payable to provident fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plans. As at 31 March, 2020, contributions of ₹ 17.03 million (as at 31 March, 2019: ₹ 16.20 million) due in respect of the reporting period had not been paid over to the plans. The amounts were paid subsequent to the end of the respective reporting periods.

#### 39.2 Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: The Group operates both funded and unfunded gratuity benefit plan. Gratuity liability arises on retirement, withdrawal, resignation, and death of an employee. The aforesaid liability is calculated on the basis of 15 days salary for each completed year of service, subject to a maximum of ₹ 2.00 million. Vesting occurs upon completion of 4.5 years of service.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost are measured using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date.

**39.3 The Group is exposed to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.**

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. When there is a deep market for such bonds; if the return on plan assets is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for these plans, investments are made in Insurer managed funds.
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

**39.4 Actuary assumptions - Gratuity:**

Date of Valuation	Refer note below	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Discount rate	1	5.74-6.78%	7.39-7.77%
Rate of salary increase	2	9-12%	5-9%
Rate of return	3	6.70%	7.66%
Retirement age		60.00	60-65
Attrition rate		0.10-20%	1-21%
Mortality table		Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-2014)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-2008)

**Notes:**

- The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yield of India Government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of obligations.
- The estimate of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.
- The expected return is based on the expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investments of the fund during the estimated term of the obligations.

**39.5 Amounts recognised in the financial statements before allocation in respect of these defined benefit plan are as follows:**

Particulars	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)	
	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
<b>Service cost :</b>		
Current service cost	31.43	23.39
Past service cost and (gain)/loss from settlements	-	-
Net interest expense	5.02	3.13
<b>Components of defined benefit costs recognised in employee benefit expenses</b>	<b>36.45</b>	<b>26.52</b>
<b>Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:</b>		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	(1.79)	(1.50)
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	1.33	2.71
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	21.10	(28.69)
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	(3.47)	57.26
<b>Components of remeasurement</b>	<b>17.17</b>	<b>29.78</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>53.62</b>	<b>56.30</b>

39.6 Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Opening defined benefit obligation	176.91	118.66
Current service cost	31.43	23.39
Interest cost	13.54	9.46
<b>Remeasurement (gains)/losses:</b>		
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	1.33	2.71
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	21.10	(28.69)
Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments	(3.47)	57.26
Past service cost, including losses/(gains) on curtailments	(0.04)	(0.16)
Benefits paid	(12.12)	(5.72)
<b>Closing defined benefit obligation</b>	<b>228.68</b>	<b>176.91</b>

39.7 The amount included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plan is as follows :

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	228.68	176.91
Fair value of plan assets	(175.13)	(119.29)
Funded status	-	-
<b>Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation</b>	<b>53.55</b>	<b>57.62</b>

39.8 Movements in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows :

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Opening fair value of plan assets	119.29	90.27
Interest income	8.82	6.33
<b>Remeasurement gain (loss):</b>		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	-	-
Actuarial gain/ (loss) on plan assets	1.79	1.50
Contributions from the employer	56.60	25.70
Benefits paid	(11.37)	(4.51)
<b>Closing fair value of plan assets</b>	<b>175.13</b>	<b>119.29</b>

Parent Company expected to contribute ₹ 49.88 million to gratuity fund in the next year (For the year ended 31 March, 2019 ₹ 55.00 million).

39.9 The fair value of the plan assets at the end of the reporting period for each category, are as follows.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Insurer managed funds	175.13	119.29

### 39.10 Sensitivity analysis

Below is the sensitivity analysis determined for significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of defined benefit obligations and based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumptions constant.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
<b>Discount rate</b>		
- Impact due to increase of 100 basis points	(15.40)	(9.99)
- Impact due to decrease of 100 basis points	17.58	10.74
<b>Salary increase</b>		
- Impact due to increase of 100 basis points	14.33	10.58
- Impact due to decrease of 100 basis points	(13.72)	(9.20)
<b>Withdrawal Rate</b>		
- Impact due to 25% increase	(7.26)	(0.33)
- Impact due to 25% decrease	8.63	0.43

### 40. Lease arrangements

Effective April 1, 2019, the Group has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" to its leases using the modified retrospective approach with the option to measure the right to use asset at an amount equal to the lease liability (i.e. as per para C8(c) (ii) of Ind AS 116), adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

The Group has applied the new standard to land leases and building leases to evaluate whether these contracts contains lease or not. Based on evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, the Group has evaluated such arrangements to be leases. Under the new standard, all lease contracts, with limited exceptions, are recognised in the financial statements by way of right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities.

When measuring lease liabilities, the weighted average discount rate used to calculate the lease liability in the opening balance under Ind AS 116 on April 1, 2019 was 11.25%.

The application of the new standard has a significant impact on the classification of expenditure and cash flow statement. It has impacted the timing of expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Expenses were previously recognised as rental expense and for the current period rental expense is being replaced by depreciation charge on right-of-use asset amounting to ₹ 295.53 million which is included under depreciation and amortisation expense in statement of profit and loss and finance cost on lease liability amounting to ₹ 150.37 million.

There has been no impact on the retained earnings due to application of the standard. The Company recognised a lease liability measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments. The right-of-use assets are recognised at cost, which comprises the amount of the measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease. Accordingly, a right-of-use asset of ₹ 1503.85 million and a corresponding lease liability of ₹ 1503.85 million has been recognised.

The Company has cash outflows for lease of underlying assets amounting to ₹ 383.23 million for the year ended March 31, 2020 out of which rent charges is amounting to ₹ 32.60 million which includes rentals for short term lease and low value lease.

#### Payments recognised as an expenses

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020
Short term lease	32.60
Low value assets	-

**Details of lease liability:**

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2020:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Balance as at 1 April, 2019	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	13.70
Additions	1,503.85
Finance cost accrued during the period	150.37
Payment/adjustment of lease liabilities	(350.63)
Derecognition of lease liability	(23.58)
<b>Balance as at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>1,293.71</b>
<b>Current</b>	<b>363.99</b>
<b>Non-current</b>	<b>929.72</b>

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at 31 March, 2020 on undiscounted basis:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Less than one year	360.35
One to five years	1,053.12
More than five years	498.73
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,912.20</b>

**Details of right-of-use asset (ROU):**

The following is the movement in ROU asset during the year ended 31 March, 2020:

Particulars	Land	Buildings
As at 1 April, 2019	-	-
Transition impact of Ind AS 116	158.58	-
Additions	1.68	1,502.17
Deletions	-	(22.25)
Amortisation expense	(1.64)	(293.89)
<b>As at 31 March, 2020</b>	<b>158.62</b>	<b>1,186.03</b>

41. The Board of Directors of the Parent Company and its wholly owned subsidiary Company 'APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited' (APL), in their respective meetings held on 3 February, 2020 have approved the "Scheme of Amalgamation" of APL with the Parent Company w.e.f. 1 April, 2020 (the appointed date). As per the said scheme the undertaking of APL shall stand transferred to and vested in the Parent Company on a going concern basis without any further act, deed of matter. The scheme of amalgamation is subject to approval by the shareholder's, National Company Law Tribunal and other statutory approvals.
42. During the current year, PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary), as approved in their Board of Directors meeting, held on 13 November, 2019, had acquired 70% equity stake in "APRL PathLabs Private Limited", engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services, on a going concern basis through purchase and subscription of 44,338 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each for a total consideration of ₹ 52.50 million.
43. During the current year, PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary), as approved in their Board of Directors meeting, held on 7 August, 2019, had acquired 70% equity stake in "Centrapath labs Private Limited", engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services, on a going concern basis through purchase and subscription of 439,145 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each for a total consideration of ₹ 469.01 million.

44. During the current year, the Parent company has formed a new wholly owned foreign subsidiary, "Dr. Lal Pathlabs Kenya Private Limited" in Kenya. The Parent Company has subscribed to equity share capital amounting to KES 10.00 million (₹ 7.10 million) consisting of 9,880 shares of KES 100.
45. During the year ended 31 March, 2019, the Parent Company has made a further investment of ₹ 24.58 million in this subsidiary, Dr. Lal Pathlabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd. through subscription of additional shares resulting in increase in shareholding by 1.83% to 71.83%.
46. During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Parent Company has formed two new wholly owned subsidiaries namely "Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited" and "PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited" and subscribed for the equity share capital of ₹ 1.00 million each in both the Companies.
- During the current year ended 31 March 2020, the Parent Company has made a further investment of ₹ 599.00 million and ₹ 9.00 million in this subsidiary Company "PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited" and "Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited" respectively through subscription of additional shares.
47. In light of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has incurred expenses on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) aggregating to ₹ 53.65 Million (Previous year ₹ 46.02 Million) for CSR activities.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Group during the year	53.65	46.02
b) Amount spent during the year on the following in cash		
i. Construction/ acquisition of any asset	Nil	Nil
ii. On purpose other than (i) above	53.65*	46.02*

\*The Group has contributed ₹ 53.65 Million (Previous year ₹ 46.02 Million) to "Lal PathLabs Foundation" (formerly known as "Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust") which is carrying out Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities on behalf of the Company, as mentioned in Schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013.

48. During the current year, the PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary) has purchased the business of "Bawankar Pathology" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services in Bhandara, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration of ₹ 52.00 million (including goodwill of ₹ 47.69 million).

Detailed breakup of assets and liabilities acquired is as under:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 1 April, 2019
<b>Identifiable assets</b>	
Current assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents)	0.47
Property, plant and equipment	3.84
Intangible assets	
- Trademark	-
- Non-compete agreements	-
- Customer relationships	-
<b>Total assets (A)</b>	<b>4.31</b>
<b>Identifiable liabilities</b>	
Current liabilities	-
<b>Total liabilities (B)</b>	
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired (A-B)</b>	<b>4.31</b>
Initial consideration	52.00
<b>Total purchase consideration</b>	<b>52.00</b>
<b>Goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>47.69</b>

49. During the current year, the PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary) has purchased the business of "Shree Computerised Pathology Laboratory" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services in the state of Maharashtra, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration of ₹ 40.97 million (including goodwill of ₹ 32.57 million).

Detailed breakup of assets and liabilities acquired is as under:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 29 February, 2020
<b>Identifiable assets</b>	
Current assets	0.30
Property, plant and equipment	1.39
Intangible assets	
- Trademark	6.09
- Non-compete agreements	0.62
- Customer relationships	-
<b>Total assets (A)</b>	<b>8.40</b>
<b>Identifiable liabilities</b>	
Current liabilities	-
<b>Total liabilities (B)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired (A-B)</b>	<b>8.40</b>
Initial consideration	40.97
<b>Total purchase consideration</b>	<b>40.97</b>
<b>Goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>32.57</b>

50. During the current year, the PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary) has purchased the business of "Modern Diagnostics & Modern Lab" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services in the state of Maharashtra, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration of ₹ 34.74 million (including goodwill of ₹ 20.32 million).

Detailed breakup of assets and liabilities acquired is as under:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 29 February, 2020
<b>Identifiable assets</b>	
Current assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents)	1.01
Property, plant and equipment	5.94
Intangible assets	
- Trademark	7.57
- Non-compete agreements	0.56
- Customer relationships	-
<b>Total assets (A)</b>	<b>15.08</b>
<b>Identifiable liabilities</b>	
Current liabilities	0.66
<b>Total liabilities (B)</b>	<b>0.66</b>
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired (A-B)</b>	<b>14.42</b>
Initial consideration	34.74
<b>Total purchase consideration</b>	<b>34.74</b>
<b>Goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>20.32</b>

51. During the current year, Centrapath Labs Private Limited has purchased the business of "Central Lab" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services in Madhya Pradesh, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration of ₹ 423.12 million\* (including goodwill of ₹ 173.21 million).

Detailed breakup of assets and liabilities acquired is as under:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 6 August, 2019
<b>Identifiable assets</b>	
Current assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents)	4.03
Property, plant and equipment	9.06
Intangible assets	
- Trademark	127.68
- Non-compete agreements	4.53
- Customer relationships	104.61
<b>Total assets (A)</b>	<b>249.91</b>
<b>Identifiable liabilities</b>	
Current liabilities	-
<b>Total liabilities (B)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired (A-B)</b>	<b>249.91</b>
Initial consideration	424.09
Adjustment of working capital	(0.97)
Contingent consideration*	-
<b>Total purchase consideration</b>	<b>423.12</b>
<b>Goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>173.21</b>

\* Contingent consideration of ₹ 4.93 million is payable on achievement of pre-determined business target. As at 31 March, 2020, Management has estimated that these targets will not be achieved basis which the amount has not been considered in investment made.

52. During the current year, Centrapath Labs Private Limited has purchased the business of "Vineeta Kothari" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostics services in Madhya Pradesh, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration\*\* of ₹ 27.32 million (including goodwill of ₹ 22.16 million).

Detailed breakup of assets and liabilities acquired is as under:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 6 August, 2019
<b>Identifiable assets</b>	
Current assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents)	0.54
Property, plant and equipment	0.40
Intangible assets	
- Trademark	3.90
- Non-compete agreements	0.32
<b>Total assets (A)</b>	<b>5.16</b>
<b>Identifiable liabilities</b>	
Current liabilities	-
<b>Total liabilities (B)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net Identifiable assets acquired (A-B)</b>	<b>5.16</b>
Initial consideration	27.07
Adjustment of working capital	0.25
Contingent consideration**	-
<b>Total purchase consideration</b>	<b>27.32</b>
<b>Goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>22.16</b>

\*\* Contingent consideration of ₹ 0.31 million is payable on achievement of pre-determined business target. As at 31 March, 2020, Management has estimated that these targets will not be achieved basis which the amount has not been considered in investment made.

53. During the current year, APRL PathLabs Private Limited has purchased the business of "Amins Pathology Referral Laboratory" engaged in the business of providing pathological diagnostic services in Vadodara, on a going concern basis for a purchase consideration of ₹ 51.32 million (including goodwill of ₹ 31.54 million).

Detailed breakup of assets and liabilities acquired is as under:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 4 November, 2019
<b>Identifiable assets</b>	
Current assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents)	4.75
Property, plant and equipment	6.08
Intangible assets	
- Trademark	10.35
- Non-compete agreements	2.35
<b>Total assets (A)</b>	<b>23.53</b>
<b>Identifiable liabilities</b>	
Current liabilities	3.75
<b>Total liabilities (B)</b>	<b>3.75</b>
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired (A-B)</b>	<b>19.78</b>
Initial consideration	51.32
<b>Total purchase consideration</b>	<b>51.32</b>
<b>Goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>31.54</b>

#### 54. Financial instruments

##### (a) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group adjusts the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Group has investments in fixed deposits with banks, corporates and in mutual fund schemes wherein underlying portfolio is spread across securities issued by different issuers having different credit ratings. The credit risk of investments in debt mutual fund schemes is managed through investment policies and guidelines requiring adherence to stringent credit control norms based on external credit ratings.

The Group has no outstanding debt as at the end of reporting period. Accordingly, the Group has not calculated gearing ratio as at 31 March, 2020.

##### (b) Financial risk management objective and policies

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Group and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2.

##### Financial assets and liabilities:

The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, and their carrying amounts, are set out below:

As at 31 March, 2020	(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)				
Financial assets	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Carrying value
Investments	1,642.75	-	-	1,642.75	1,642.75
Trade receivables	-	-	513.88	513.88	513.88
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,967.20	1,967.20	1,967.20
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	-	-	3,723.96	3,723.96	3,723.96
Loans	-	-	9.32	9.32	9.32
Other financial assets	30.39	-	451.75	482.14	482.14
	<b>1,673.14</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,666.11</b>	<b>8,339.25</b>	<b>8,339.25</b>

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Financial liabilities	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	Carrying value
Trade payables	-	-	1,177.35	1,177.35	1,177.35
Other financial liabilities	-	-	1,721.30	1,721.30	1,721.30
	-	-	2,898.65	2,898.65	2,898.65

(c) **Fair value measurement**

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values of various financial assets.

Financial assets	Fair value as at		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)
	31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019		
<b>Current investment:</b>				
Investment in mutual funds*	1,642.75	1,847.79	Level II	NAV declared by respective Asset Management Companies.
Surrender value of keyman insurance policy	30.39	44.14	Level II	

\* Short-term marketable securities not traded in active markets are determined by reference to quotes from the financial institutions; for example: Net asset value (NAV) for investments in mutual funds declared by mutual fund house.

**Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value**

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements approximate their fair values.

(d) **Risk management framework**

The Group's businesses are subject to several risks and uncertainties including financial risks. The Group's documented risk management policies act as an effective tool in mitigating the various financial risks to which the business is exposed to in the course of their daily operations. The risk management policies cover areas such as liquidity risk, interest rate risk, counterparty and concentration of credit risk and capital management. Risks are identified through a formal risk management programme with active involvement of senior management personnel and business managers. The Group's risk management process is in line with the Corporate policy. Each significant risk has a designated 'owner' within the Group at an appropriate senior level. The potential financial impact of the risk and its likelihood of a negative outcome are regularly updated.

The risk management process is coordinated by the Management Assurance function and is regularly reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee. The overall internal control environment and risk management programme including financial risk management is reviewed by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board.

The risk management framework aims to:

- improve financial risk awareness and risk transparency
- identify, control and monitor key risks
- identify risk accumulations
- provide management with reliable information on the Group's risk situation
- improve financial returns

**Treasury management**

The Group's treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Treasury management focuses on capital protection, liquidity maintenance and yield maximisation.

**Financial risk**

The Group has approved financial risk policies comprising liquidity, foreign currency, interest rate and counterparty credit risk. The Group does not engage in the speculative treasury activity but seeks to manage risk and optimise interest through proven financial instruments.

(i) **Liquidity risk**

The Group requires funds for short-term operational needs and the parent company has been rated by CRISIL Limited (CRISIL) for its banking facilities in line with Basel II norms.

The Group remains committed to maintaining a healthy liquidity, gearing ratio, and strengthening the balance sheet. The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities and realisability of financial assets based on the remaining period from the date of balance sheet to the contractual maturity date is given in the table below. The figures reflect the contractual cash obligation of the Group.

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March, 2020				
	<1 year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	> 5 Years	Total
<b>Non-current</b>					
Other non current financial liabilities	-	473.02	282.76	173.94	<b>929.72</b>
<b>Current</b>					
Trade payables	1,177.35	-	-	-	<b>1,177.35</b>
Other current financial liabilities	791.58	-	-	-	<b>791.58</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,968.93</b>	<b>473.02</b>	<b>282.76</b>	<b>173.94</b>	<b>2,898.65</b>

As at 31 March, 2020, the Group had access to funding facilities of ₹ 100 Million (entire amount not drawn) as set out below:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Unsecured cash credit facility at variable rate of interest, reviewed annually and payable at call	100.00	-	100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100.00</b>

(ii) **Interest rate risk**

Fixed rate financial assets are largely interest bearing fixed deposits held by the Group. The returns from these financial assets are linked to bank rate notified by Reserve Bank of India as adjusted on periodic basis. The Company does not charge interest on overdue trade receivables. Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled up to 30 days terms. Mutual fund investments have debt securities as underlying assets and are exposed to floating interest rates.

The exposure of the Group's financial assets as at 31 March, 2020 to interest rate risk is as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non interest bearing	Total
<b>Non-current</b>				
Loans	-	-	0.26	<b>0.26</b>
Other financial assets	-	109.19	35.88	<b>145.07</b>
	-	<b>109.19</b>	<b>36.14</b>	<b>145.33</b>
<b>Current</b>				
Investments	1,642.75	-	-	<b>1,642.75</b>
Trade receivables	-	-	513.88	<b>513.88</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,846.36	120.84	<b>1,967.20</b>
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	-	3,722.00	1.96	<b>3,723.96</b>
Loans	-	-	9.06	<b>9.06</b>
Other financial assets	-	202.61	134.46	<b>337.07</b>
	<b>1,642.75</b>	<b>5,770.97</b>	<b>780.20</b>	<b>8,193.92</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,642.75</b>	<b>5,880.16</b>	<b>816.34</b>	<b>8,339.25</b>
Range of interest rate applicable	-	5.25% - 7.75% p.a.	-	

The exposure of the Group's financial liabilities as at 31 March, 2020 to interest rate risk is as follows:

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non interest bearing	Total
<b>Non-current</b>				
Other financial liabilities	-	-	929.72	<b>929.72</b>
	-	-	<b>929.72</b>	<b>929.72</b>
<b>Current</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	1,177.35	<b>1,177.35</b>
Other financial liabilities	-	65.78	725.80	<b>791.58</b>
	-	<b>65.78</b>	<b>1,903.15</b>	<b>1,968.93</b>
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>65.78</b>	<b>2,832.87</b>	<b>2,898.65</b>

#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate assets, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the assets balance at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2020	Year ended 31 March, 2019
Impact on profit or loss for the year for increase in interest rate	28.31	17.02
Impact on profit or loss for the year for decrease in interest rate	(28.31)	(17.02)

#### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and after obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group is exposed to credit risk for receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents.

Credit risk management considers available reasonable and supportable forward-looking information including indicators like external credit rating (as far as available), macro-economic information (such as regulatory changes, government directives, market interest rate).

The Group makes sales to its customers which have high credit rating.

Only high rated banks are considered for placement of deposits. Bank balances are held with reputed and creditworthy banking institutions.

For short-term investments, counterparty limits are in place to limit the amount of credit exposure to any one counterparty. Defined limits are in place for exposure to individual counterparties in case of mutual funds schemes.

None of the Group's cash equivalents are past due or impaired. Regarding trade and other receivables, the Company has accounted for impairment based on expected credit losses method as at 31 March, 2020 based on expected probability of default.

#### (iv) Price risks

The sensitivity of profit or loss in respect of investments in mutual funds at the end of the reporting period for +/-5% change in net asset value is presented below:

Profit before tax for the year ended 31 March, 2020 would increase/decrease by ₹ 82.14 million as a result of the changes in net asset value of investment in mutual funds.

## 55. Business combinations

### 55.1 Subsidiaries acquired

Year ended 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Principal activity	Date of acquisition	Proportion of voting interest acquired (%)	Consideration transferred
Centrapath Labs Private Limited	Pathology	7-Aug-19	70%	469.01
APRL PathLabs Private Limited	Pathology	13-Nov-19	70%	52.50

### 55.2 Consideration transferred

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Centrapath Labs Private Limited	APRL PathLabs Private Limited
Cash paid/payable	469.01	52.50
	<b>469.01</b>	<b>52.50</b>

### 55.3 Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Centrapath Labs Private Limited	APRL PathLabs Private Limited
Current assets	12.54	4.95
Non-current assets	445.87	50.32
Current liabilities	-	(3.75)
	<b>458.41</b>	<b>51.52</b>
fair value of identifiable net assets acquired @ 70%	320.89	36.07

### 55.4 Goodwill arising on acquisition

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Centrapath Labs Private Limited	APRL PathLabs Private Limited
Consideration transferred/transferrable	469.01	52.50
Less: fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	320.89	36.07
	<b>148.12</b>	<b>16.43</b>

### 55.5 Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March, 2020
Consideration paid in cash	521.51
Less: Cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	-
	<b>521.51</b>

## 56. Share based payments

### 56.1 Employee Share Option Plan-2010

#### 56.1.1 Details of employee share based plan of the Parent Company

The shareholders of the Parent Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Private Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2010' ("ESOP 2010") at the Annual General Meeting held on 20 August, 2010 to grant a maximum of 3,808,960 options to specified categories of employees of the Parent Company. Each option granted and vested under the ESOP 2010 shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. The Parent Company had granted 3,730,340 options till the year ended 31 March, 2015, all of which have all been vested as at 31 March 2019. As per resolution passed on 21 August, 2015, the Parent Company approved to cease any further grants under the ESOP 2010.

The following ESOP 2010 tranches were in existence during the current year:

Grant date	Number	Expiry date	Exercise price (in ₹)	Fair Value at grant date (in ₹)
1 September, 2010	2,972,160	Refer Note 1 below	110.80	168.92
23 January, 2015	162,180	Refer Note 1 below	311.30	490.42

Note 1: All options vest after 48-60 months from date of grant subject to satisfaction of vesting conditions. The exercise period is five years from the date on which the Parent Company's shares were listed on a recognised stock exchange in India or a period of 10 years from date of respective vesting, whichever period ends later. Options not exercised within exercise period lapses.

#### **56.1.2 Fair value of share options granted in the year**

There were no options granted during the years ended 31 March, 2020 and 31 March, 2019.

#### **56.1.3 Movements in share options during the year**

The reconciliation of share options outstanding at the beginning and end of the year:

Particulars	2019-20		2018-19	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)
Balance at beginning of year	145,250	306.79	154,116	292.52
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	3,267	110.80	8,866	110.80
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	141,983	311.30	145,250	306.79

#### **56.1.4 Share options exercised during the year**

The following share options were exercised during the year:

Grant Date	Number exercised	Exercise date	Share price at exercise date
1 September, 2010	3,267	17-12-2019	1453.25

#### **56.1.5 Share options outstanding at the end of the year**

The share options outstanding at the end of the year has a weighted average exercise price of ₹ 311.30 (as at 31 March, 2019: ₹ 306.79) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 7.13 years (as at 31 March, 2019: 8.29 years)

### **56. Share based payments**

#### **56.2 Restricted Share Option Plan**

##### **56.2.1 Details of employee share based plan of the Parent Company**

The shareholders of the Parent Company approved 'Dr. Lal PathLabs Employees Restricted Stock Unit Plan 2016' ('RSU 2016') at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 July, 2016 to grant a maximum of 12,44,155 Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") to key employees and directors of the Parent Company. Each RSU granted and vested shall entitle the holder to acquire 1 equity share of ₹ 10 each. Under RSU 2016, for the performance year 2016-17, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 225,000 out of which 6,225 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions. For the performance year 2017-18, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 225,716 and 9,602 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions. Further, for the performance year 2018-19, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 219,132 and 28,498 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions.

Further, for the performance year 2019-20, options of ₹ 10 each granted to eligible employees is 213,841 and 27,631 options were forfeited on non satisfaction of vesting conditions. The Parent Company has accounted for the expense of options proportionately for the period under employee cost on the basis of weighted average fair value.

The following share- based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and prior years:

Option series	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price (in ₹)	Fair Value at grant date (in ₹)
Series 1	203,400	29 July, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	943.00
Series 2	3,600	1 August, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	953.59
Series 3	8,000	21 September, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	1,182.34
Series 4	10,000	10 October, 2016	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	1,030.56
Series 5	214,716	7 August, 2017	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	795.15
Series 6	11,000	8 February, 2018	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	854.73
Series 7	210,132	10 August, 2018	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	908.45
Series 8	9,000	6 November, 2018	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	855.73
Series 9	213,841	13 August, 2019	Refer Note 1 below	10.00	1,045.81

**Note 1:** All options vest after 1 year but within 4 years of date of grant subject to satisfaction of vesting conditions. The exercise period is five years from the date of respective vesting or such other shorter period as may be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee from time to time. Options not exercised within the exercise period lapse.

Option Series	Series 1	Series 2	Series 3	Series 4	Series 5	Series 6	Series 7	Series 8	Series 9
Grant date share price	961.75	972.50	1,201.35	1,049.65	814.25	873.40	939.45	886.75	1,086.45
Exercise price (in ₹)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Expected volatility	31.58%	31.58%	31.58%	31.58%	31.48%	21.71%	22.33%	25.66%	31.79%
Option life	6-9 Years								
Dividend yield	0.18%	0.18%	0.15%	0.17%	0.22%	0.20%	0.35%	0.37%	0.41%
Risk-free interest rate	7.32%-7.36%	7.29%-7.35%	6.90%-7.18%	6.76%-6.96%	6.65%-6.96%	7.73%-8.03%	7.99%-8.19%	7.92%-8.01%	6.69%-6.98%

### 56.2.3 Movements in share options during the year

The following reconciles the share options outstanding at the beginning and end of the year:

Particulars	2019-20		2018-19	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (in ₹)
Balance at beginning of year	548,656	10.00	411,298	10.00
Granted during the year	213,841	10.00	219,132	10.00
Forfeited during the year	27,631	10.00	28,498	10.00
Exercised during the year	131,265	10.00	53,276	10.00
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	603,601	10.00	548,656	10.00

### 56.2.4 Share options exercised during the year

The following share options were exercised during the year.

Option series	Number exercised	Exercise date	Share price at exercise date
Series 1	62,018	Various dates	Various prices
Series 2	183	3-7-2020	1671.73
Series 3	2,000	Various dates	Various prices
Series 4	2,500	Various dates	Various prices
Series 5	41,868	Various dates	Various prices
Series 6	2,200	Various dates	Various prices
Series 7	19,146	Various dates	Various prices
Series 8	1,350	Various dates	Various prices
Series 9	-	-	-

**56.2.5 Share options outstanding at the end of the year**

The share options outstanding at the end of the year has a weighted average exercise price of ₹ 10 (as at 31 March, 2019: ₹ 10) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6.37 years (as at 31 March, 2019: 6.45 years)

**57. Related Party Disclosures**

**I. Names of related parties and related party relationship**

**a. Key managerial personnel of the Parent Company**

- 1 (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal - Chairman and Managing Director upto 31 March, 2020  
(Executive Chairman w.e.f 1 April, 2020)
- 2 Dr. Vandana Lal – Director
- 3 Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda - Chief Executive Officer upto 31 March, 2020  
(Managing Director w.e.f 1 April, 2020)
- 4 Mr. Ved Prakash Goel - Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f 10 August, 2018)
- 5 Mr. Rajat Kalra - Company Secretary
- 6 Mr. Dilip Bidani - Chief Financial Officer (upto 9 August 2018)

**b. Relatives of key management personnel**

- 1 Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann  
(Daughter of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)
- 2 Mr. Anjaneya Lal  
(Son of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)

**c. Entities in which key managerial personnel can exercise significant influence**

- 1 Central Clinical Laboratory
- 2 Eskay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal
- 3 New Delhi Centre for Sight Limited

**d. Other related parties**

- 1 Lal Pathlabs Foundation (formerly Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust)  
(Trust to manage and administer corporate social responsibilities of the Group under the Companies Act, 2013)
- 2 Dr. Lal Pathlabs Limited Group Gratuity Trust ( formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Private Limited Group Gratuity Trust)  
(Trust to manage and administer gratuity liability of the Parent Company)

This space has been intentionally left blank

II. Transactions/Outstanding balances with related parties during the year

Particulars	(Figures in bracket relates to previous year) (in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)				
	Entities in which key managerial personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>A. Transactions during the year</b>					
<b>i. Sale of services</b>					
Lal Pathlabs Foundation	-	-	-	0.31	0.31
(formerly Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.44)	(1.44)
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	0.31	0.31
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.44)	(1.44)
<b>ii. Laboratory test charges</b>					
New Delhi Centre for Sight Limited	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>iii. Purchase of property, plant and equipment</b>					
Dr. Vandana Lal	-	7.50	-	-	7.50
	(-)	(8.00)	(-)	(-)	(8.00)
<b>Total</b>	-	7.50	-	-	7.50
	(-)	(8.00)	(-)	(-)	(8.00)
<b>iv. Compensation of Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives</b>					
The remuneration of key managerial personnel during the year was as follows:					
- Short term employee benefits	-	92.98	2.18	-	95.16
	(-)	(96.41)	(2.03)	(-)	(98.44)
- Post employment benefits*	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(1.21)	(-)	(-)	(1.21)
- Share based payments to employees**	-	113.21	-	-	113.21
	(-)	(17.82)	(-)	(-)	(17.82)
<b>Total</b>	-	206.19	2.18	-	208.37
	(-)	(115.44)	(2.03)	(-)	(117.47)
<b>v. Contribution to Fund</b>					
Lal Pathlabs Foundation	-	-	-	53.58	53.58
(formerly Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(46.02)	(46.02)
Dr. Lal Pathlabs Limited Group Gratuity Trust	-	-	-	56.60	56.60
(formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Private Limited Group Gratuity Trust)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(25.70)	(25.70)
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	110.18	110.18
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(71.72)	(71.72)



(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Entities in which key managerial personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>vi. Rent</b>					
Dr. Vandana Lal	-	0.76	-	-	0.76
	(-)	(1.01)	(-)	(-)	(1.01)
Central Clinical Laboratory	0.29	-	-	-	0.29
	(0.27)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.27)
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.29</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.05</b>
	<b>(0.27)</b>	<b>(1.01)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(1.28)</b>
<b>vii. Professional fees</b>					
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	-	-	0.53	-	0.53
(Daughter of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	(3.99)	(-)	(3.99)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.53</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.53</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(3.99)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(3.99)</b>
<b>viii. Dividend paid</b>					
(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	-	415.25	-	-	415.25
	(-)	(145.02)	(-)	(-)	(145.02)
Dr. Vandana Lal	-	256.50	-	-	256.50
	(-)	(87.63)	(-)	(-)	(87.63)
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	-	22.53	-	-	22.53
	(-)	(6.68)	(-)	(-)	(6.68)
Mr. Dilip Bidani	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(0.04)	(-)	(-)	(0.04)
Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	-	0.26	-	-	0.26
	(-)	(0.09)	(-)	(-)	(0.09)
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	-	-	30.83	-	30.83
(Daughter of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	(10.94)	(-)	(10.94)
Mr. Anjaneya Lal	-	-	26.19	-	26.19
(Son of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	(9.29)	(-)	(9.29)
Eskay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal	5.89	-	-	-	5.89
	(9.25)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.25)
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.89</b>	<b>694.54</b>	<b>57.02</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>757.45</b>
	<b>(9.25)</b>	<b>(239.46)</b>	<b>(20.23)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(268.94)</b>
<b>ix. Share options exercised***</b>					
Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	-	0.83	-	-	0.83
	(-)	(0.20)	(-)	(-)	(0.20)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.83</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.83</b>
	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(0.20)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(-)</b>	<b>(0.20)</b>

(Figures in bracket relates to previous year)  
(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Entities in which key managerial personnel can exercise significant influence	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of key management personnel	Other related parties	Grand Total
<b>x. Issue of equity Shares*****</b>					
Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	-	0.36	-	-	0.36
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
		<b>0.36</b>			<b>0.36</b>
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>xi. Sitting fees</b>					
Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann	-	-	0.10	-	0.10
(Daughter of Dr. Arvind Lal and Dr. Vandana Lal)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
			<b>0.10</b>		<b>0.10</b>
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>B. Outstanding balances at the year end</b>					
<b>i. Other non-current assets</b>					
Other advances*****					
Lal Pathlabs Foundation	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
(formerly Dr. Lal PathLabs Welfare Trust	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.10)	(0.10)
Dr. Lal Pathlabs Limited Group Gratuity Trust	-	-	-	0.14	0.14
(formerly Dr. Lal Pathlabs Private	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.14)	(0.14)
Limited Group Gratuity Trust)					
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	<b>0.24</b>	<b>0.24</b>
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.24)	(0.24)
<b>ii. Loans</b>					
Mr. Ved Prakash Goel	-	1.83	-	-	1.83
	(-)	(2.44)	(-)	(-)	(2.44)
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>1.83</b>	-	-	<b>1.83</b>
	(-)	(2.44)	(-)	(-)	(2.44)
<b>iii. Other financial assets</b>					
<b>Security deposits</b>					
Eskay House HUF - Dr. Arvind Lal	0.64	-	-	-	0.64
	(0.64)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.64)
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.64</b>	-	-	-	<b>0.64</b>
	(0.64)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.64)
<b>iv. Trade payables</b>					
Central Clinical Laboratory	0.09	-	-	-	0.09
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.09</b>	-	-	-	<b>0.09</b>
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

\*The remuneration to the key managerial personnel and their relatives does not include the provision made for gratuity and leave benefits, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Parent Company as a whole.

\*\*Excludes share based expenses accounted for during the year related to RSU Plan, 2016

\*\*\* Shares directly issued to the employees by the EWT Trust @ ₹ 10.00 (Previous year @ ₹ 110.80) per equity share of ₹ 10/- each.

\*\*\*\* Shares directly issued to the employees by the Company @ ₹ 110.80 per equity share of ₹ 10/- each.

\*\*\*\*\* Represents contribution towards corpus fund. Amount is included in advance recoverable under other non-current assets.

58. Subsidiaries

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows.

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Country of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group	
			As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
Paliwal Diagnostic Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	80.00	80.00
Paliwal Medicare Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	80.00	80.00
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	100.00	100.00
Dr Lal Ventures Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	100.00	100.00
PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	100.00	100.00
APRL Pathlabs Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	70.00	-
Centrapath Labs Private Limited	Diagnostics	India	70.00	-
Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.	Diagnostics	Bangladesh	71.83	71.83
Dr Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited	Diagnostics	Nepal	100.00	100.00
Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V.*	Diagnostics	Netherlands	-	-
Dr. Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited	Diagnostics	Kenya	100.00	-

\*No capital has been subscribed

Disclosure as required by Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 on Consolidated Financial Statements as on 31st March, 2020

As at and for the year ended 31 March, 2020

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entity in the Group	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
<b>Parent</b>								
Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited	99%	10,162.82	99%	2,231.80	(94)%	(10.61)	99%	2,221.19
<b>Indian subsidiaries</b>								
Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	2%	186.16	4%	91.04	(12)%	(1.39)	4%	89.65
Paliwal Medicare Private Limited	1%	60.78	-	7.20	-	-	-	7.20
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	-	13.83	-	2.02	(2)%	(0.28)	-	1.74
Dr Lal Ventures Private Limited	-	8.22	-	(1.50)	-	-	-	(1.50)
PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited	6%	590.62	-	(8.63)	-	-	-	(8.63)
Centrapath Labs Private Limited	4%	462.99	-	4.58	-	-	-	4.58
APRL Pathlabs Private Limited	-	49.35	-	(2.17)	-	-	-	(2.17)
<b>Overseas subsidiaries</b>								
Dr Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited	-	22.89	-	6.50	(3)%	(0.35)	-	6.15
Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.	-	32.28	(1)%	(13.87)	14%	1.52	-	(12.35)
Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dr. Lal PathLabs Kenya Private Limited	-	6.46	-	(0.50)	-	0.03	-	(0.47)
<b>Non controlling interest in subsidiaries</b>	(2)%	(212.19)	-	(16.46)	(1)%	(0.15)	(1)%	(16.61)
<b>Adjustments on consolidation</b>	(10)%	(1,056.13)	(2)%	(40.60)	-	-	(2)%	(40.60)
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>10,328.08</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>2,259.41</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>(11.23)</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>2,248.18</b>

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended 31 March, 2019

(in ₹ million, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the entity in the Group	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
<b>Parent</b>								
Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited	99%	9,308.35	98%	1,954.38	101%	(19.61)	98%	1,934.77
<b>Indian subsidiaries</b>								
Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited	2%	157.68	3%	65.45	(1)%	0.16	3%	65.61
Paliwal Medicare Private Limited	1%	53.58	-	5.98	-	0.02	-	6.00
APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory & Research Private Limited	-	12.09	-	0.40	-	0.08	-	0.48
Dr Lal Ventures Private Limited	-	0.72	-	(0.28)	-	-	-	(0.28)
PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited	-	0.25	-	(0.75)	-	-	-	-
<b>Overseas subsidiaries</b>								
Dr Lal PathLabs Nepal Private Limited	-	16.74	-	1.05	-	(0.04)	-	1.01
Dr. Lal PathLabs Bangladesh Pvt. Ltd.	-	44.63	-	(5.00)	-	(0.16)	-	(5.16)
Dr. Lal PathLabs International B.V.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Non controlling interest in subsidiaries</b>	(1)%	(54.83)	-	(12.87)	-	0.01	(1)%	(12.86)
<b>Adjustments on consolidation</b>	(1)%	(84.25)	(1)%	(16.56)	-	0.06	-	(17.25)
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>9,454.96</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,991.80</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>(19.48)</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,972.32</b>

59. The Parent Company has received a notice dated 22 April, 2019 from the Office of the Commissioner, CGST Gurugram, contending to show cause why service tax (including cess) for an amount of ₹ 2,295.13 million and interest and penalty for the period October, 2013 to June, 2017 should not be levied on the operations of the Parent Company.

The Parent Company has submitted its response and based on the solicitor/ expert's opinion taken, the management believes that the grounds of the show cause notice are not tenable and hence no provision is considered necessary.

60. In February 2019, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India vide its judgment and subsequent dismissal of the review petition in August 2019 has ruled in respect of compensation for the purpose of Provident Fund contribution under the Employee's Provident Fund Act. The Company has assessed possible outcomes of the judgment on determination of provident fund contributions and based on the legal opinion obtained and current evaluation, the Company believes it is not probable that certain components paid by the Company will be subject to payment of Provident Fund due to the Supreme Court order. The Company will continue to monitor and evaluate its position based on future events and developments.

61. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.

62. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

63. Disclosure pursuant to section 186 of the Companies Act 2013:

Sr. No.	Nature of the transaction (loans given/ Investment made/ guarantee given/ security provided)	As at 31 March, 2020	As at 31 March, 2019
1	Loan and advances	-	-
2	Other advances	-	-
3	Guarantees	-	-
4	Current investments	Refer Note 12	Refer Note 12

64. The Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 18 May, 2020.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal**  
(DIN: 0576638)  
[Executive Chairman]  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Ved Prakash Goel**  
[Chief Financial Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Bharath U**  
[Chief Executive Officer]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda**  
(DIN: 02099404)  
[Managing Director]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

**Rajat Kalra**  
[Company Secretary]  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 18 May, 2020

## DR. LAL PATHLABS LIMITED

Corporate Identity Number: L74899DL1995PLC065388  
**Regd. Office:** Block-E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi – 110085  
**Corporate Office:** 12th Floor, Tower B, SAS Tower,  
 Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram - 122001  
 Website: [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com); E-Mail [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com)  
 Phone: +91 124 3016500 | Fax: +91 124 4234468

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-sixth (26<sup>th</sup>) Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) of the members of Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited (“the Company”) will be held on Thursday, July 30, 2020 at 10:30 A.M. IST through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means (“VC/OAVM”) facility, to transact the following business:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020, the reports of the Auditors and Board of Directors thereon and the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 and the report of the Auditors thereon.
- To appoint a Director in the place of Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda (DIN: 02099404), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

- To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:  
**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any amendment there to or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and subject to such other approval/permissions, if any, as may be required, approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to re-designate (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal (DIN No: 00576638) by appointing him as Executive Chairman and Whole-Time Director of the Company, for a period of two (2) years, commencing from April 01, 2020 on the terms and conditions including remuneration, as detailed below:

I	Basic Salary	₹ 3.75 lakh per month with authority to the Board of Directors to revise the basic salary from time to time, subject however to a ceiling of ₹ 7.55 lakh per month.
II	Perquisites and Allowances	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal shall be entitled to perquisites, allowances, benefits, facilities and amenities (collectively “allowances & perquisites”) such as furnished residential accommodation or house rent allowance in lieu thereof, medical reimbursement, special allowance, entertainment, leave travel, Vehicle and Driver reimbursement, Professional reimbursement and any

		other “allowances & perquisites” as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time, provided that the aggregate value of such allowances and perquisites shall not exceed ₹ 23.75 lakh per month. Allowances & Perquisites will be valued as per the Income-tax rules, wherever applicable and at actual cost to the Company in other cases.
III	Performance Linked Incentive	Annually payable as may be proposed by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors based on parameters of performance.
IV	Other Entitlements	In addition to the above, (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal shall be entitled to allowance and benefits as per the policy of Company in force, such as: a) Company maintained car(s) with Driver b) Re-imbursement for Mobile Phone(s) and Telephone/Internet Connections at residence c) Company’s contribution to Provident Fund d) Payment of Gratuity and other retirement benefits e) Encashment of Leave f) Personal Accident and Medical Insurance g) Keyman Insurance h) Admission and Annual Membership Fee for Club(s) i) Such other benefits as may be applicable to the employees of the Company

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the remuneration by way of salary, performance evaluation payment, perquisites and other allowances payable to (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal shall not exceed the limits prescribed under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 (as may be amended from time to time) and the Rules made there under or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the office of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal as Executive Chairman and Whole -Time Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof) and/or the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

4. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any amendment there to or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and subject to such other approval/permissions, if any, as may be required, approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to re-designate Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda (DIN No: 02099404) by appointing him as the Managing Director of the Company, for a period of five (5) years commencing from April 01, 2020 on the terms and conditions including remuneration as detailed below:

I	Basic Salary	₹ 11.25 lakh per month with authority to the Board of Directors to revise the basic salary from time to time, subject however to a ceiling of ₹. 22.75 lakh per month.
II	Perquisites and Allowances	Dr. Manchanda shall be entitled to perquisites, allowances, benefits, facilities and amenities (collectively “allowances & perquisites”) such as furnished residential accommodation or house rent allowance in lieu thereof, medical reimbursement, special allowance, entertainment, leave travel, Vehicle and Driver reimbursement, Professional reimbursement and any other “allowances & perquisites” as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time, provided that the aggregate value of such allowances and perquisites shall not exceed ₹ 17.1 lakh per month. Allowances & Perquisites will be valued as per the Income-tax rules, wherever applicable and at actual cost to the Company in other cases.
III	Stock Related Perquisites	Perquisite arising as a result of exercise of vested stock options under RSU 2016 or any other Stock Related Scheme(s) from time to time, not exceeding ₹ 60 Crore per annum.

IV	Performance Linked Incentive	Annually payable as may be proposed by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors based on parameters of performance. This may be paid in cash and/or stocks as may be decided from time to time.
V	Other Entitlements	In addition to the above, Dr. Manchanda shall be entitled to allowance and benefits as per the policy of Company in force, such as: a. Company maintained car(s) with Driver b. Re-imbursement for Mobile Phone(s) and Telephone/Internet Connections at residence c. Company’s contribution to Provident Fund d. Payment of Gratuity and other retirement benefits e. Encashment of Leave f. Personal Accident and Medical Insurance g. Keyman Insurance h. Admission and Annual Membership Fee for Club(s) i. Such other benefits as may be applicable to the employees of the Company

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the remuneration by way of salary, performance evaluation payment, perquisites and other allowances payable to Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda as Managing Director of the Company shall not exceed the limits prescribed under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 (as may be amended from time to time) and the Rules made there under or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the office of Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda as Managing Director of the Company shall be liable to retire by rotation and his re-appointment on retirement by rotation shall not be treated as break in service.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof) and/or the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

5. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any amendment there to or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and subject to such other approval/permissions, if any, as

may be required, approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Dr. Vandana Lal (DIN No: 00472955) as Whole-Time Director of the Company, for a period of five (5) years commencing from April 01, 2020 on the terms and conditions including remuneration as detailed below:

I	Basic Salary	₹ 3.00 lakh per month with authority to the Board of Directors to revise the basic salary from time to time, subject however to a ceiling of ₹ 6.05 lakh per month.
II	Perquisites and Allowances	Dr. Vandana Lal shall be entitled to perquisites, allowances, benefits, facilities and amenities (collectively "allowances & perquisites") such as furnished residential accommodation or house rent allowance in lieu thereof, medical reimbursement, special allowance, entertainment, leave travel, Vehicle and Driver reimbursement, Professional reimbursement and any other "allowances & perquisites" as per the policy/rules of the Company in force and/or as may be approved by the Board from time to time, provided that the aggregate value of such allowances and perquisites shall not exceed ₹ 19.20 lakh per month. Allowances & Perquisites will be valued as per the Income-tax rules, wherever applicable and at actual cost to the Company in other cases.
III	Performance Linked Incentive	Annually payable as may be proposed by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors based on parameters of performance.
IV	Other Entitlements	In addition to the above, Dr. Vandana Lal shall be entitled to allowance and benefits as per the policy of Company in force, such as: a. Company maintained car(s) with Driver b. Re-imbursement for Mobile Phone(s) and Telephone/Internet Connections at residence c. Company's contribution to Provident Fund d. Payment of Gratuity and other retirement benefits e. Encashment of Leave f. Personal Accident and Medical Insurance g. Keyman Insurance h. Admission and Annual Membership Fee for Club(s) i. Such other benefits as may be applicable to the employees of the Company

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the remuneration by way of salary, performance evaluation payment, perquisites and other allowances payable to Dr. Vandana Lal shall not exceed the limits prescribed under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 (as may be amended from time to time) and the Rules made there under or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the office of Dr. Vandana Lal as Whole Time Director of the Company shall be liable to retire by rotation and her re-appointment on retirement by rotation shall not be treated as break in service.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof) and/or the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

6. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee & Board of Directors and pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any amendment(s) thereto or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) and pursuant to Regulation 17(6)(ca) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and subject to such other approval(s)/ permission(s), if any as may be required, approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of remuneration, in the nature of commission or perquisite(s) arising as a result of exercise of vested Stock Options granted, to Mr. Rahul Sharma (DIN: 00956625), Non-Executive Director of the Company, in excess of fifty percent of the total remuneration payable to all Non-Executive Directors of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof) and/or the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

7. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and any other applicable provisions/statute as may be applicable from time to time, the Company hereby ratifies the remuneration of ₹ 60,000/- (Rupees Sixty Thousand) plus applicable taxes and out of

pocket expenses payable to M/s. A.G. Agarwal & Associates (Firm Registration No. 000531), Cost and Management Accountants, appointed as Cost Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

By Order of the Board  
For **Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

**Rajat Kalra**  
**Company Secretary**  
**Membership No: A-16947**

Place: Gurugram  
Date: June 27, 2020

**Notes:**

1. An Explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Special Business(es) to be transacted at the AGM is annexed hereto.
2. In view of the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has vide its circular dated May 5, 2020 read with circulars dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 (collectively referred to as “MCA Circulars”) permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) through VC/OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”) and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM.
3. As the AGM is being held through VC/OAVM, the facility for appointment of Proxy by the Members is not available for this AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip including Route Map are not annexed to this Notice.
4. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
5. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders are required to send a scanned copy of its Board or governing body Resolution/ Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM on its behalf and to vote through e-voting/remote e-voting. The said Resolution/ Authorization shall be sent to the CDSL by email at [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) with a copy marked to [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com).
6. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be available for inspection through electronic mode, basis the request being sent on [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com).

The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act,

Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which directors are interested under Section 189 of the Act and the Certificate from Auditors of the Company certifying that the ESOP Schemes of the Company are being implemented in accordance with, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM.

7. In compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2019-20 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com), websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com) and [www.nseindia.com](http://www.nseindia.com) respectively, and on the website of CDSL [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com).

Those members whose email IDs are not registered, are requested to register their email ID by following the below process:

**Process for registration of email id for obtaining Annual Report**

Physical Holding	Send a request to the Company at <a href="mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com">cs@lalpathlabs.com</a> providing Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), self attested copy of PAN card and any of Driving License, Election Identity Card and Passport for registering email address.
Demat Holding	Please contact your Depository Participant (DP) and register your email address and bank account details as per the process advised by your DP.

8. The shareholders at the 23<sup>rd</sup> AGM, approved the appointment of M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W – 100018), as the Statutory Auditors, for a period of five (5) years i.e. from the conclusion of the 23<sup>rd</sup> AGM till the conclusion of 28<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company subject to ratification of the appointment by the shareholders at every Annual General Meeting.

However, pursuant to the notification dated May 07, 2019, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the requirement for ratification of Statutory Auditors at every Annual General Meeting has been done away with and hence no such resolution is being put forth at this AGM.

The Statutory Auditors M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants, have confirmed that they have not been disqualified to act as Statutory Auditors of the Company and that their continuation is within the maximum company ceiling limit as prescribed under Section 141 of Companies Act, 2013 / relevant statute.

9. Pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company is required to maintain bank details of its Members for the purpose of payment of Dividend etc. Members are requested to register/update their bank details with the Company in case shares are held in physical form and with their Depository Participants where shares are held in dematerialized mode, to enable expeditious credit of the dividend to their bank accounts electronically.
10. Members who have not encashed their Dividend amount/warrants/IPO refund till date are requested to do so. Details of unclaimed dividend amount/ IPO refund amounts is available on the website of the Company and can be accessed at <https://www.lalpathlabs.com/investor/unclaimed-unpaid-amount.aspx>
11. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide its notification dated November 30, 2018 mandated that, except in case of transmission or transposition, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialised form w.e.f. April 1, 2019. In view of this and to avail various benefits of dematerialisation, members are advised to dematerialise shares held by them in physical form.
12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN to the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA).
13. Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, members are entitled to make a nomination in respect of shares held by them. Members desirous of making a nomination, pursuant to Rule 19(1) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, are requested to send their requests in Form No. SH-13 to the RTA of the Company. Further, members desirous of cancelling/varying nomination pursuant to Rule 19(9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, are requested to send their requests in Form No. SH-14 to the RTA of the Company. These forms will be made available on request.
14. Additional information, pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard for General Meetings (SS-2) in respect of director(s) recommended for re-appointment is annexed with this AGM Notice.
15. Members can also provide their feedback on the Shareholders Services of the Company by filling the **“Shareholders Satisfaction Survey”** attached to this notice and emailing the same at [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com) through their registered e-mail ID or sending the signed copy at the Corporate Office of the Company at 12th Floor, Tower B, SAS Tower, Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram – 122001.

Your feedback will help the Company in improving its Shareholders Service Standards.

**The instructions for remote e-voting/e-voting and attending AGM through VC/OVAM are as under:**

**A. VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS**

1. In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as substituted by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 (“Amended Rules 2015”) and Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Shareholders are provided with the facility of voting through electronic means (“remote e-voting”) on all the resolutions set forth in this notice, through remote e-voting services provided by Central Depository Services (India) Limited (“CDSL”).
2. The facility for e-voting will also be made available during the AGM and the Shareholders attending the AGM who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be eligible to vote through the e-voting system during the AGM. The Shareholders who have cast their vote by remote e-voting may also attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
3. The remote e-voting period commences on Sunday, July 26, 2020 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on Wednesday, July 29, 2020 at 5:00 P.M. During this period, shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on Thursday, July 23, 2020 (“the cut-off date”) may cast their vote electronically. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
4. The voting rights of the Shareholders shall be in proportion to the paid-up value of their shares in the equity capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e. July 23, 2020 and a person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only. In case of joint holders, only such joint holder who is named first in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
5. The Board of Directors of the Company has appointed M/s PDS & CO. (Company Secretaries) as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting process and e-voting during the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.

**The instructions for shareholders voting electronically are as under:**

- (i) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com)
- (ii) Click on Shareholders/Members.
- (iii) Now Enter your User ID
  - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
  - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
  - c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- (iv) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (v) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.

(vi) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form	
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number.</li> </ul>
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (iii) above.</li> </ul>

(vii) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

(viii) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

(ix) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

(x) Click on the EVSN for Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited on which you choose to vote.

(xi) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

(xii) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.

(xiii) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.

(xiv) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

(xv) You can also take out print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

(xvi) If Demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

(xvii) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "m-Voting". The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.

(xviii) Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) and register themselves as Corporates.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com).
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company, if voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

#### B. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Only those persons who are Members of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e. July 23, 2020 will be able to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and a person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only.
2. Members will be able to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM at the CDSL e-Voting system. Members may access the same at <https://www.evotingindia.com> under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
3. Facility of joining the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be opened 30 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and shall be kept open throughout the proceedings of AGM. The facility will be available for Members on first come first served basis.

4. For better experience, we recommend that you join the session with high-speed wired internet connectivity. This prevents Wi-Fi dropouts and speed issues.
5. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
6. Members who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 10 days prior to AGM mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com). Those members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

**C. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-**

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolution(s) through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
3. If any votes are cast by the Members through e-voting available during the AGM and if the same Members have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such Members shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the Members attending the meeting.
4. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM However, they will not be able to vote at the AGM.

In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com), under help section or write an email to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) or call 1800225533.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) or call 1800225533.

**Declaration of Results**

1. The Scrutinizer shall immediately after the conclusion of e-voting at the AGM, unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and through e- voting at the AGM in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and provide not later than 48 hours of conclusion of the AGM,

a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or in his absence, a person authorised by him in writing who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.

2. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com) and on the website of CDSL at [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) immediately after the result declared by the Chairman or any other person authorized by the Chairman and the same shall be communicated to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.
3. The recorded transcript of the proceeding of AGM shall be placed on the Company's website at [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com).

**INFORMATION AT A GLANCE**

Particulars	Details
Time and date of AGM	10:30 AM IST, Thursday, July 30, 2020
Mode	Video conference and other audio-visual means
Participation through video-conferencing	<a href="https://www.evotingindia.com">https://www.evotingindia.com</a>
Helpline number for VC participation	1800225533
Cut-off date for-voting	Thursday, July 23, 2020
E-voting start time and date	Sunday, July 26, 2020 at 9:00 A.M.
E-voting end time and date	Wednesday, July 29, 2020 at 5:00 P.M.
E-voting website	<a href="http://www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a>
Name, address and contact details of e-voting service provider	Contact Name: <b>Mr. Rakesh Dalvi</b> Manager <b>Central Depository Services (India) Limited</b> A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai – 400013 Email ID: <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> Contact Number <b>1800225533</b>
Name, address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent	Contact Name <b>Mr. Bharat Bhushan</b> Associate Vice President <b>Link Intime India Private Limited</b> Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi - 110058, Email ID: <a href="mailto:delhi@linkintime.co.in">delhi@linkintime.co.in</a> Contact Number <b>+91 11 49411000</b>

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

**ITEM NO. 3**

The Members to take note that the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, mandated top 500 listed entities to have a Non-Executive Chairperson not related to the Managing Director or the CEO of the Company by April 01, 2020. Further vide its Notification dated January 10, 2020 SEBI extended timeline for implementation of this provision by another two years till March 31, 2022.

As a first step in that direction, the Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in their meeting held on February 03, 2020 resolved to split the positions of Chairman and Managing Director.

By virtue of the above, it was decided that with effect from April 01, 2020 (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal shall relinquish his position as the Managing Director of the Company and will continue in the capacity of Chairman and Whole Time Director of the Company for a period of two (2) years commencing from April 01, 2020.

The Board Members also decided to retain the same remuneration structure for (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal, as was there with his previous designation/role.

The Members to also take note that in terms of Section 196 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, appointment of Whole-Time Director above the age of 70 years, requires approval of the Shareholders by way of Special Resolution.

(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal, aged about 71 years, is a Promoter of your Company and has been a Director on the Board of the Company since its incorporation in 1995. Dr. Lal is recognized as a pioneer in bringing laboratory services in India at par with the western world. Under his expert guidance and leadership, Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited has become one of the most reputed laboratories in Asia.

Considering Dr. Lal's background, educational qualifications, experience and contribution made towards the growth/success of the Company, his appointment as Chairman and Whole-Time Director of the Company is recommended for approval by the shareholders.

The terms and conditions as set out in Item No. 3 may also be treated as disclosure in compliance with the requirement of Section 190 of the Act.

Except (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal and his relatives Dr. Vandana Lal (Spouse) and Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann (Daughter) (to the extent of their shareholding), none of other Directors and/or KMP's or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Item No. 3 set out in this AGM Notice.

The Board recommends the resolutions set forth at Item No. 3 for approval of the members by way of a Special Resolution.

**ITEM NO. 4**

The Members to take note that consequent upon re-designation of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal as Chairman and Whole-Time Director, the Managing Director position became vacant.

To fill such vacancy, the Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in their meeting held on February 03, 2020 decided to re-designate Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda by appointing him as the Managing Director of the Company from his earlier position of CEO & Whole Time Director for a period of five (5) years commencing from April 01, 2020.

The Board Members also decided to retain the same remuneration structure for Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda, as was there with his previous designation/role.

Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda, aged about 55 years, joined the Company as Chief Operating Officer on October 17, 2005. Subsequently, he was promoted to the position of Chief Executive Officer on April 1, 2008, and later was inducted to Company's Board of Directors on February 01, 2011. He has about 30 years of experience in the field of marketing and general management.

Considering Dr. Om's credentials and experience the Board of Directors were of the view that he shall be the right person to be appointed as Managing Director of your Company and therefore recommended his appointment as Managing Director for approval of shareholders.

The terms and conditions as set out in Item No. 4 may also be treated as disclosure in compliance with the requirement of Section 190 of the Act.

Except Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda and his relatives (to the extent of their shareholding) none of other Directors and/or KMP's or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Item No. 4 set out in this AGM Notice.

The Board recommends the resolutions set forth at Item No. 4 for approval of the members by way of an Ordinary Resolution.

**ITEM NO. 5**

Dr. Vandana Lal is a Promoter of your Company and has been a Director on the Board of the Company since its incorporation in 1995. She was appointed as Whole Time Director of the Company for a period of 5 year with effect from August 21, 2015 and her tenure as Director is set to expire on August 20, 2020.

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in their meeting held on February 03, 2020 recommended her re-appointment as Whole Time Director of the Company for a further period of five (5) years starting with effect from April 01, 2020 on the terms and conditions as detailed in Item No. 5 of this AGM Notice.

The Board Members also decided to retain the same remuneration structure for Dr. Vandana Lal as was there with her previous tenure.

The terms and conditions as set out in in the Item No. 5 may also be treated as disclosure in compliance with the requirement of Section 190 of the Act.

Except Dr. Vandana Lal and her relatives (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal (Spouse), Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann (Daughter) (to the extent of their shareholding), none of other Directors and/or KMP's or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Item No. 5 set out in this AGM Notice.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 5 for the approval of members by way of an ordinary resolution.

#### **ITEM NO. 6**

Mr. Rahul Sharma, Non-Executive Director of the Company was granted 1,62,180 stock options @ ₹ 311.30 in February 2015 under the Company's ESOP 2010 Plan, of which 20,197 options have already been exercised by him.

Mr. Sharma has expressed his intent to exercise the remaining options in different tranches at different points of time.

Exercise of such options, however is likely to create a perquisite in the hands of Mr. Sharma, to the extent of difference between the Market Price on the date of exercise and Grant Price of the options so vested.

In case of exercise of options by Mr. Sharma, value of perk arising therefrom coupled with his annual Director commission for the Financial Year 2020-21 may result in his remuneration exceeding 50% (Fifty percent) of the total remuneration payable to all Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

It may be noted that pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 17(6) (ca) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2019), approval of shareholders is required in case the annual remuneration payable to a single Non-Executive Director exceeds 50% (Fifty percent) of the total remuneration payable to all Non-Executive Directors.

In view of the above, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company in their meetings held on May 15 and May 18, 2020 respectively approved the proposal for seeking consent of shareholders for payment of remuneration to Mr. Sharma, in the nature of commission or perquisites arising as a result of exercise of vested Stock Options, which may exceed 50% (Fifty percent) of the total remuneration payable to all Non-Executive Directors of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

Accordingly, approval of the Members is sought by way of a Special Resolution to pay such remuneration to Mr. Sharma, as set out at item no. 6 of this AGM Notice.

Except Mr. Rahul Sharma, Non-Executive Director of the Company and his relatives (to the extent of their shareholding), none of other Directors and/or KMP's or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at item no. 6 of this AGM Notice.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 6 for the approval of members by way of a special resolution.

#### **ITEM NO. 7**

The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on May 18, 2020, on recommendation by the Audit Committee, appointed M/s. A.G. Agarwal & Associates (Firm Registration Number: 000531), Cost and Management Accountants, as the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2020-21 at a remuneration of ₹ 60,000/- (Rupees Sixty thousand only) plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses.

As per Section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 and applicable rules thereunder, the remuneration payable to the cost auditors is to be ratified by the members of the Company.

The Board considers the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors as fair and recommends the resolution contained in Item no. 7 of the accompanying notice for approval of the members as an Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors or KMP's or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 7 of the Notice.

By Order of the Board  
For **Dr. Lal PathLabs Limited**

Date: June 27, 2020  
Place: Gurugram

**Rajat Kalra**  
Company Secretary  
Membership No: A-16947

**Brief Profile of Directors pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard for General Meetings (SS-2) are as mentioned below:**

Particulars	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	Dr. Vandana Lal	Mr. Rahul Sharma
DIN	00576638	02099404	00472955	00956625
Date of Birth	August 22, 1949	August 30, 1965	November 18, 1956	14-09-1960
Date of First Appointment to the Board	February 14, 1995	February 1, 2011	February 14, 1995	July 22, 2005
Brief Resume, Age and Nature of Expertise in specific functional areas	<p>(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal, aged about 71 Years, is a promoter of Dr. Lal PathLabs and holds a Bachelor's Degree in Medicine and Surgery from the University of Poona and a Diploma in clinical pathology from the Armed Forces Medical College, Pune. He has been conferred by the President of India an Honorary Brigadier's rank in the Armed Forces Medical Services and also the Padma Shri award.</p> <p>He has over 43 years of experience in the field of Pathology and is recognized as a pioneer in bringing laboratory services in India at par with the western world. Under his expert guidance and leadership, Dr. Lal PathLabs has become one of the most reputed laboratories in Asia.</p> <p>He brought International recognition to the Indian Healthcare Industry in the form of accreditation from the College of American Pathologists (CAP - USA).</p> <p>Dr. Lal has revolutionized laboratory medicine by introducing the maximum number of new tests, instruments and ICT (Information, Communications, Technology) systems.</p> <p>He has been a Director on the Company's Board since 1995 and is a chairman of CSR Committee.</p>	<p>Dr. Om, aged about 55 Years, holds a bachelor's degree in veterinary science and animal husbandry from The Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar and a postgraduate diploma in management (agriculture) from the Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad ("IIMA").</p> <p>After graduating from the IIMA in June 1990, he was selected as a management trainee for Lipton India Limited now amalgamated into Hindustan Unilever Limited ("HUL"), under the management trainee scheme of Unilever Group of Companies in India.</p> <p>He has worked with HUL in various positions such as Area Manager, Innovation Manager - Beverages, Business Manager - Loose Tea, Brookfields and Senior Product Manager. In HUL as a Senior Product Manager - Innovation, he spearheaded the execution of Tea Based Beverage development project under the brand name of Lipton Tiger.</p> <p>This innovation went on to win many awards viz., Unilever Central Asia and Middle East ("CAME") Best Marketable Idea of the Year Award in 1997, CAME Innovation Award for Best Proven Initiative of the Year in 1998 and Unilever Foods Innovation Award in Beverages Category in the year 1999.</p> <p>Prior to joining Dr. Lal PathLabs, he has also worked with Monsanto India Limited as their National Marketing Manager and thereafter as their National Sales Manager. In January 2003 he joined Ranbaxy Laboratory Limited in their Global Consumer Healthcare Division and worked initially as General Manager - Marketing, Consumer Healthcare (India) and then General Manager - International &amp; Innovation.</p> <p>Dr. Manchanda was also, recently, named as the "EY Entrepreneur of the Year 2019" in the Healthcare and Life Sciences Category.</p> <p>He has been a Director on the Company's Board since 2011 and is a Member of Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and CSR Committee.</p>	<p>Dr. Vandana Lal, aged about 63 Years, is a promoter of Dr. Lal PathLabs, she holds a bachelor's degree in medicine and a bachelor's degree in surgery from the University of Delhi and a doctorate degree in medicine (pathology) from the University of Delhi. She has over 33 years of experience in the field of pathology.</p> <p>Dr. Vandana Lal is also trained in Quality Assurance and spearheads the quality implementation process in all the laboratories of Dr. Lal PathLabs. She is the head of Clinical Research Services being the Chief Technical Officer since 2007, playing a pivotal role in conception, planning, construction, execution &amp; operationalizing the Clinical trials division. She also heads the Research &amp; Development wing of Dr. Lal PathLabs by monitoring development of new tests and methods.</p> <p>She is the Executive Director of Dr. Lal PathLabs since 1995. Her job profile includes expansion of activities of the laboratory with assistance in planning and execution of new projects for the company; overall charge of all the technical departments ensuring accuracy, quality assurance, quality control &amp; compliance to standards laid down by the accreditation bodies like CAP, NABL &amp; ISO.</p>	<p>Mr. Rahul Sharma, aged about 59 years, is a Non-Executive Director on our Board. He studied Mathematics at the University of Delhi and commerce at the Kakatiya University. He has about 25 years of experience in the field of human resources. Mr. Rahul is presently the Chairman and Managing Director of HYRD.io, a technology enabled end-to-end recruiting solutions and on-boarding platform.</p> <p>He has over 26 years of experience covering the human resources sector and executive recruiting. Previously he was a Partner at Executive Access, a leading executive search firm in Asia. He joined the firm in 1993 and was a key senior member of the firm's Asia Pacific Banking and Finance executive recruiting and consulting practice. Prior to Executive Access, he was with State Bank of India. He joined the bank as a Probationary Officer in 1987 and went onto manage a variety of portfolios in India and Japan. His sporting achievements in cricket include representing Delhi in the Ranji Trophy and also captaining and representing Hong Kong in One Day Internationals.</p> <p>He has been a Director on the Company's Board since 2005, and is a member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Risk Management Committee.</p>

Particulars	(Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal	Dr. Om Prakash Manchanda	Dr. Vandana Lal	Mr. Rahul Sharma
Shareholding in the Company either directly or in form of beneficial interest for any other person	2,69,80,443 Equity Shares	14,65,000 Equity Shares	1,66,84,422 Equity Shares	NIL <i>(Mr. Rahul Sharma, holds 1,41,983 fully vested stock options granted to him @ INR 311.30 in February 2015 under the ESOP 2010 Plan of the Company)</i>
Relationship with other Directors & KMPs	Spouse of Dr. Vandana Lal, Whole Time Director and Father of Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann, Non-Executive Director of the Company.	None	Spouse of (Hony) Brig. Dr. Arvind Lal, Executive Chairman and Mother of Dr. Archana Lal Erdmann, Non-Executive Director of the Company.	None
No. of Meetings of the Board attended during the year	5 (Five) Meetings	5 (Five) Meetings	5 (Five) Meetings	5 (Five) Meetings
Directorships held in other Companies (Excluding Foreign Companies)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Doon MRI Private Limited</li> <li>Paliwal Medicare Private Limited</li> <li>Paliwal Diagnostics Private Limited</li> <li>Archana Pharmaceuticals Private Limited</li> <li>Kalmatia Sangam Travels Private Limited</li> <li>APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory and Research Private Limited</li> <li>New Delhi Centre for Sight Limited</li> <li>Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited</li> <li>PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited</li> <li>Centrapath Labs Private Limited</li> <li>APRL PathLabs Private Limited</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PathLabs Unifiers Private Limited</li> <li>Dr. Lal Ventures Private Limited</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Archana Pharmaceuticals Private Limited</li> <li>Kalmatia Sangam Travels Private Limited</li> <li>APL Institute of Clinical Laboratory and Research Private Limited</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chimes Aviation Private Limited</li> </ul>
Membership / Chairmanship of Committees of other companies	<p><b><u>New Delhi Centre for Sight Limited</u></b> Chairman of Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member of Audit Committee</p>	None	None	None
Terms and conditions of appointment/ re-appointment and Remuneration sought to be paid/last drawn	<p><b><u>Terms and conditions of appointment and Remuneration sought to be paid:</u></b> As per the details provided in Item No.3 of this AGM Notice <b><u>Remuneration last drawn:</u></b> As mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report</p>	<p><b><u>Terms and conditions of appointment and Remuneration sought to be paid:</u></b> As per the details provided in Item No. 4 of this AGM Notice <b><u>Remuneration last drawn:</u></b> As mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report</p>	<p><b><u>Terms and conditions of re-appointment and Remuneration sought to be paid:</u></b> As per the details provided in Item No.5 of this AGM Notice <b><u>Remuneration last drawn:</u></b> As mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report</p>	<p><b><u>Remuneration sought to be paid:</u></b> As per the details provided in Item No.6 of this AGM Notice <b><u>Remuneration last drawn:</u></b> As mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report</p>

This space has been intentionally left blank

## DR. LAL PATHLABS LIMITED

Corporate Identity Number: L74899DL1995PLC065388  
**Regd. Office:** Block-E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi – 110085  
**Corporate Office:** 12th Floor, Tower B, SAS Tower,  
 Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram - 122001  
 Website: [www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com); E-Mail [cs@lalpathlabs.com](mailto:cs@lalpathlabs.com)  
 Phone: +91 124 3016500 | Fax: +91 124 4234468

### SHAREHOLDER SATISFACTION SURVEY

Dear Member,

As part of our constant endeavour to improve shareholder service, we seek your feedback on this Shareholder's Satisfaction Survey. Please spare a few minutes of your valuable time to fill this questionnaire.

Name of Sole/First Shareholder :

DP ID & Client ID/Folio Number :

Email ID :

Kindly rate your responses on specified service areas listed below on the following scale:

S.No	Area	Rating				
		5	4	3	2	1
1.	Overall Service Rating of RTA					
2.	Response to queries/grievances by Company/RTA					
3.	Receipt of various documents from the Company i.e. Annual Report, ECS Intimation etc.					
4.	Quality of disclosures to Stock Exchanges/on Company Website					
5.	Quality and content of Annual Report					
<b>5- Excellent ; 4-Very Good ; 3-Good ; 2-Satisfactory; 1-Need Improvement</b>						

Do you have any grievance which has not been addresses so far : Yes  No

If yes, please provide a brief summary of the grievance.

.....

.....

Any suggestions for improving the quality of Investor Services

.....

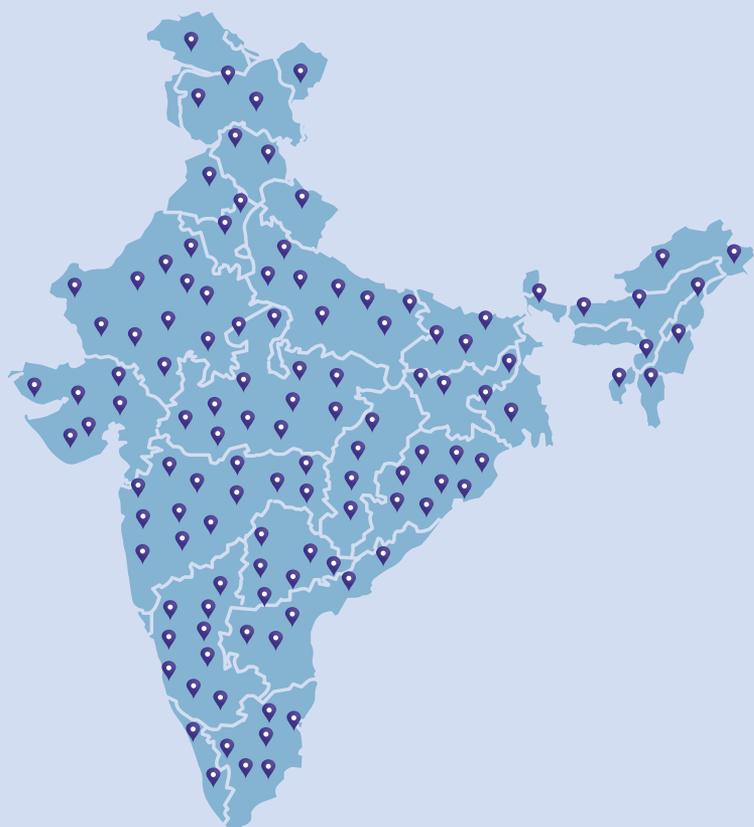
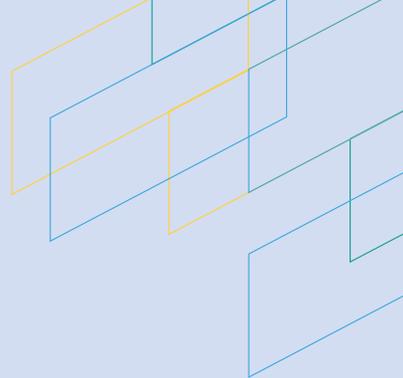
(SIGNATURE OF THE MEMBER)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR SUPPORT. YOUR FEEDBACK IS IMPORTANT TO US.

This space has been intentionally left blank

# Our Network

---



**Widespread National  
Footprint with a Network  
of 216 Labs, 3095 Patient Service  
Centres and 6995 Pick-up-Points  
The trust of 19.4 million customers.**



India's trusted healthcare partner



**Corporate Office:** 12th Floor, Tower B, SAS Tower,  
Medicity, Sector-38, Gurugram - 122001, Haryana.

**Registered Office:** Block-E, Sector, Rohini,  
New Delhi - 110085



Tel : 0124-3016500  
Fax : 0124-42344668



[www.lalpathlabs.com](http://www.lalpathlabs.com)